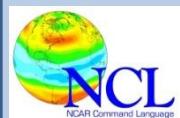


NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



What are expectations about a data analysis and visualization tool for climate research?

A Swiss Army Knife



that can do everything!

NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



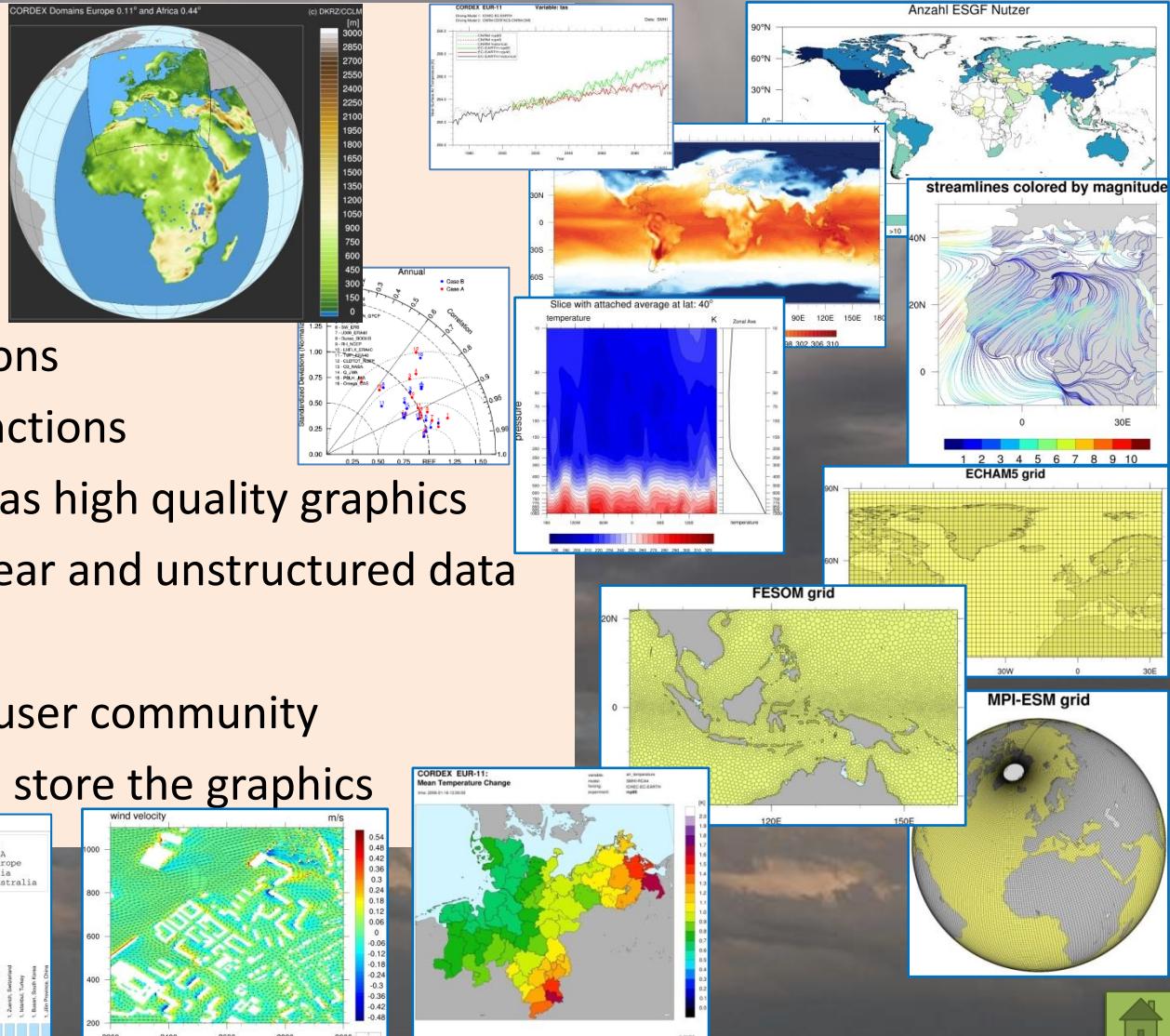
Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)
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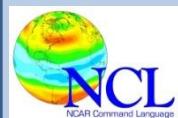
Get back to reality...

NCL can do a lot

- Easy to use
- Many visualization options
- Pre-defined analysis functions
- Fast quick looks as well as high quality graphics
- Handling recti-, curvilinear and unstructured data
- Examples
- Documentation, active user community
- Common file formats to store the graphics



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Climate Models

Grid Types

Data Formats



Data Types

- Climate simulations are carried out with **coupled Earth system models**
- Supercomputers and storage systems are used over years
- Results: very large and complex data sets
- Data analysis and visualization are essential part of the scientific workflow
- Different classes of **tools** are used for the analysis and visualization
- This PICO: Focus on NCL (NCAR Command Language), an interpreted language developed at the National Center for Atmospheric Research in Boulder, Colorado.

DKRZ's Involvement

Use cases

Benefits

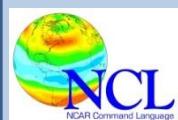
Visualization Types

Analysis Functions

Output Types



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Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

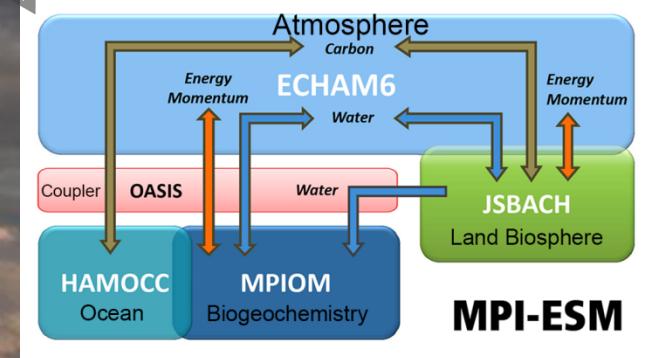
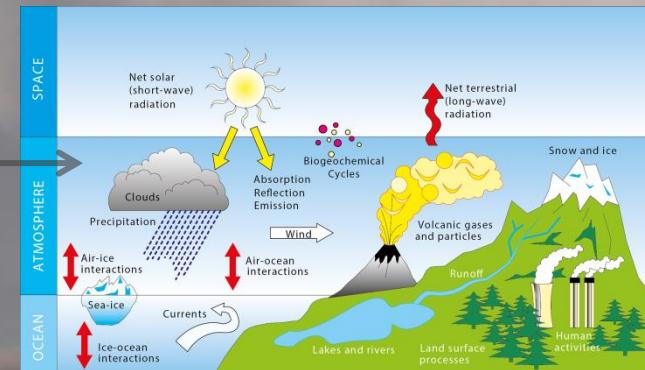
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Climate Models

To understand the **climate system**, the different **physical and biogeochemical processes and interactions** in atmosphere, ocean and on the land surface need to be taken into account.

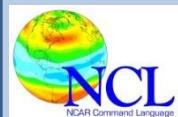
To facilitate simulations of the whole Earth system, **coupled numerical models** of the different subsystems are used. Due to the model complexity, the spatial model resolution, the long simulation periods and the use of ensemble techniques to reduce the model uncertainty, powerful **supercomputers and storage systems** are needed for this research.



MPI-ESM



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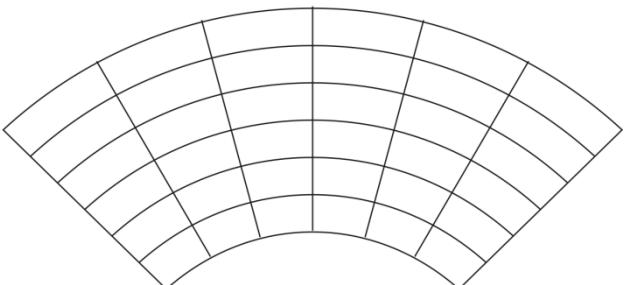


Grid Types

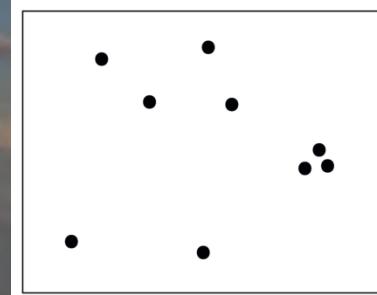
Numerical climate models require atmosphere and ocean to be divided into **grid cells**. Depending on the **discretization** and **numerical scheme** used, we have to deal with different **grid types** of the 3D time-dependent data. The algorithms used for the visualization are usually computationally less expensive for simpler grid types.

Simple grid type: **regular, rectilinear**

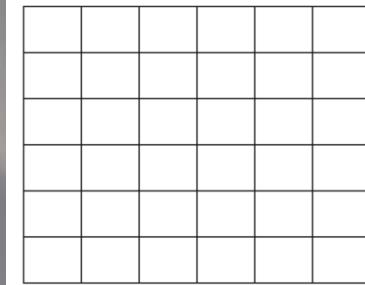
Complex grid types: **curvilinear, unstructured**



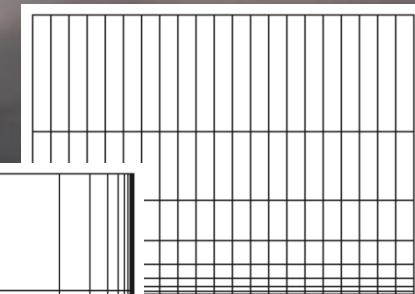
Curvilinear



Unstructured



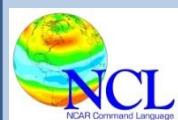
Regular



Rectilinear



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



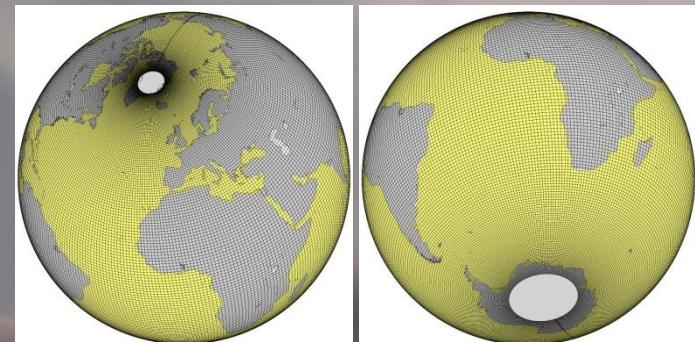
Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA

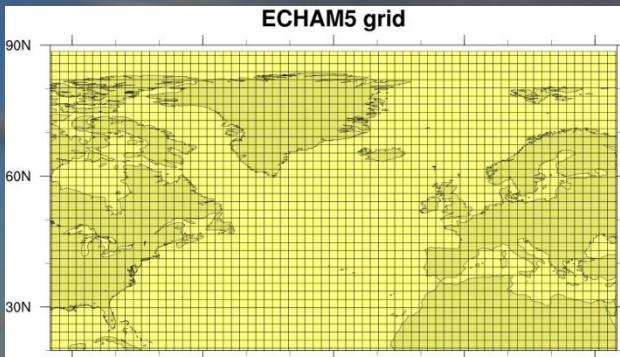


Grid Types of some models

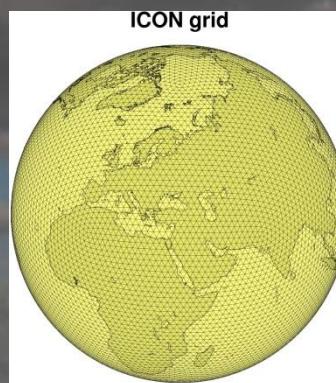
- | | |
|-------|----------------|
| ECHAM | → rectilinear |
| MPIOM | → curvilinear |
| ICON | → unstructured |
| FESOM | → unstructured |



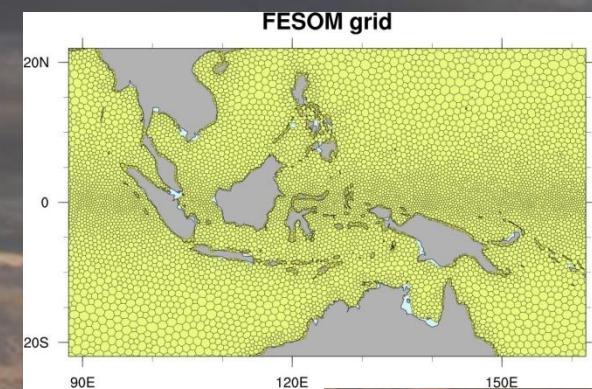
Curvilinear



Rectilinear



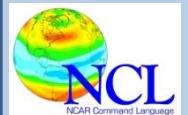
Unstructured



Unstructured



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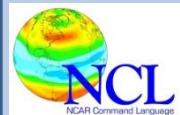


Data Formats

- ASCII
 - Binary
 - GRIB 1, GRIB 2
 - netCDF 3, netCDF 4
 - HDF4, HDF5
 - HDF_EOS2, HDF_EOS5
 - Shapefile

ASCII

NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



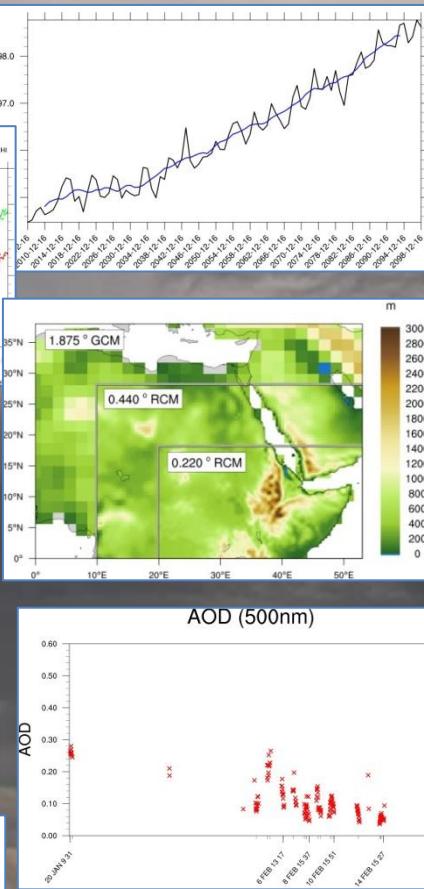
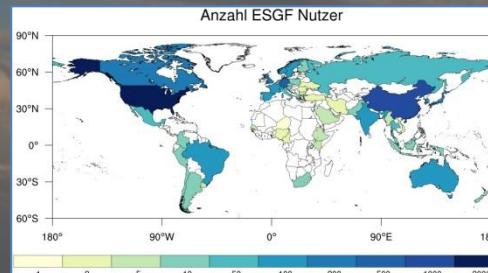
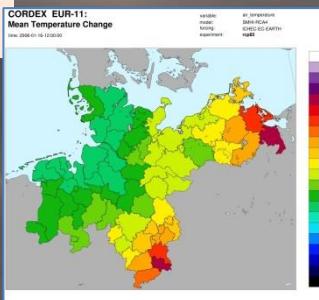
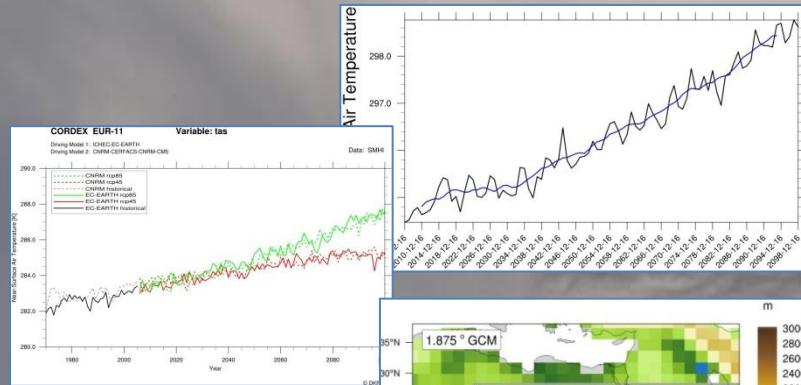
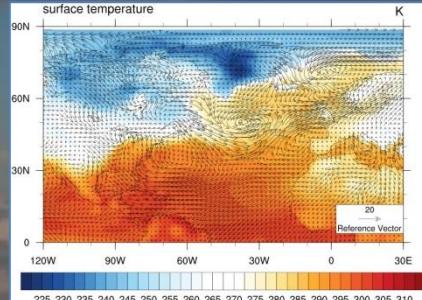
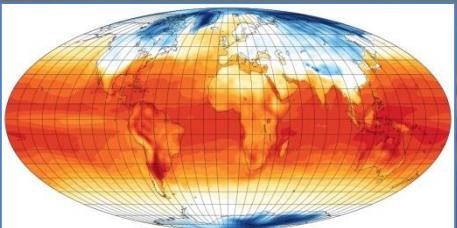
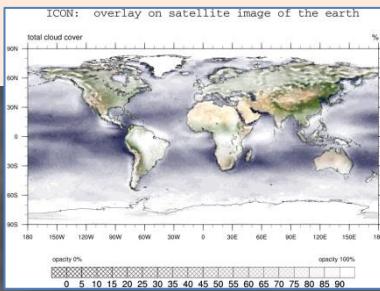
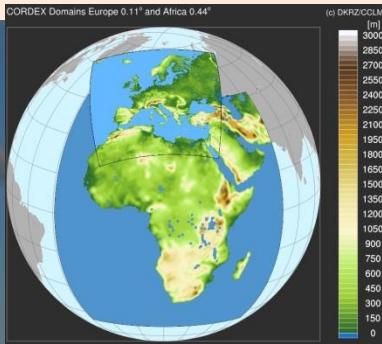
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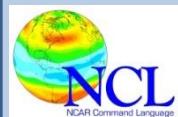


NCL (NCAR Command Language)

is an interpreted language which allows performing standard analysis operations and producing graphical output loosely coupled with the simulations. About 600 built-in functions specifically for climate model data, facilitating analysis of scalar and vector quantities as well as numerous state-of-the-art 2D visualization methods, and 18 map projections are provided.



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

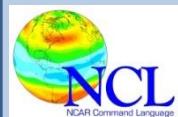
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Data Types

- **ASCII**
- **Binary**
- **GRIB1, GRIB2**
- **netCDF3, netCDF4**
- **HDF4, HDF5**
- **HDF_EOS2, HDF_EOS5**
- **Shapefiles**

NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



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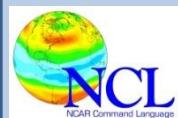
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



NCL Export Data Types

- PS
- EPS
- EPSI
- PDF
- PNG
- SVG
- NCGM
- X11 (graphics output only to X11 window)

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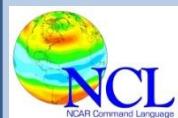


NCL Analysis Functions

(more than 600 built-in analysis and visualization functions)

Earth Science:	
Climatology	seasonal means, standard deviations of monthly means, daily/monthly anomalies of daily data climatology, long term daily means, daily from monthly climatology, ...
CESM	Functions for Community Earth System Model
Date	Date conversion and formatting routines, ...
Lat/Lon functions	Generates Gaussian latitudes, land sea mask, reorder longitude array, ...
Metadata/missing values	Copy/delete metadata, set/get missing value, set/get attributes, ...
Meteorology	Zonal mean, weighted average, potential vorticity, sea level pressure, ...
Oceanography	Convert ocean depth to pressure, remap POP grid, ...
WRF functions	Specific functions and procedures for WRF ARW model data

NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



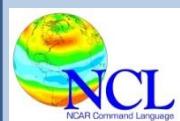
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NCL Analysis Functions

Arithmetic and statistics:	
Arithmetic functions	sin, cos, tan, atan, atan2, averages, variance, min/max, ...
Cumulative distribution functions	Binomial density, number of success, number of binomial trials, ...
Empirical orthogonal functions	Calculates empirical orthogonal functions via a correlation matrix, ...
ESMF regridding	From rectilinear, curvilinear, and unstructured grid to any of these types
Interpolation	Bilinear, cubic spline, natural neighbor, inverse distance weighted, ...
Random number generators	Pseudo random numbers and 2D arrays, using gamma distribution, ...
Regridding	rectilinear, curvilinear, unstructured, area conserve, local area, ...
Singular value decomposition	Singular value decomposition to return the left and right homogeneous and heterogeneous arrays associated with the two input datasets, ...
Spherical harmonics	Wind components via spherical harmonics, given vorticity and divergence on a fixed grid, ...

NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

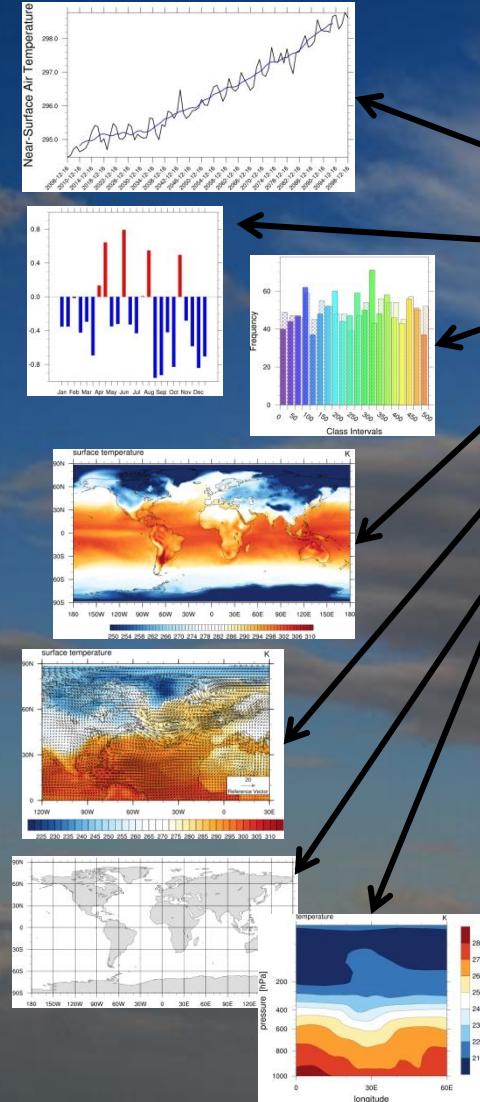


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NCL Visualization Types



XY-plot

Wind rose

Bar chart

Scatter plot

Histogram

Box plot

Contour

Pie chart

Vector

Overlay

Map

Panel

Slice

Evans plot

Streamlines

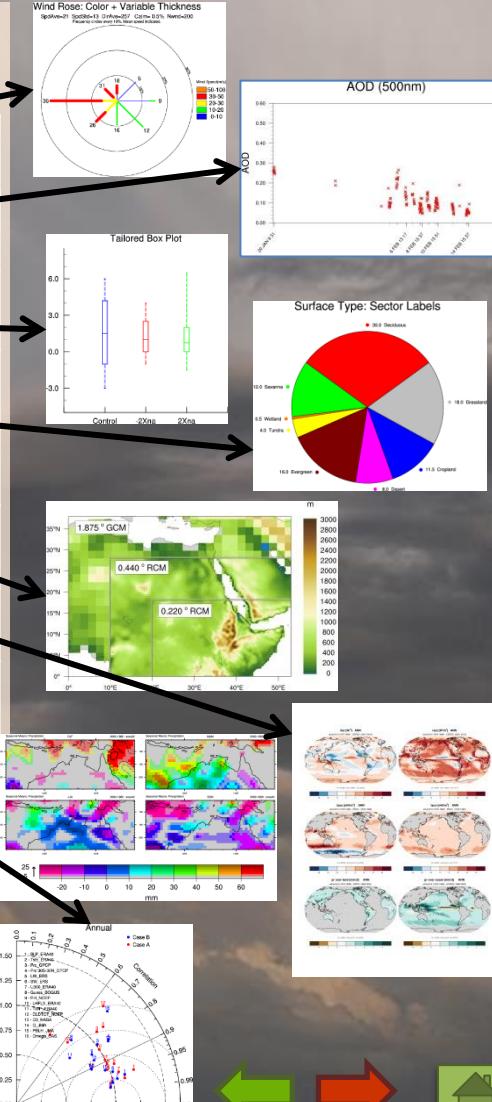
Taylor diagram

Attach plots

Shapefiles

Wind Barbs

....



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



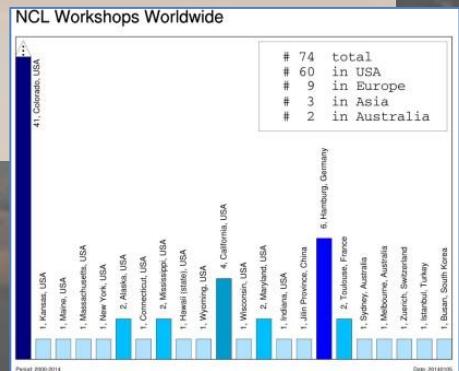
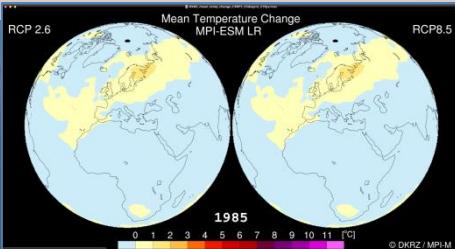
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Benefits

- Many built-in functions
- Common programming features
- Algebra that supports array operations
- Manipulation of metadata
- Configuration of the graphics
- Simple import of data
- Simple export of computed data
- Over 1300 example scripts
- More than 200 color tables
- Help via email lists
- Documentation
- Workshops
- Webinars



Alphabetical listing of NCL Functions	
Category listing Function type listing Browseable listing	
abs	Returns the absolute value of numeric data.
acos	Computes the inverse cosine of numeric types.
add90atX	Adds two fake pole points (90S and 90N) to the rightmost dimension of the given data.
add90atY	Adds two fake pole points (90S and 90N) to the leftmost dimension of the given data.
addfile	Opens a data file that is (or to be) written in a supported file format.
addfiles	Creates a reference that spans multiple data files.
addfiles, GetVar	Creates a reference that spans multiple data files and returns metadata. (opposite to addfiles)
advect_variable	Horizontally advect a variable on the globe.
all	Returns True if all the elements of the input evaluate as True.
angmom_atm	Calculates the atmosphere's relative angular momentum.
any	Returns True if any of the values of its input evaluate as True.
area_conserve_remap	Performs areal conservative remapping from one rectilinear grid to another.
area_conserve_remap_Wrap	Performs areal conservative remapping from one rectilinear grid to another and preserves metadata.
area_zhores	Interpolates from high resolution rectilinear grids to low resolution rectilinear grids using local area averaging.
area_zhores_Wrap	Interpolates from high resolution rectilinear grids to low resolution rectilinear grids using local area averaging. (retains metadata)
area_poly_sphere	Calculates the area enclosed by an arbitrary polygon on the sphere.
array_append_record	Attaches (appends) additional records [leftmost dimension] to a previously existing record.
ascread	Reads a file that contains ASCII representations of basic data types.
aschrite	Creates an ascii text file of numeric or string data type.

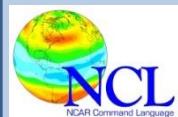


Em caso de dúvidas, sugestões, correções e críticas, por favor, mande um e-mail para meteva.texeira@dkrz.de.

Esta apostila propõe-se a oferecer uma introdução básica e didática à linguagem de programação do NCAR Command Language e as suas capacidades de plotagem gráfica. A disponibilidade de materiais de Portugal em língua portuguesa é limitada, por isso, pretendemos que esta apostila possa ser utilizada a usar o definido como as funcionalidades oferecidas pelo NCL. Garantimos de contar com os usuários para correções e a constante melhoria da mesma.

Este documento é de domínio público, sugestões, correções e críticas, por favor, mande um e-mail para meteva.texeira@dkrz.de.

NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



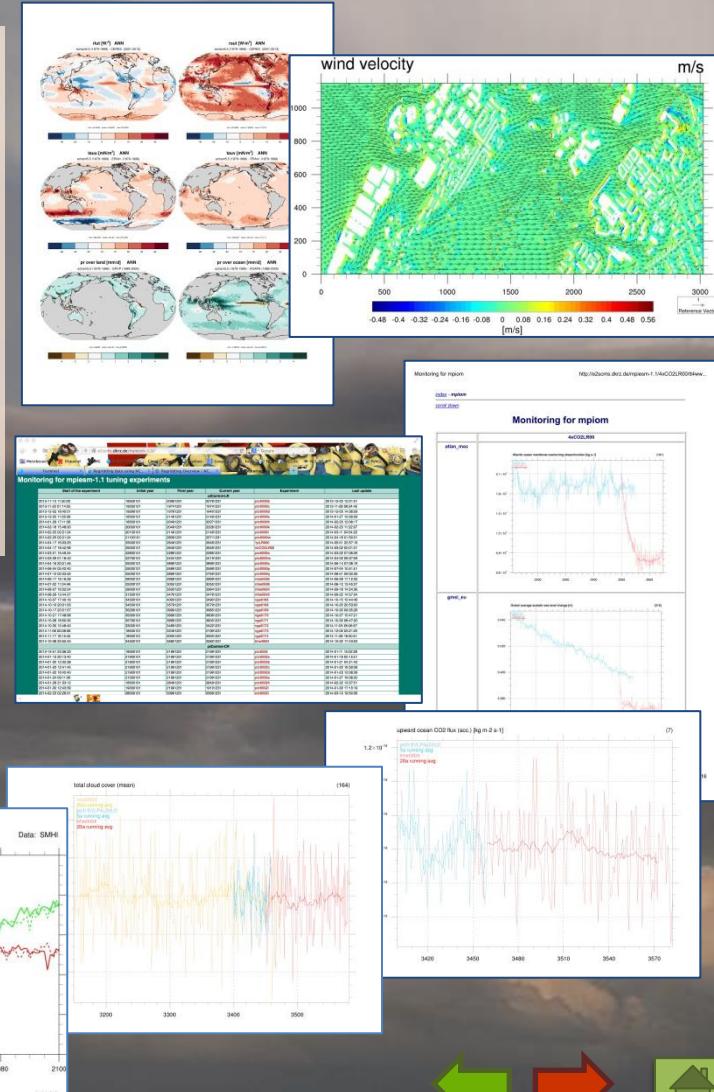
Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Use Cases

- Data processing and analysis
- Quick look visualization with default settings for interactive data exploration
- Online monitoring: Institutes like the **Max-Planck-Institute for Meteorology** integrate NCL visualizations into the modeling workflow for online monitoring of the simulations.
- Reproducible **publication quality visualizations** (vector graphics)



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



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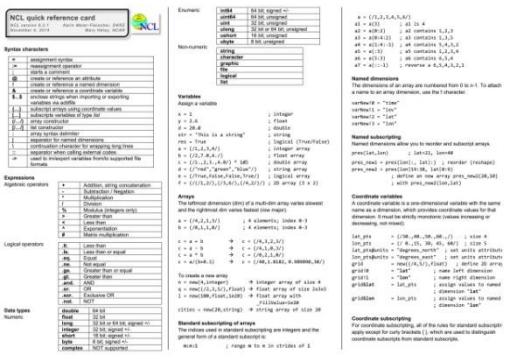
DKRZ's Involvement

DKRZ's high-performance computing facilities enable simulating, analyzing and visualizing complex processes in the climate and Earth system.

As part of its services, DKRZ installs and maintains domain specific software tools like NCL. DKRZ is working closely with the developers of NCL on the **documentation**, **examples**, **teaching** and **guidance** for NCL users.

User Guide

Reference cards





NCL
USER GUIDE
High-Quality Graphics with NCL 6.2.1
Karin Meier-Fleischer, DKRZ
Mary Haley, NCAR
Michael Böttlinger, DKRZ
Version: 1.0 2015/02/17

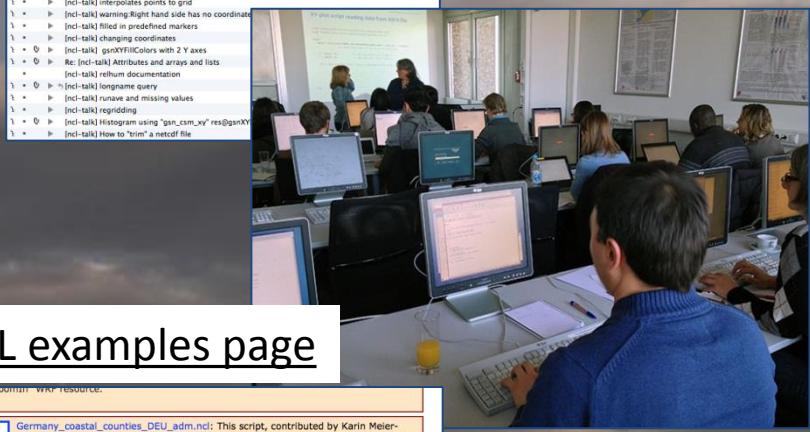
work in progress

ncl-talk mailing list

```

1. > [ncl-talk] change font size of the text on wind rose plot
1. > [ncl-talk] fatal NetCDF: HDF error:
1. > [ncl-install] NCL Install Problem
1. > [ncl-talk] minor tickmarks in date/time style plot
1. > [ncl-talk] ncl_grib2_2d: problem with standard
1. > [ncl-talk] [ncl-talk] absolute vorticity (avov) stencil
1. > [ncl-talk] heat and salt content
1. > [ncl-talk] Capabilities of the "eofunc" Function
1. > [ncl-talk] problem with x11 window
1. > Re: [ncl-talk] Question about new formatted FNL data reading
1. > Re: [ncl-talk] absolute vorticity (avov) stencil
1. > [ncl-talk] [ncl-talk] absolute vorticity (avov) stencil
1. > [ncl-talk] what's in a 1646 day output of dimDayTLL?
1. > [ncl-talk] problem with creating figure
1. > [ncl-talk] drawing colormap
1. > [ncl-talk] Reading str_split_csv function
1. > Re: [ncl-talk] Reading str_split_csv function
1. > [ncl-talk] warning: Right hand side has no coordinate
1. > [ncl-talk] coordinate variable can not delete coordinate variable of a file
1. > [ncl-talk] looping through strings to build new variable names
1. > [ncl-talk] gsnXVFCColors with 2 Y axes
1. > [ncl-talk] contributed.ncl script on version 6.2.0
1. > [ncl-talk] interpolates points to grid
1. > [ncl-talk] warning: Right hand side has no coordinate
1. > [ncl-talk] gsnXVFCColors with 2 Y axes
1. > [ncl-talk] [ncl-talk] Attributes and arrays and lists
1. > [ncl-talk] refnum documentation
1. > [ncl-talk] longname query
1. > [ncl-talk] runave and missing values
1. > [ncl-talk] regrid
1. > [ncl-talk] How to "rmn" a netcdf file
1. > [ncl-talk] How to "rmn" a netcdf file

```



NCL examples page

The special `z200mm_WRF` resource.

Germany_coastal_counties_DEU_adm.nc: This script, contributed by Karin Meier-Fleischer of DKRZ, shows how to use the `DEU_adm3.shp` shapefile downloaded from <http://www.gadm.org/country> to average data over coastal counties of Germany. You can customize what outlines are drawn by using command line options.

Examples:

- Coastal region

```
ncl 'subregion="6.5,14.75,50.,55.5"' Germany_coastal_counties_DEU_adm.ncl
```

- Draw "Schleswig-Holstein" (default) and plot only the sub-region

```
ncl 'subregion="7.8,11.9,53.0,55.3"' Germany_coastal_counties_DEU_adm.ncl
```

- Draw "Schleswig-Holstein" (default) but don't draw the border of all states

```
ncl 'states_border=False' Germany_coastal_counties_DEU_adm.ncl
```

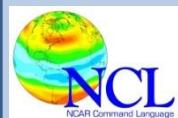
- Select the state "Hessen" but don't draw the borderline of Germany

```
ncl 'state_name="Hessen"' 'country_border=False' Germany_coastal_counties_DEU_adm.ncl
```

France_1.ncl / France_2.ncd / France_3.ncd: The purpose of this example is to demonstrate the use of the `gsSegments` and `gsColors`

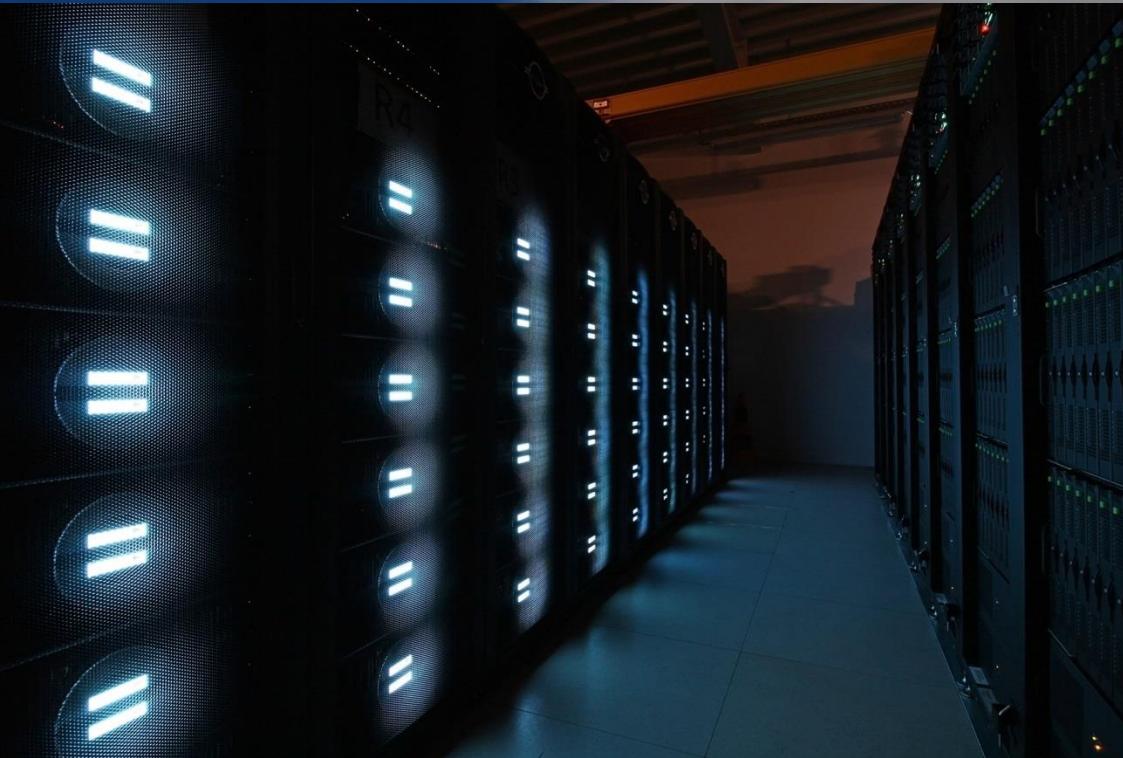
Major contributor

NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



The new High Performance Computer System
for Earth System Research (HLRE-3) 1st phase :

- 41 racks
- 1500 compute nodes (a total of 36000 cores)
- 75 TByte main memory
- 20 PByte parallel file system

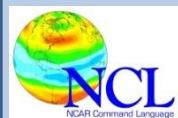


The 2nd phase of HLRE-3 the extension will
additionally roughly double computing and disk
storage.

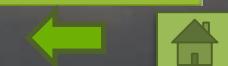
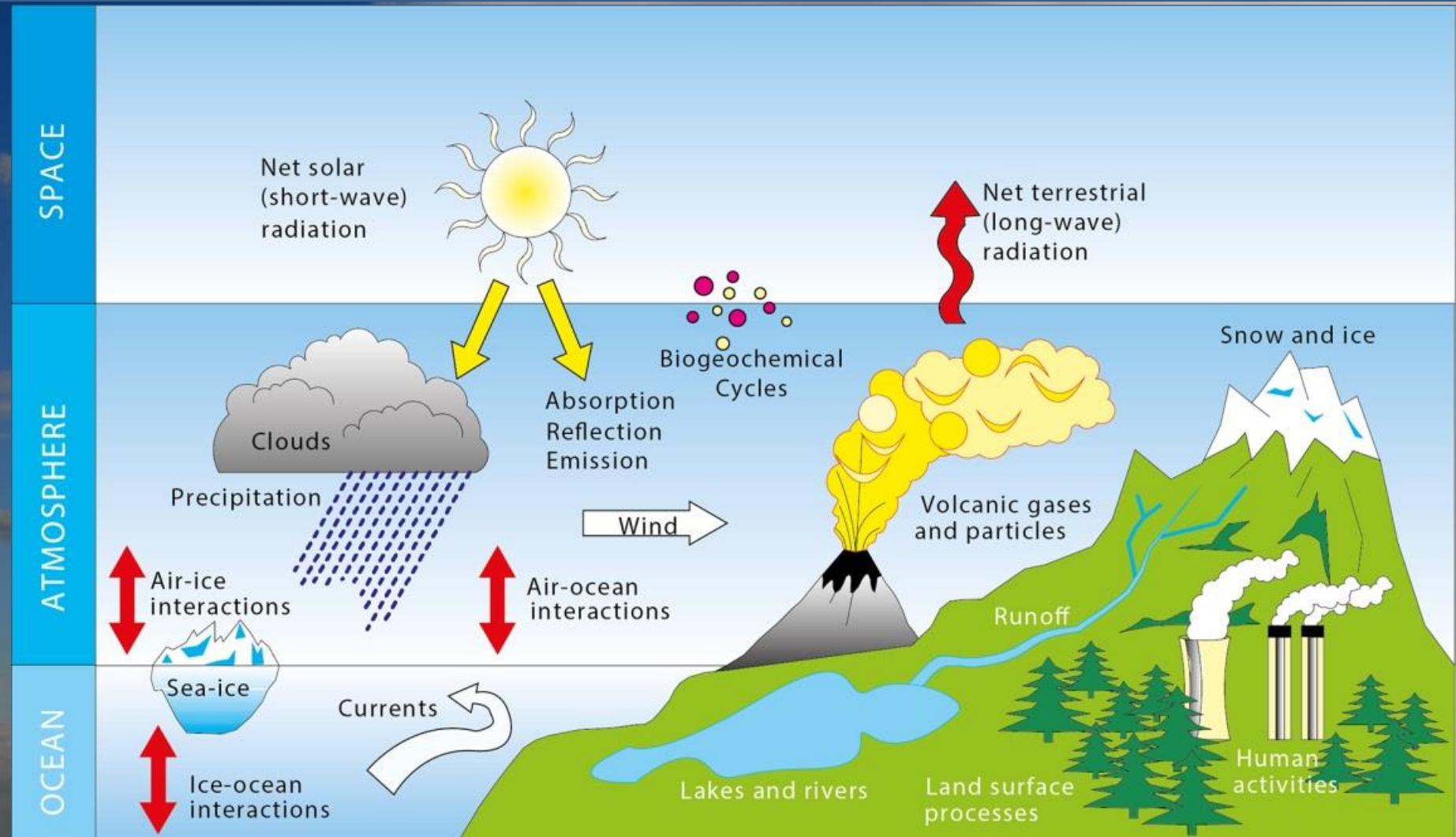
- 3 PFlops peak performance
- 50 PByte parallel file system



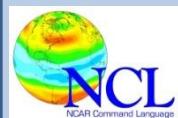
NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



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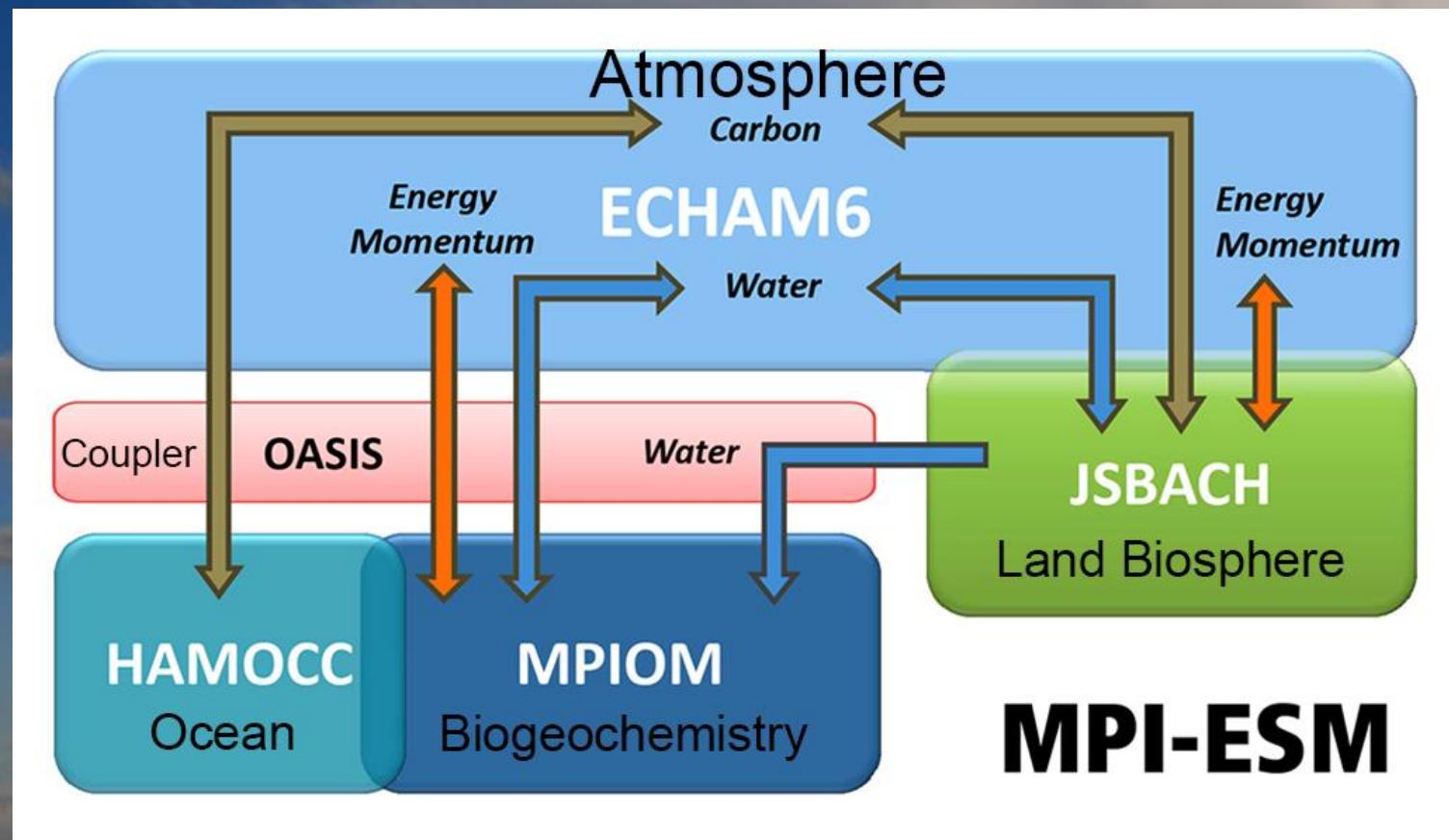


NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

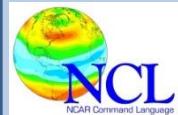


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Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

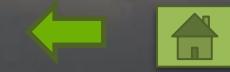
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



```
netcdf lffd1951010100_EUR-11 {
dimensions:
  time = UNLIMITED ; // (1 currently)
  bnd = 2 ;
  rlon = 450 ;
  rlat = 438 ;
  level = 40 ;
  level1 = 41 ;
  height_2m = 1 ;
  height_10m = 1 ;
  height_toa = 1 ;
  wbt_13c = 1 ;
  soil = 9 ;
  soil1 = 10 ;
variables:
  double time(time) ;
    time:standard_name = "time" ;
    time:long_name = "time" ;
    time:units = "seconds since 1949-12-01 00:00:00" ;
    time:calendar = "proleptic_gregorian" ;
    time:bounds = "time_bnds" ;
  double time_bnds(time, bnd) ;
    time_bnds:long_name = "time bounds" ;
    time_bnds:units = "seconds since 1949-12-01 00:00:00" ;
  char rotated_pole ;
    rotated_pole:long_name = "coordinates of the rotated North Pole" ;
    rotated_pole:grid_mapping_name = "rotated_latitude_longitude" ;
    rotated_pole:grid_north_pole_latitude = 39.25f ;
    rotated_pole:grid_north_pole_longitude = -162.f ;
  float rlon(rlon) ;
    rlon:standard_name = "grid_longitude" ;
    rlon:long_name = "rotated longitude" ;
    rlon:units = "degrees" ;
  float rlat(rlat) ;
    rlat:standard_name = "grid_latitude" ;
    rlat:long_name = "rotated latitude" ;
    rlat:units = "degrees" ;
  float lon(lat, rlon) ;
    lon:standard_name = "longitude" ;
    lon:long_name = "longitude" ;
    lon:units = "degrees_east" ;
  float lat(lat, rlon) ;
    lat:standard_name = "latitude" ;
    lat:long_name = "latitude" ;
    lat:units = "degrees_north" ;
  float vcoord(level) ;
    vcoord:long_name = "Height-based hybrid Gal-Chen coordinate" ;
    vcoord:units = "Pa" ;
    vcoord:ivctype = 2 ;
    vcoord:irefmam = 2 ;
    vcoord:p0sl = 10000. ;
    vcoord:t0sl = 288.149993896484 ;
    vcoord:dt0lp = 42. ;
    vcoord:vcflat = 11430. ;
    vcoord:delta_t = 75. ;
    vcoord:h_scal = 10000. ;
  float height_2m(height_2m) ;
    height_2m:standard_name = "height" ;
    height_2m:long_name = "height above the surface" ;
    height_2m:units = "m" ;
```

```
ALWD_S ■
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 251.7004, 251.8741, 252.2568, 253.2178, 254.6117, 256.5834, 258.5848,
 259.654, 259.3237, 258.6628, 257.4597, 256.1497, 256.9941, 256.5784,
 256.5717, 256.9416, 257.6012, 258.2045, 258.6181, 260.859, 261.9926,
 263.3785, 264.2176, 266.9563, 271.6896, 275.5716, 278.9648, 279.6512,
 284.8492, 285.8928, 284.4748, 284.5209, 284.6075, 285.0214, 284.2472,
 284.1122, 283.5691, 282.9667, 279.4505, 278.9732, 278.152, 277.3026,
```

Model output: 1 single time step ~19 MB



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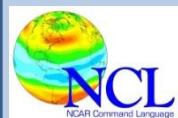


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



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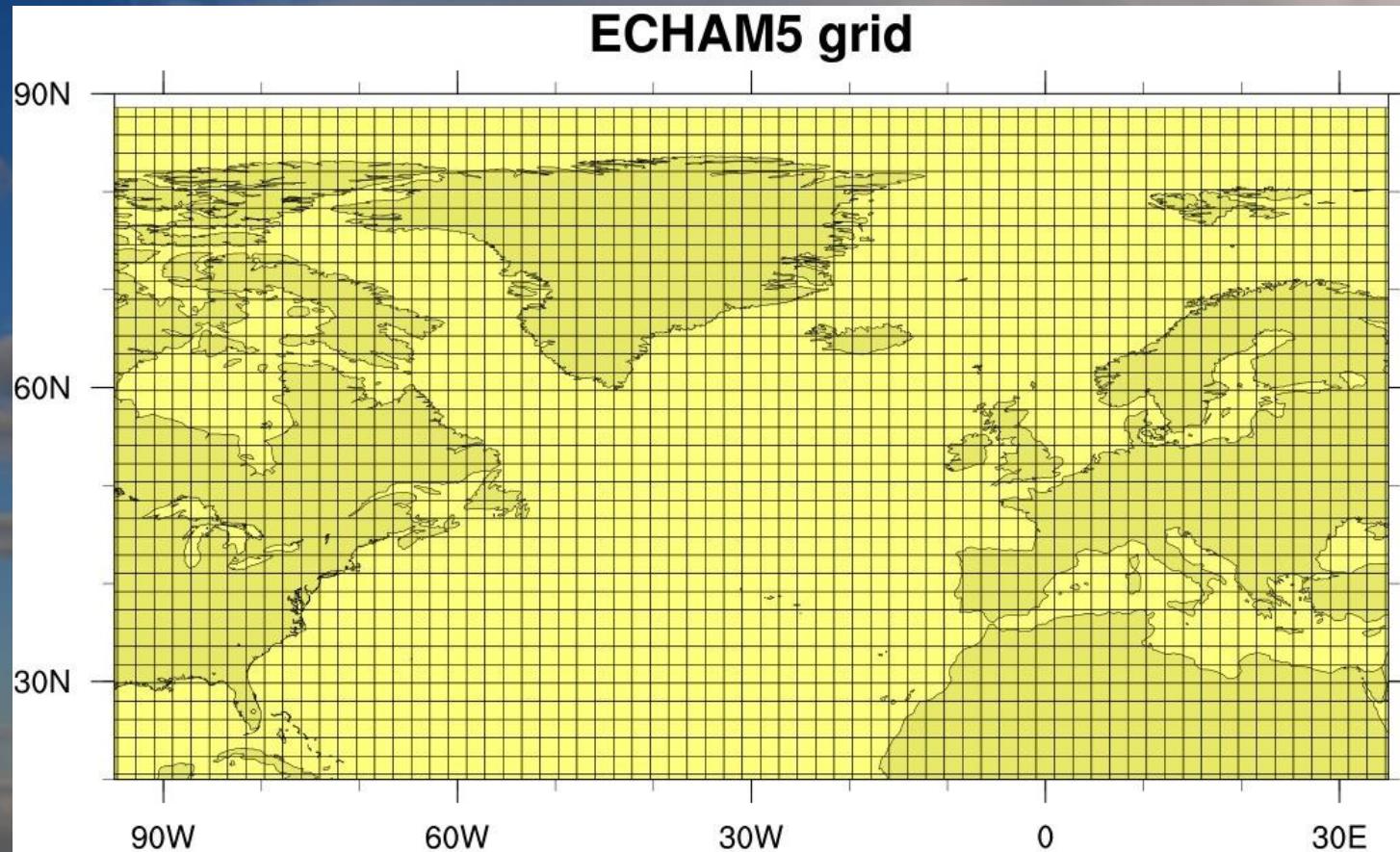


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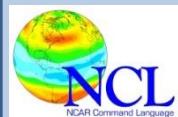
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



ECHAM5: rectilinear grid



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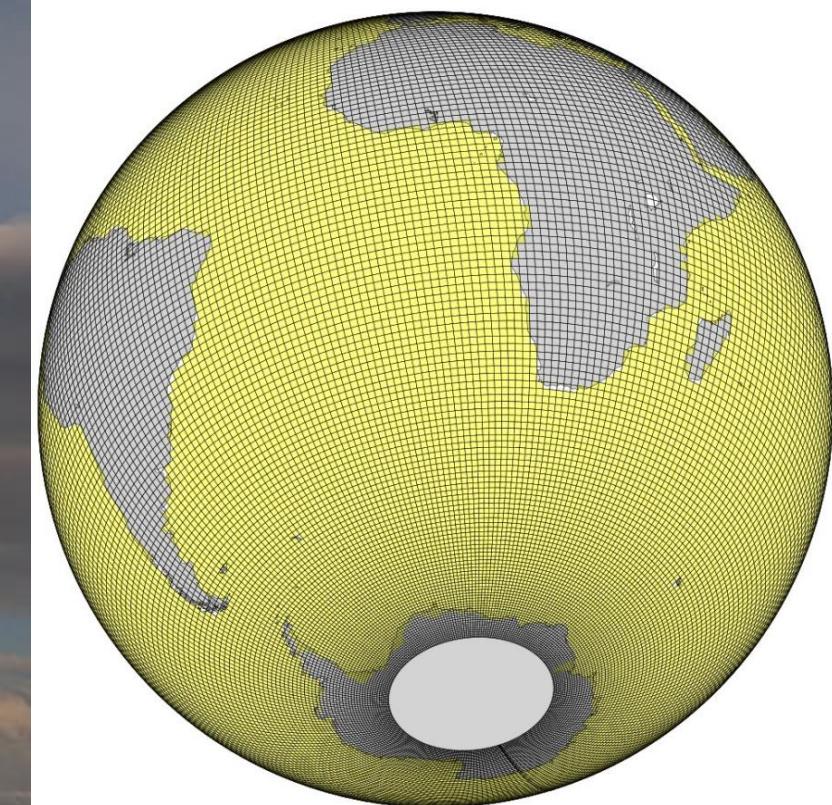
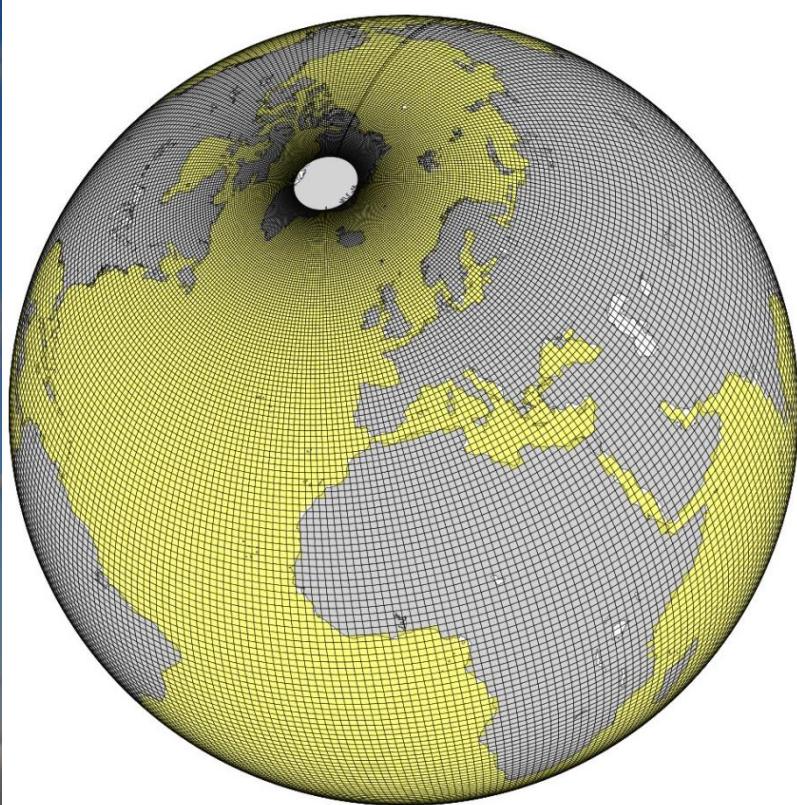


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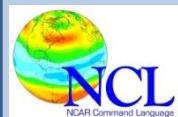
MPIOM: curvilinear grid



Script



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



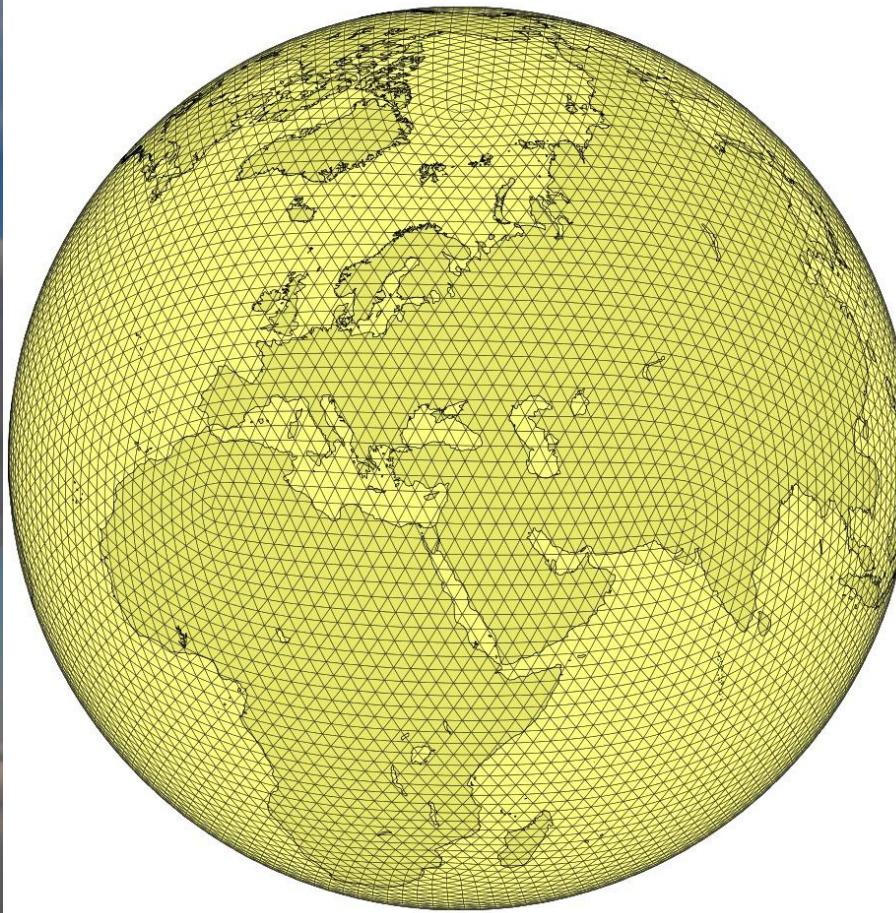
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ICON: unstructured grid

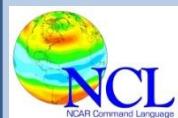
ICON grid



Script



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

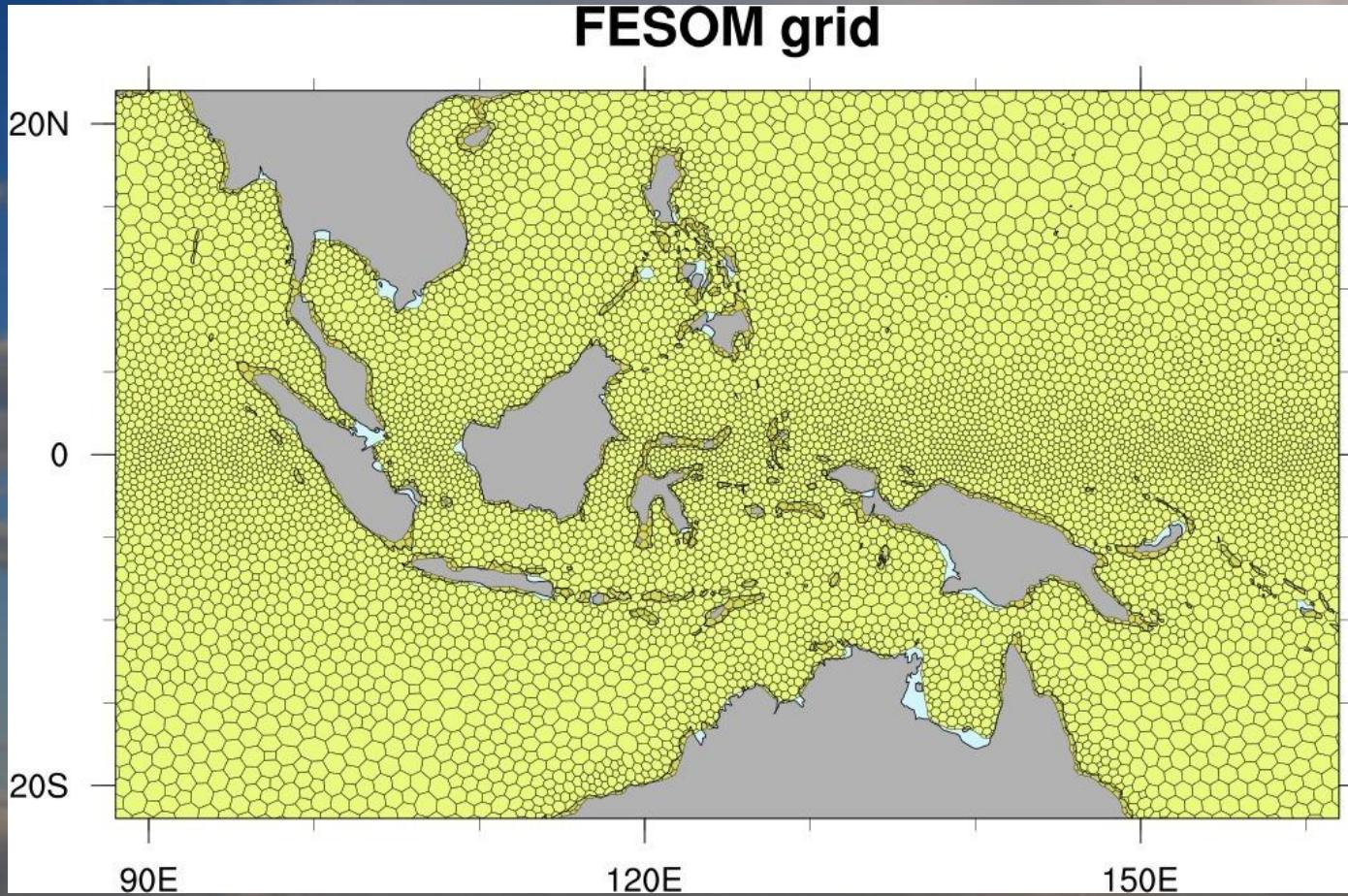


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

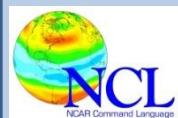
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



FESOM: unstructured grid



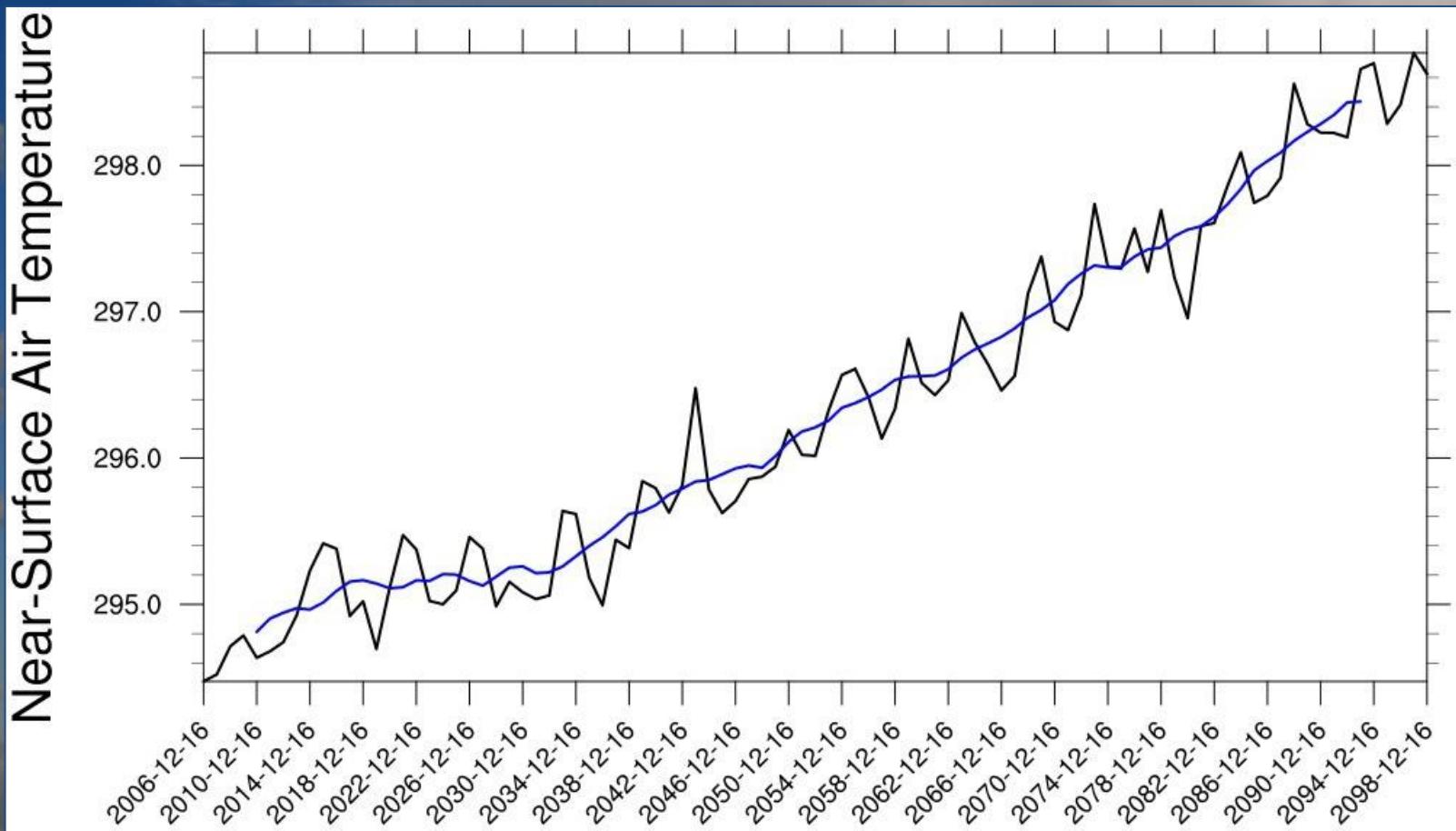
NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



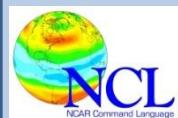
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(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



XY-plot



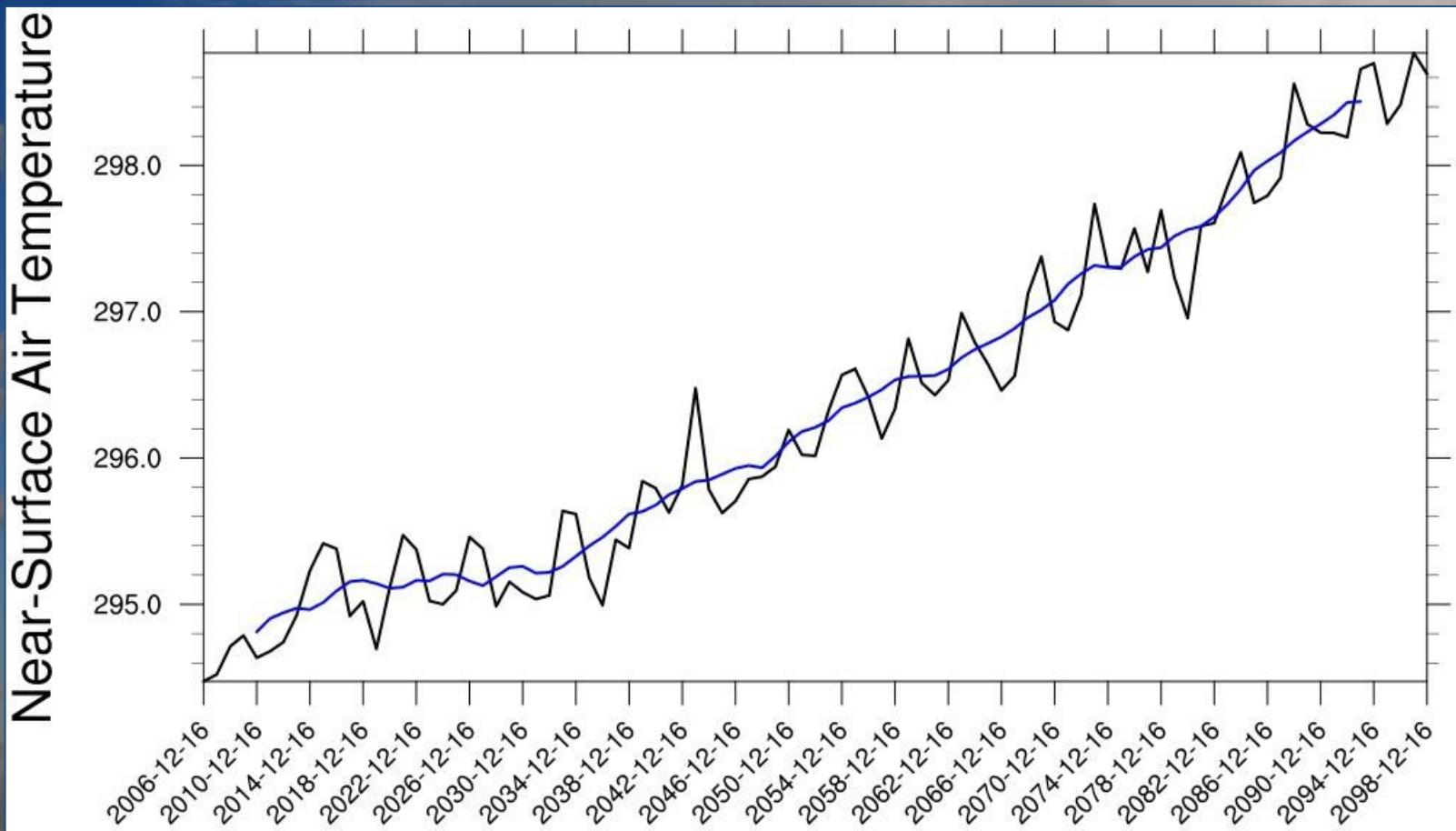
NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



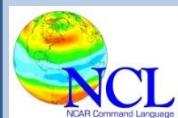
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XY-plot



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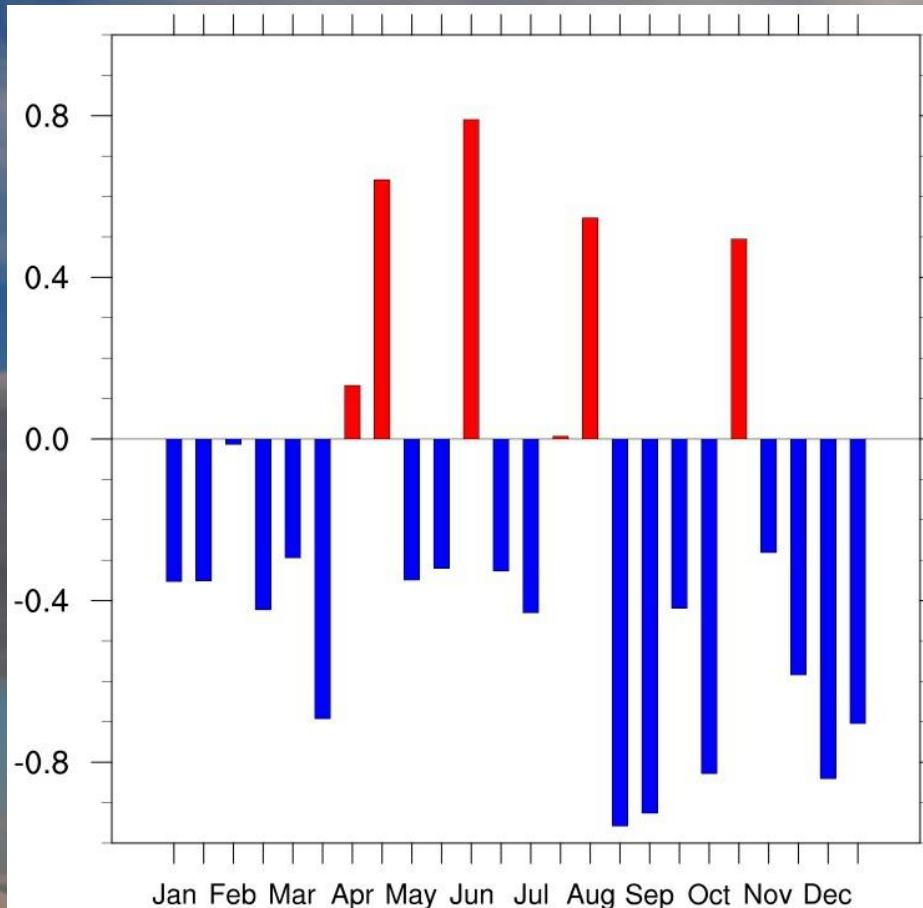


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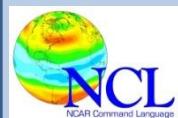
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Bar chart



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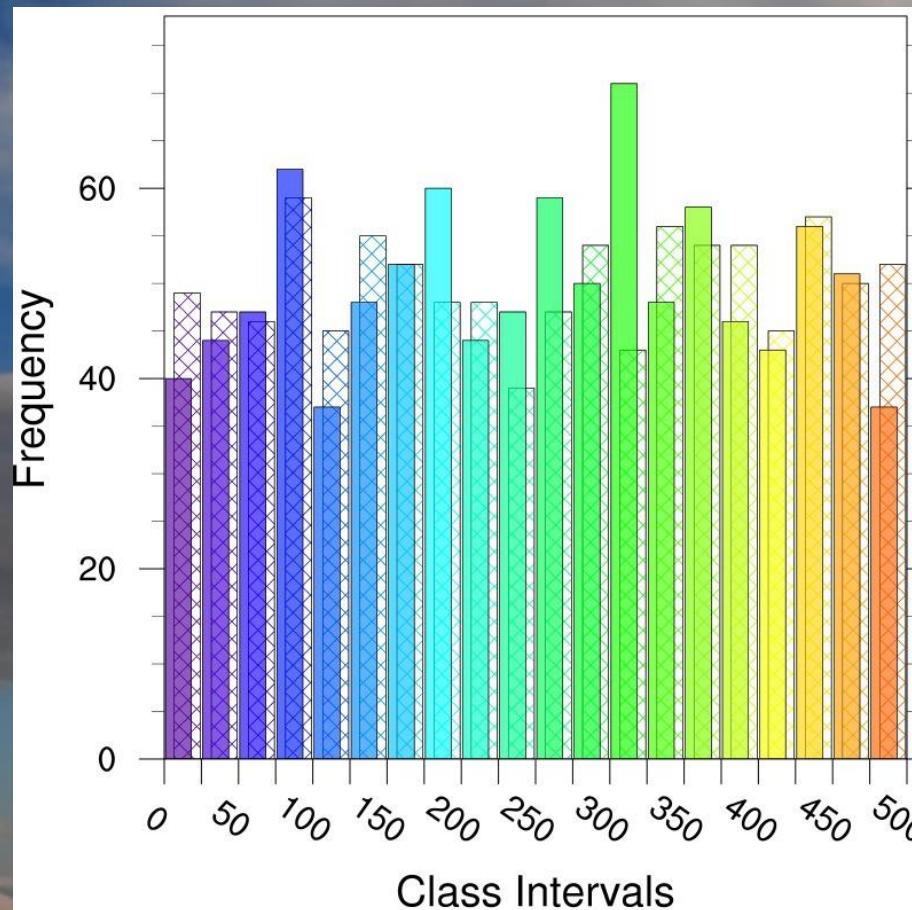


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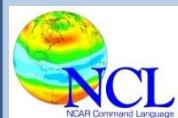
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Histogram



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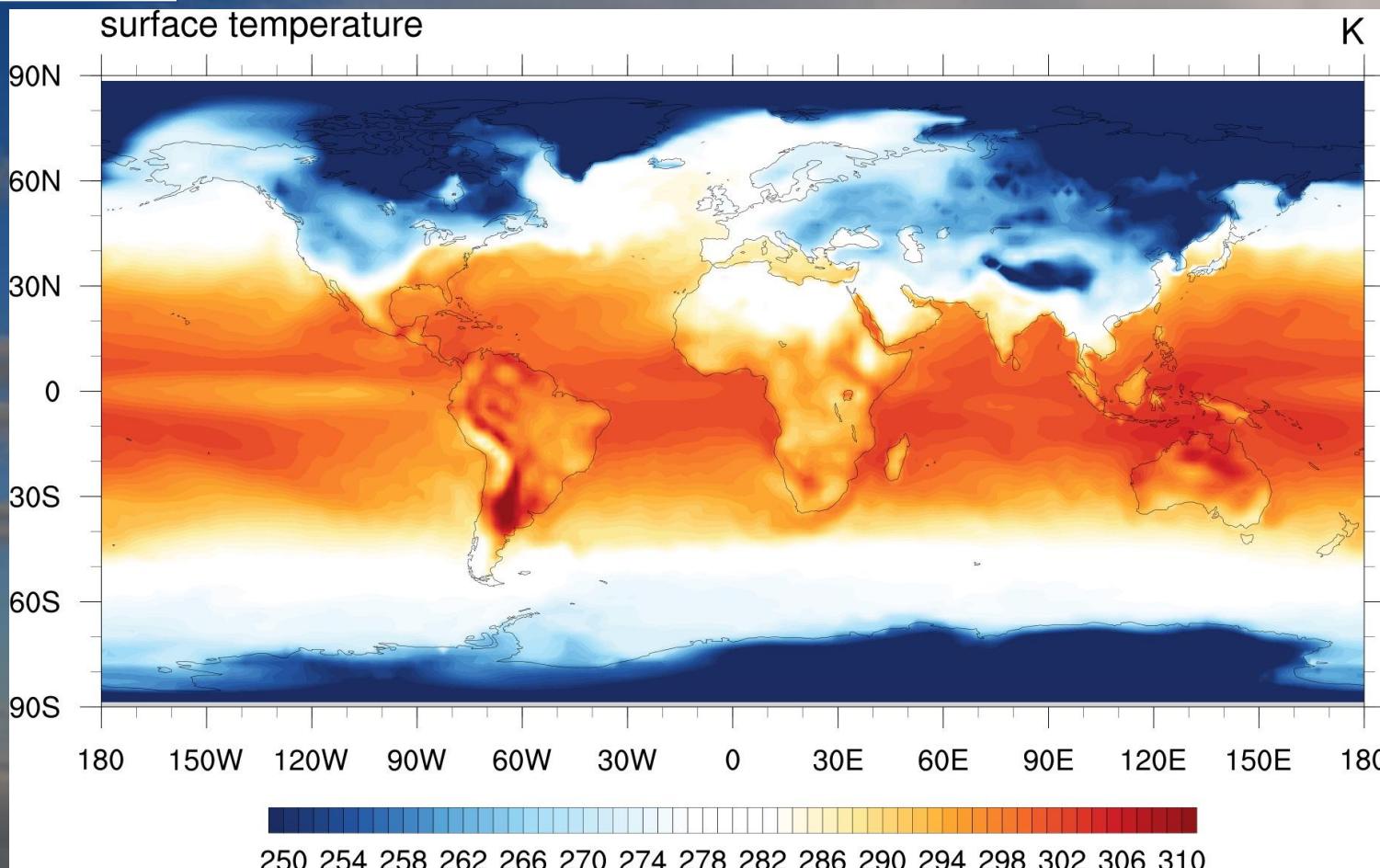


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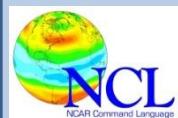
Filled Contours



Script



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

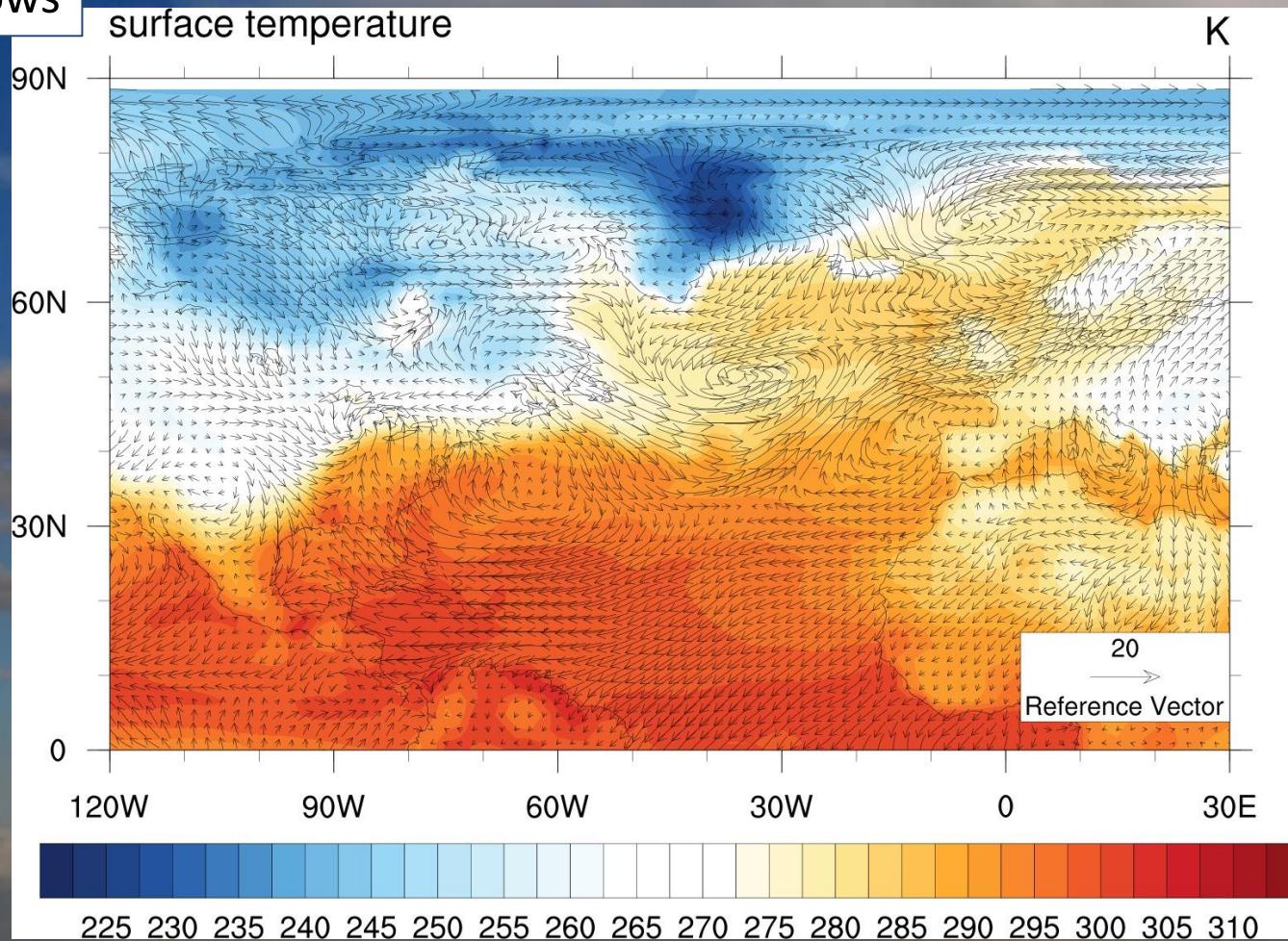


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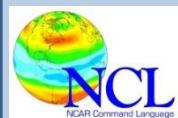
Vector Arrows



Script



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

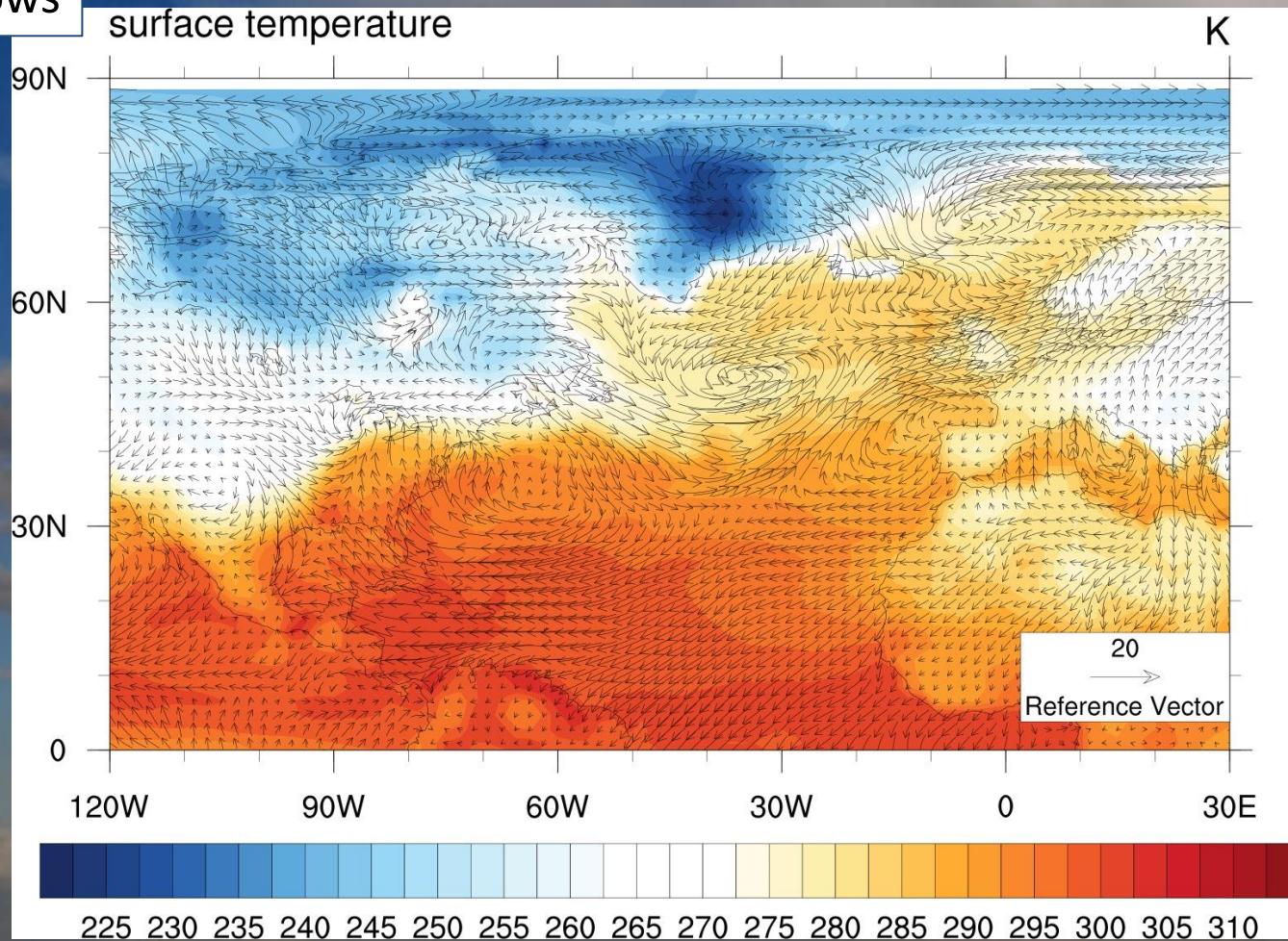


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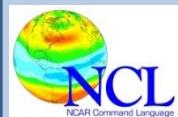
Vector Arrows



Script



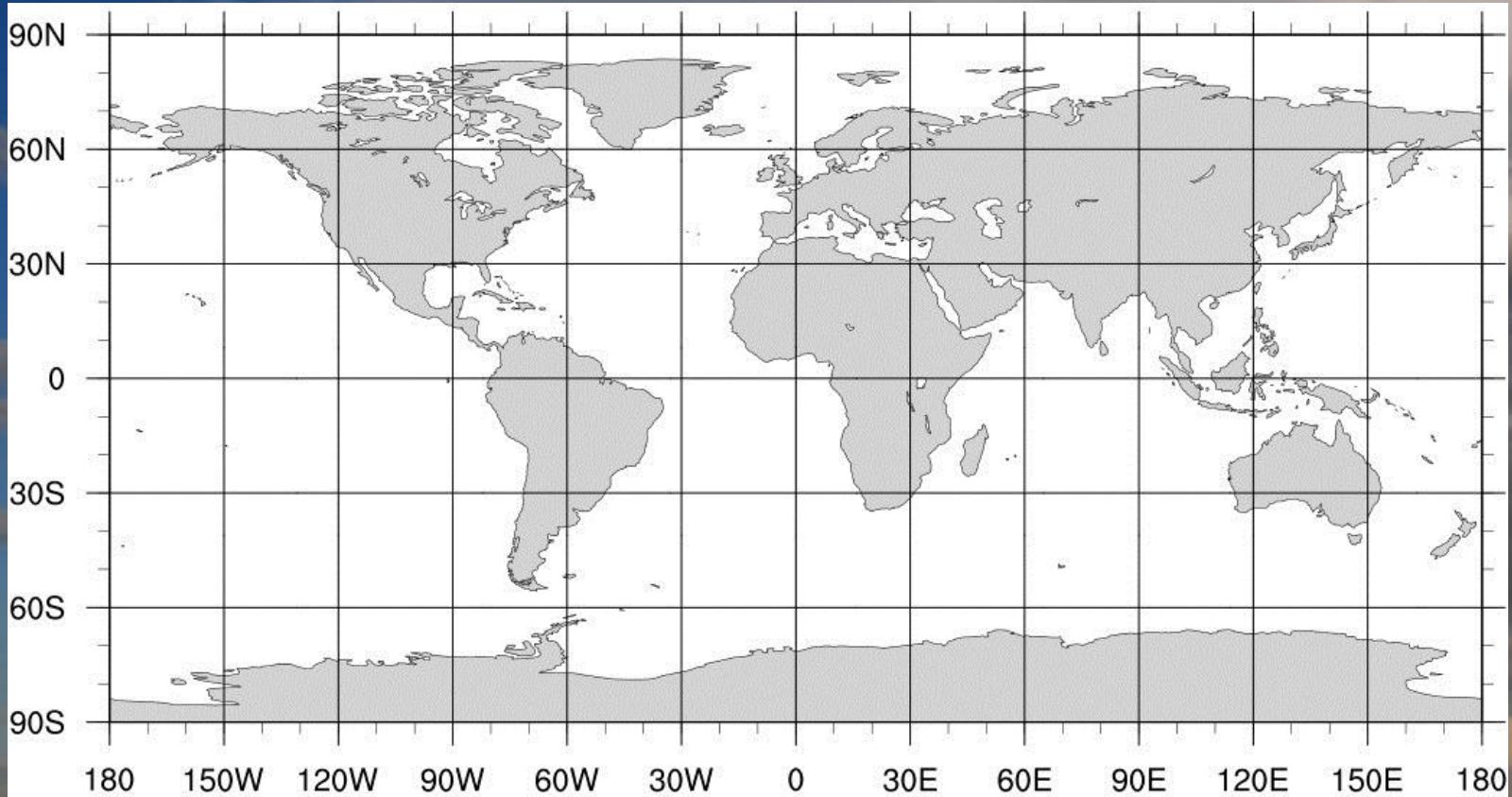
NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



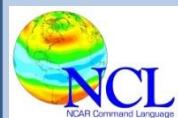
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(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Map



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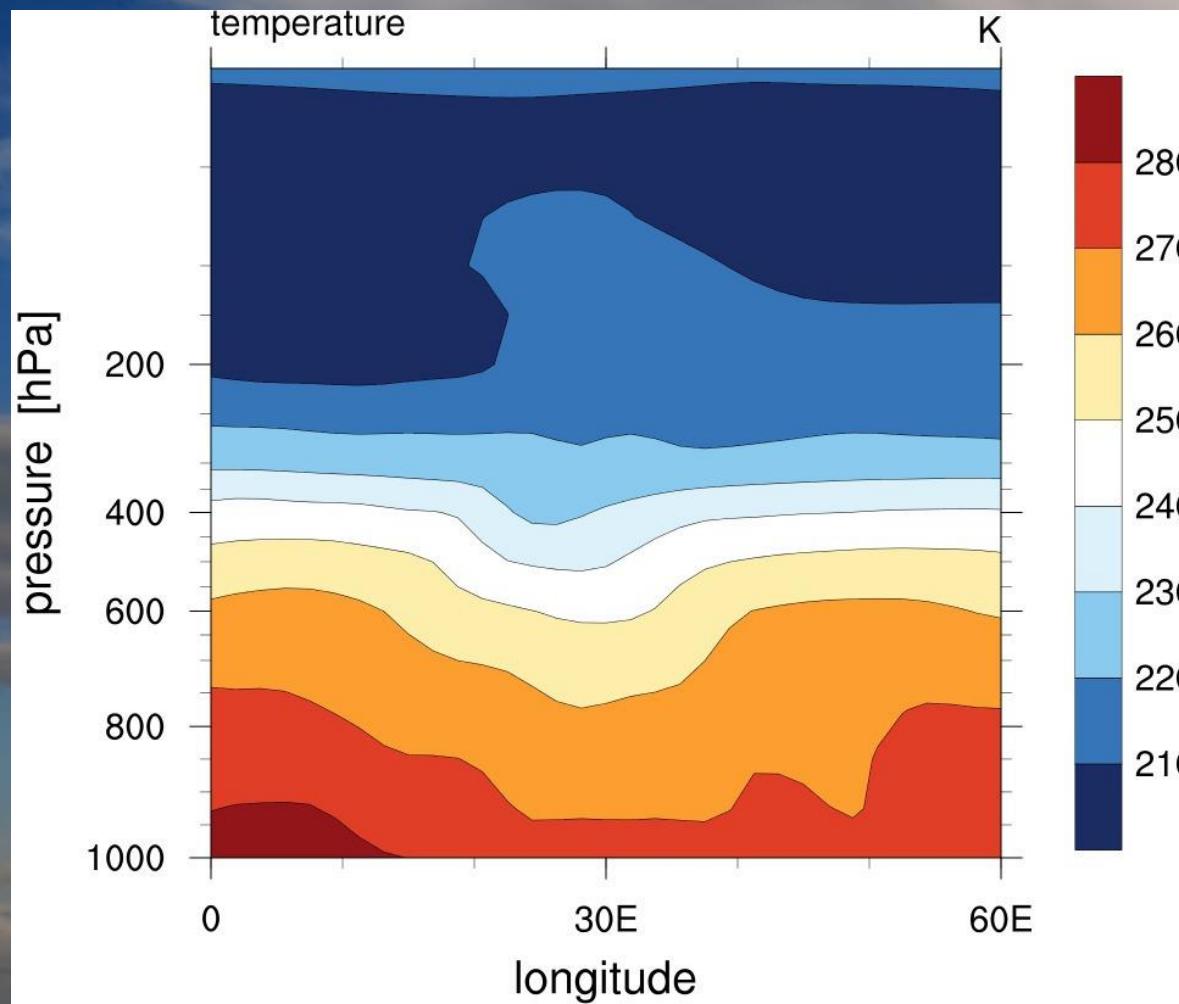


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttiger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

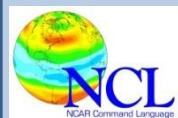
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Vertical Slice



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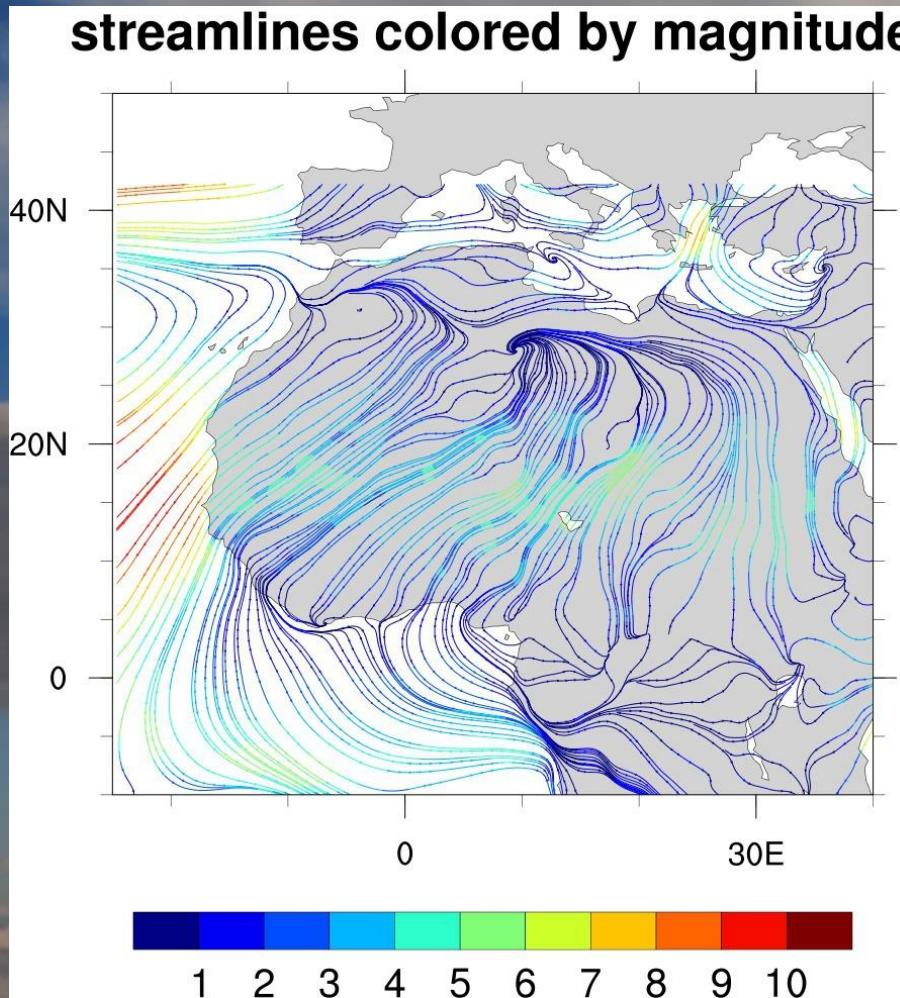


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

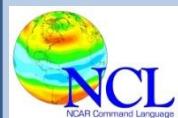
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Streamlines

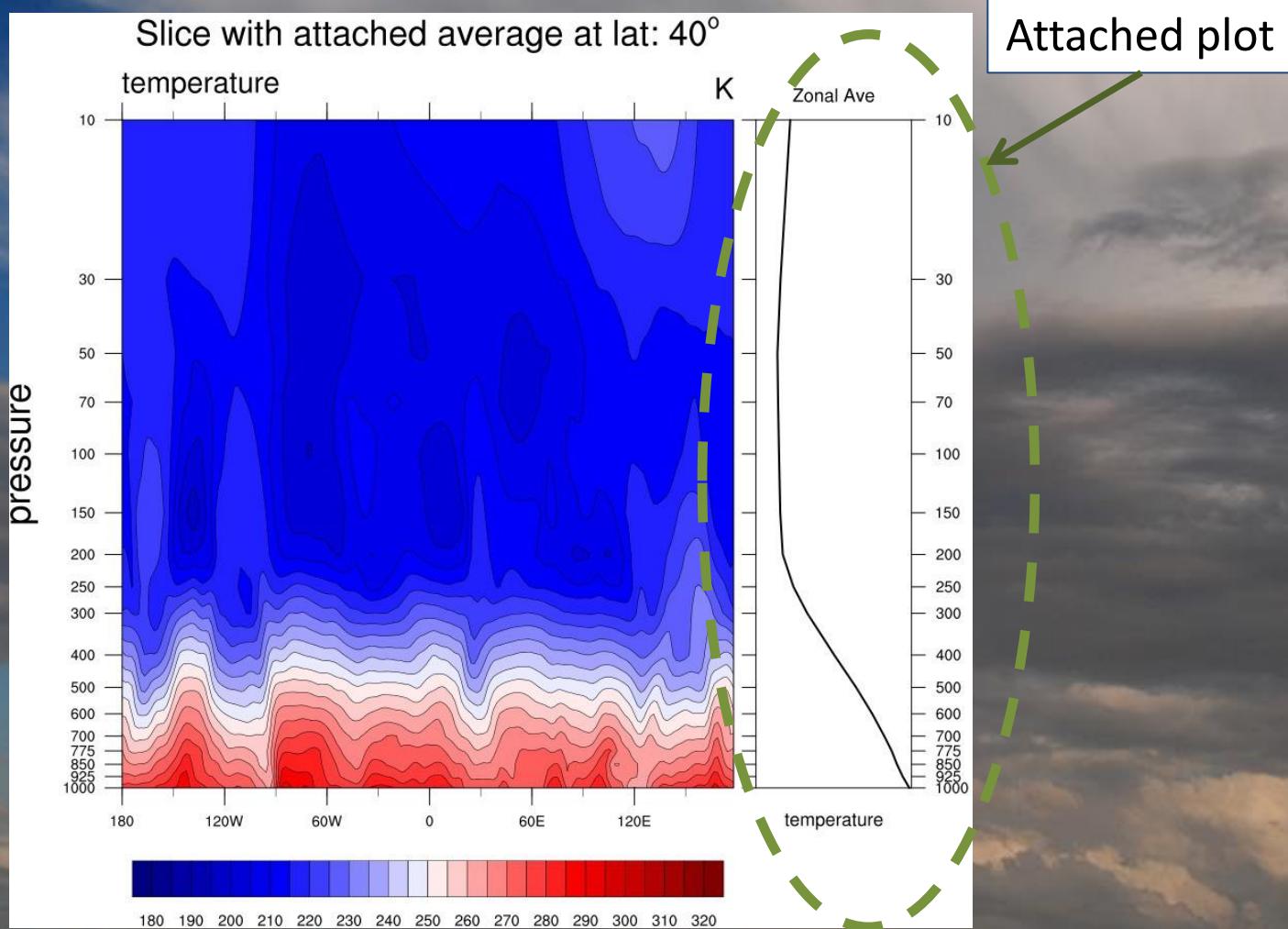


NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

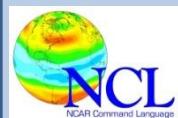


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

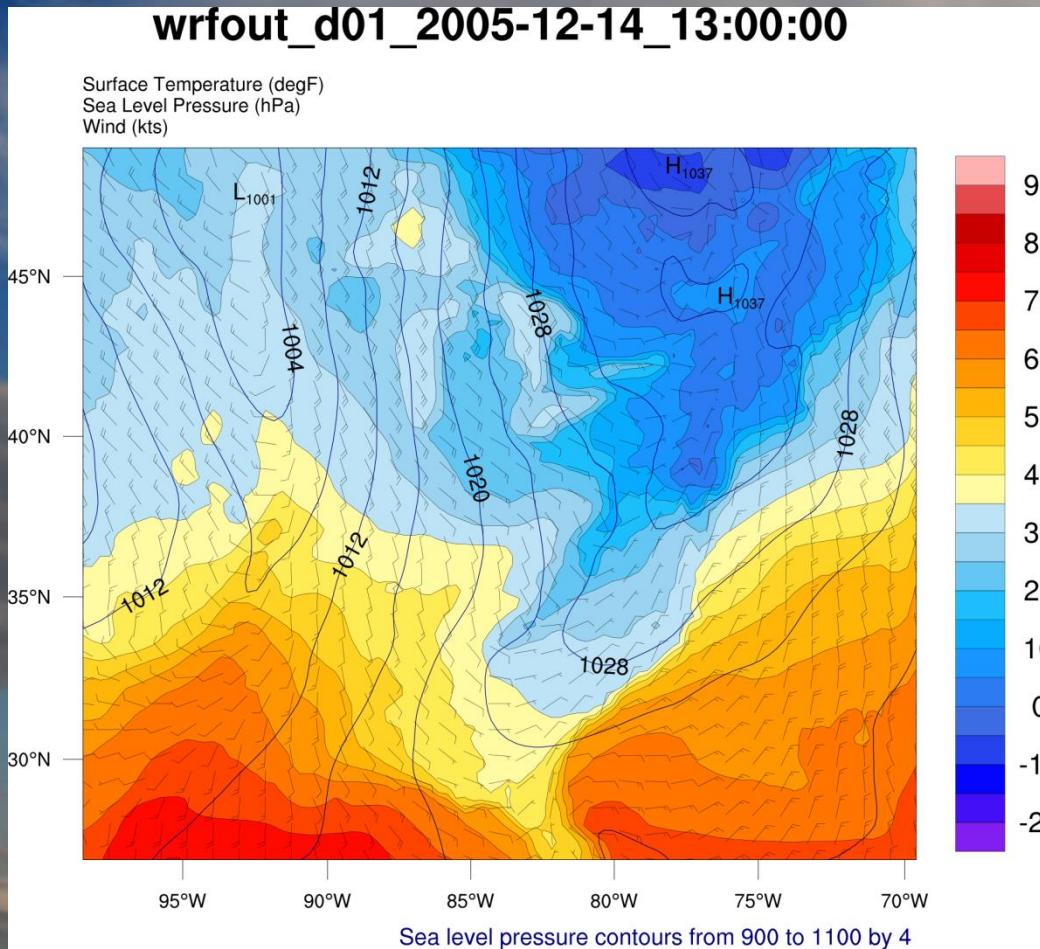


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

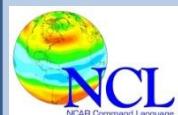
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Wind Bars



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

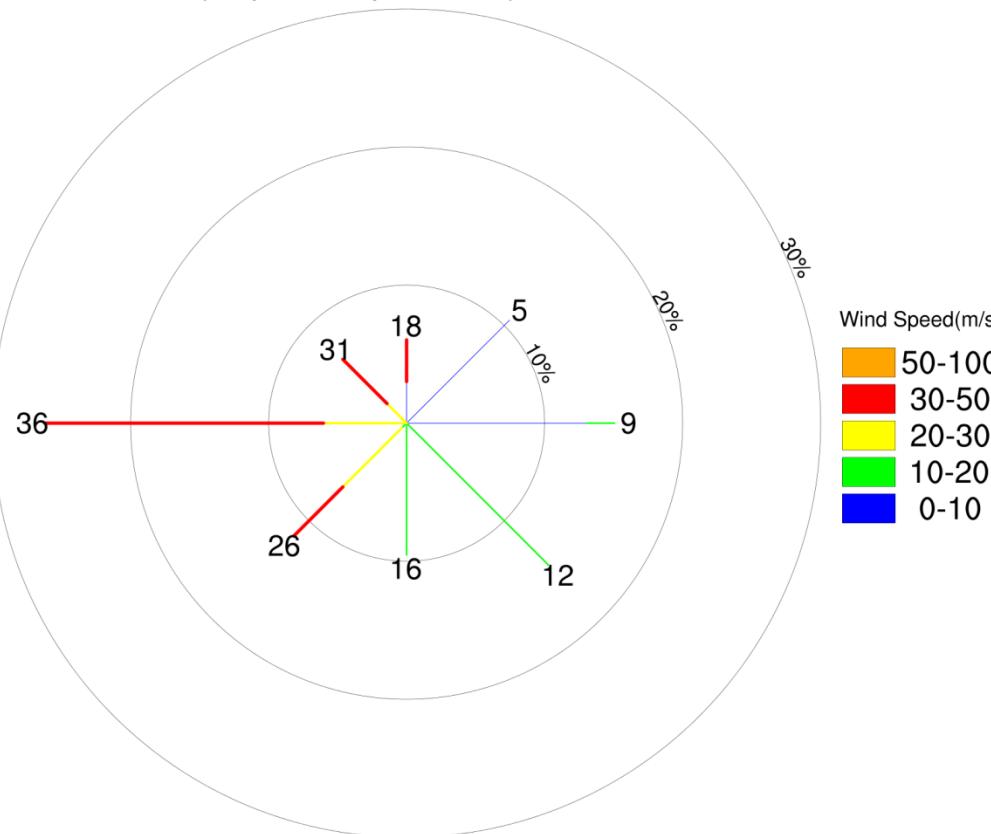
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



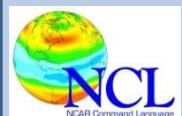
Wind rose

Wind Rose: Color + Variable Thickness

SpdAve=21 SpdStd=13 DirAve=257 Calm= 0.5% Nwnd=200
Frequency circles every 10%. Mean speed indicated.



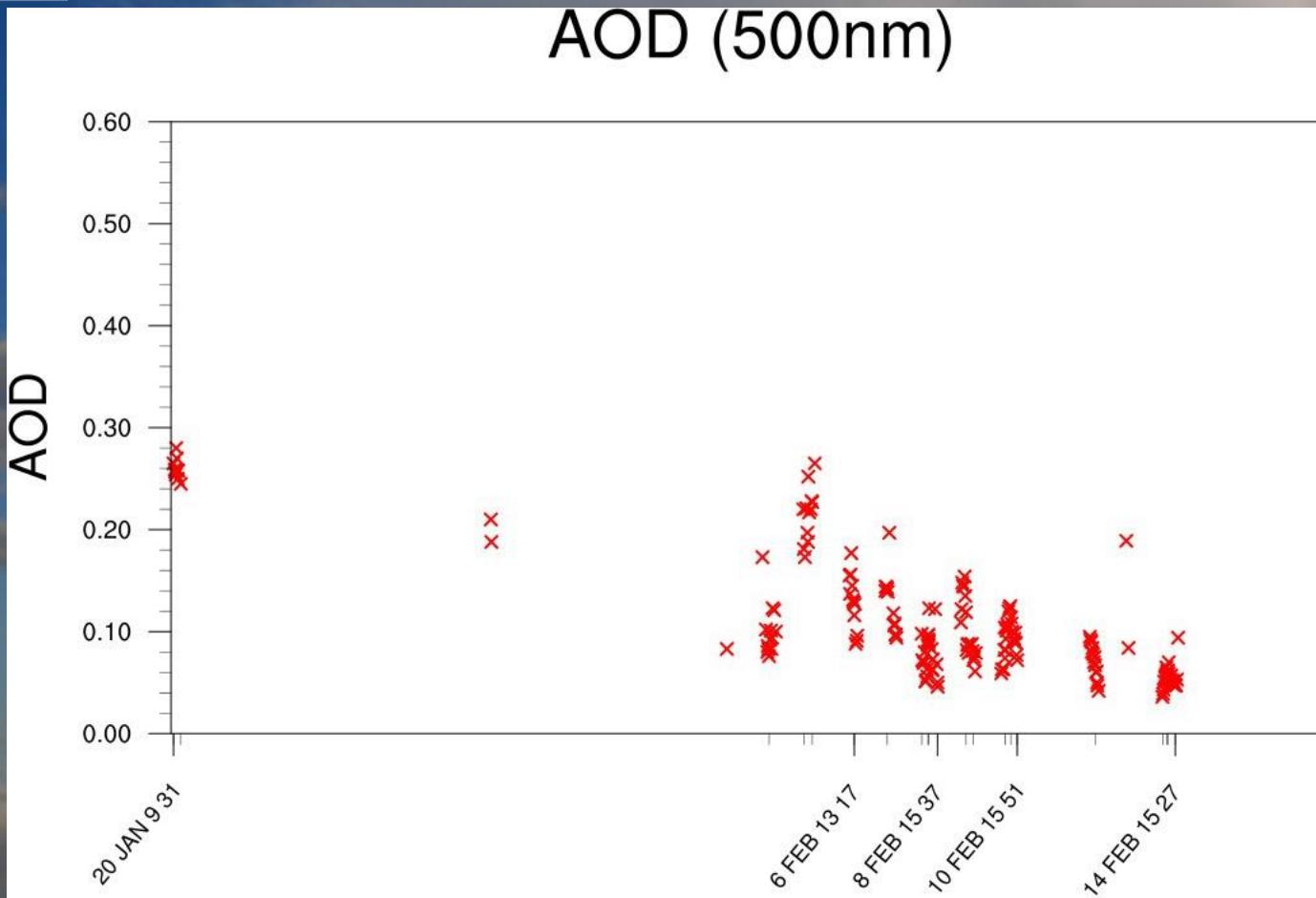
NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



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(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



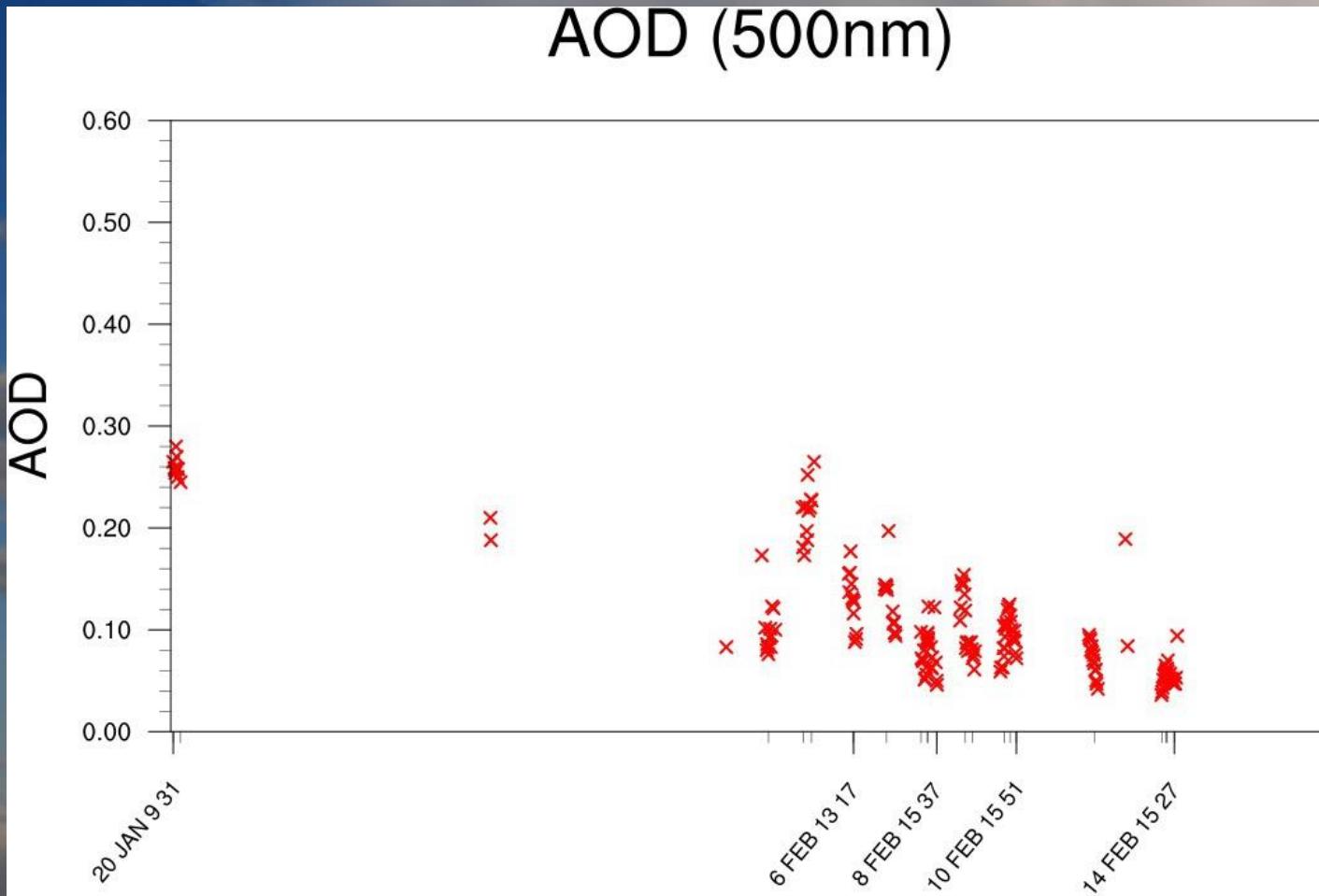
Scatter plot



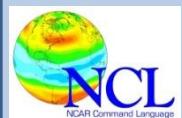
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(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA

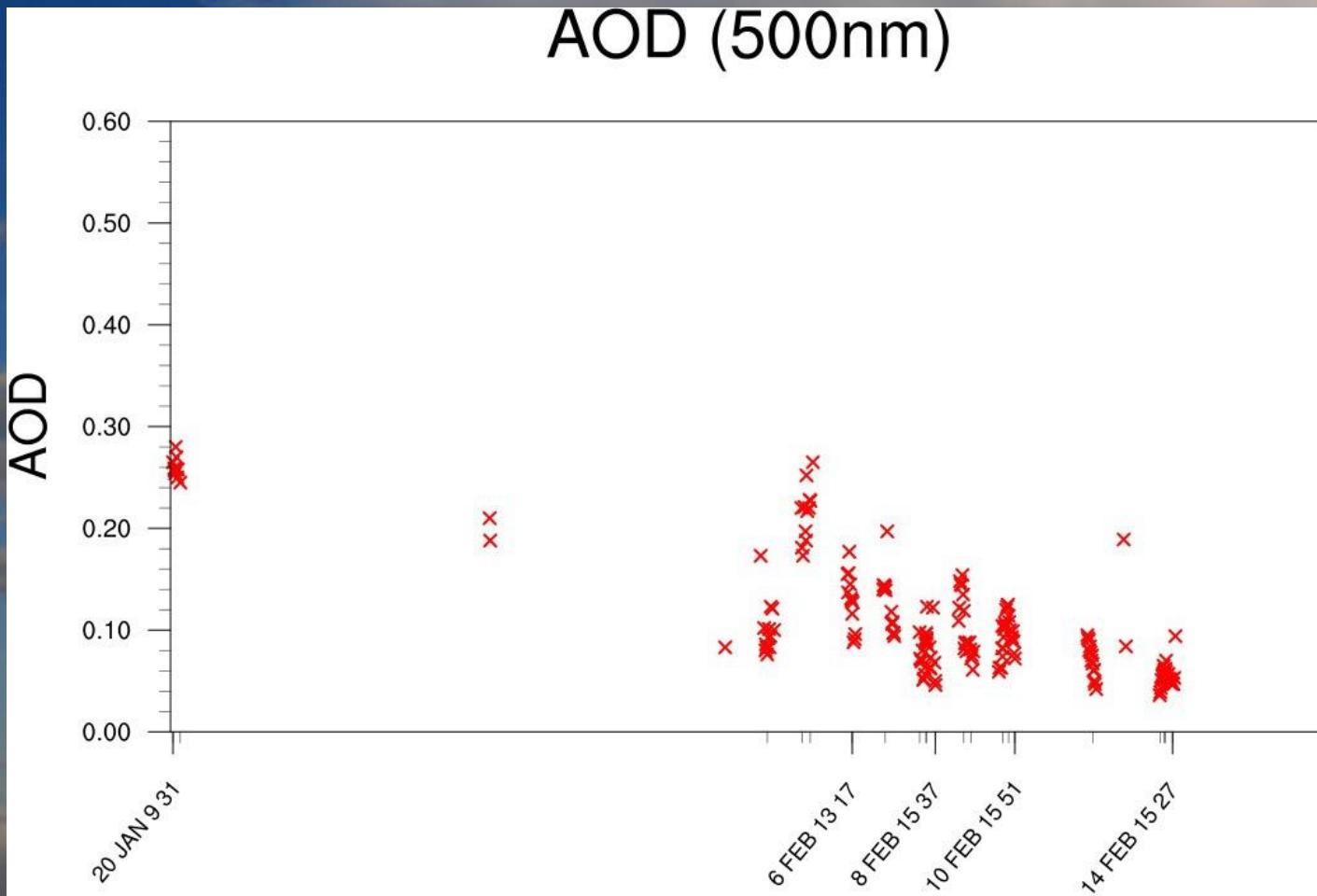


NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

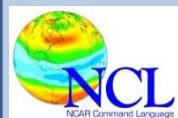


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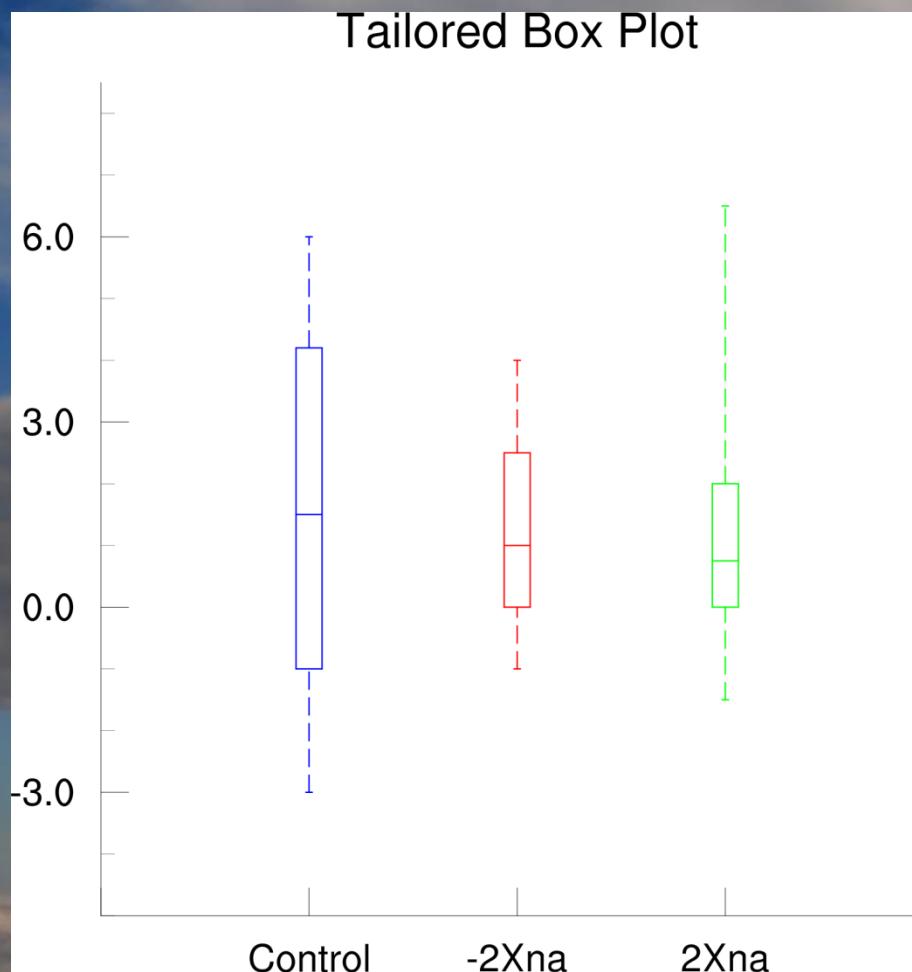


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

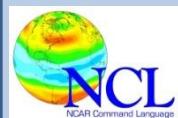
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Box plot



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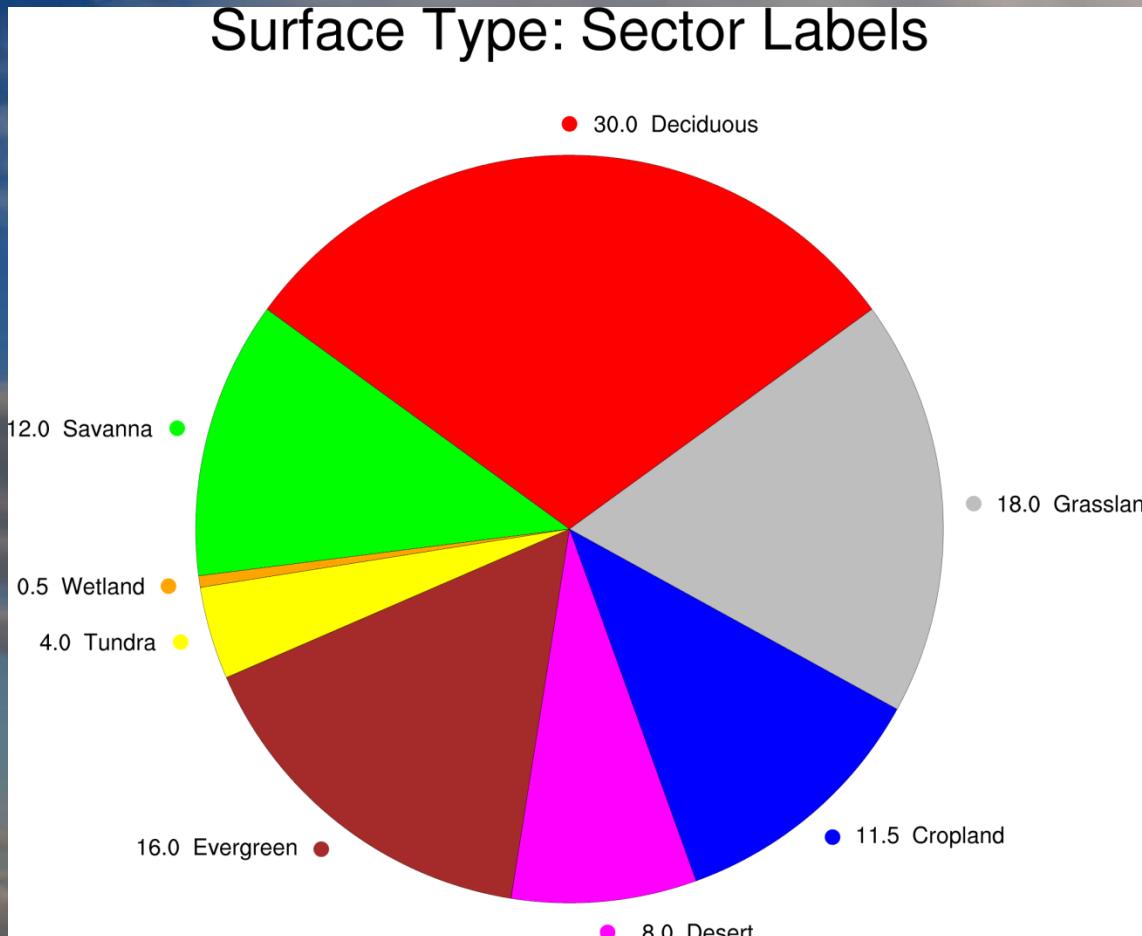


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

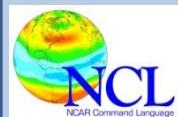
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Pie chart



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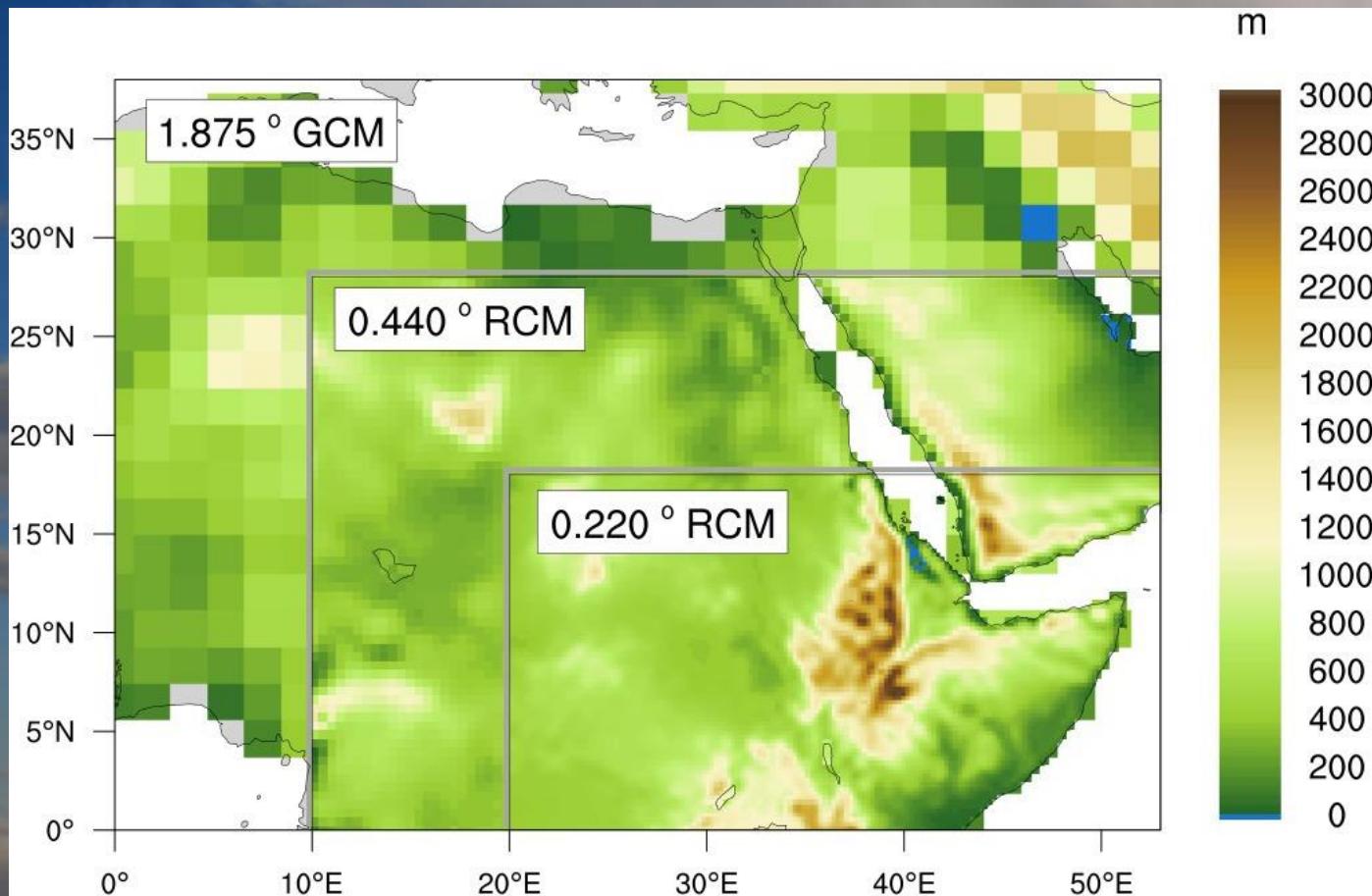


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

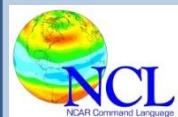
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Overlay



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

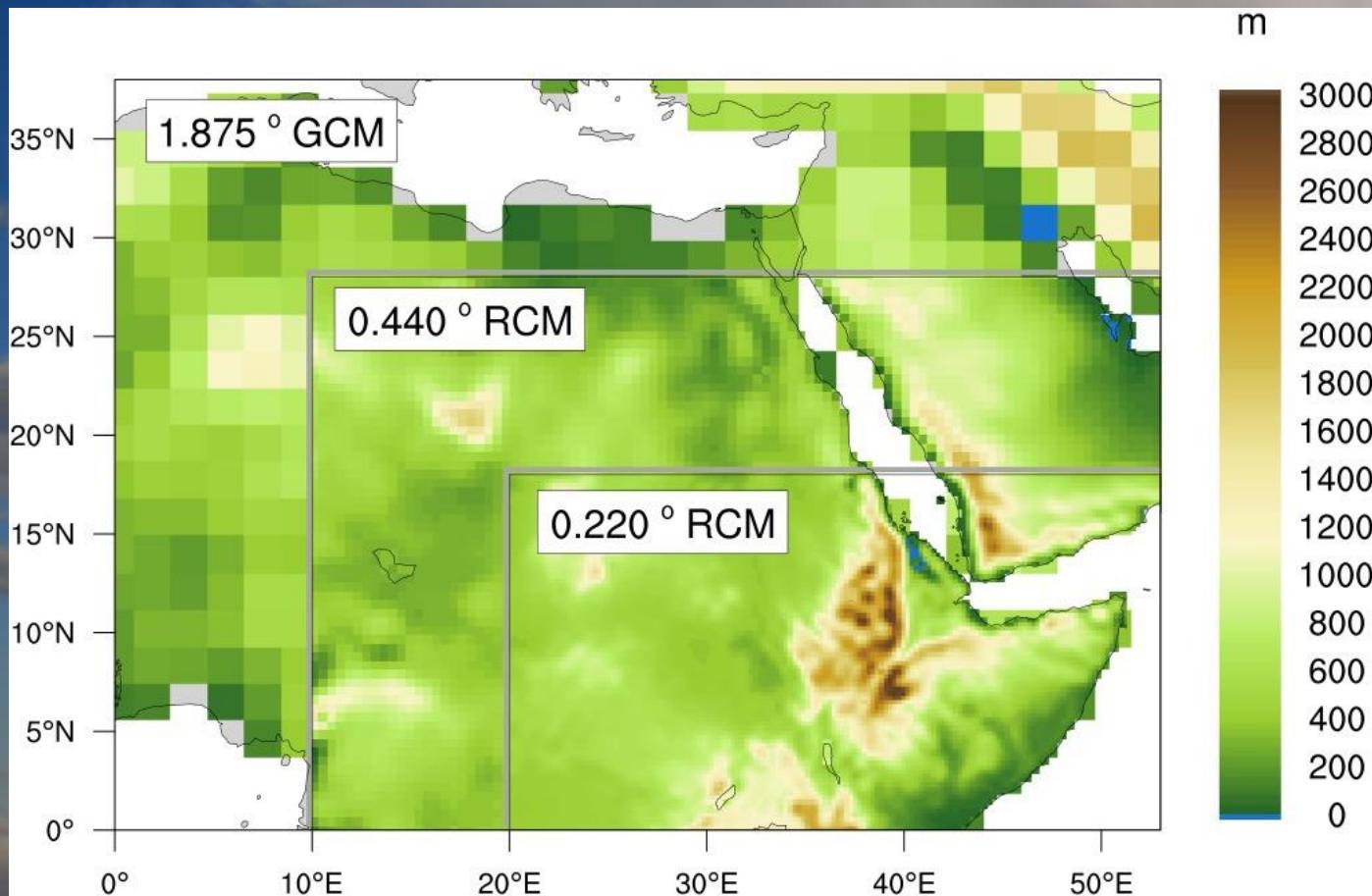


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

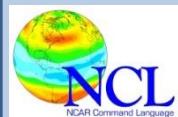
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Overlay



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

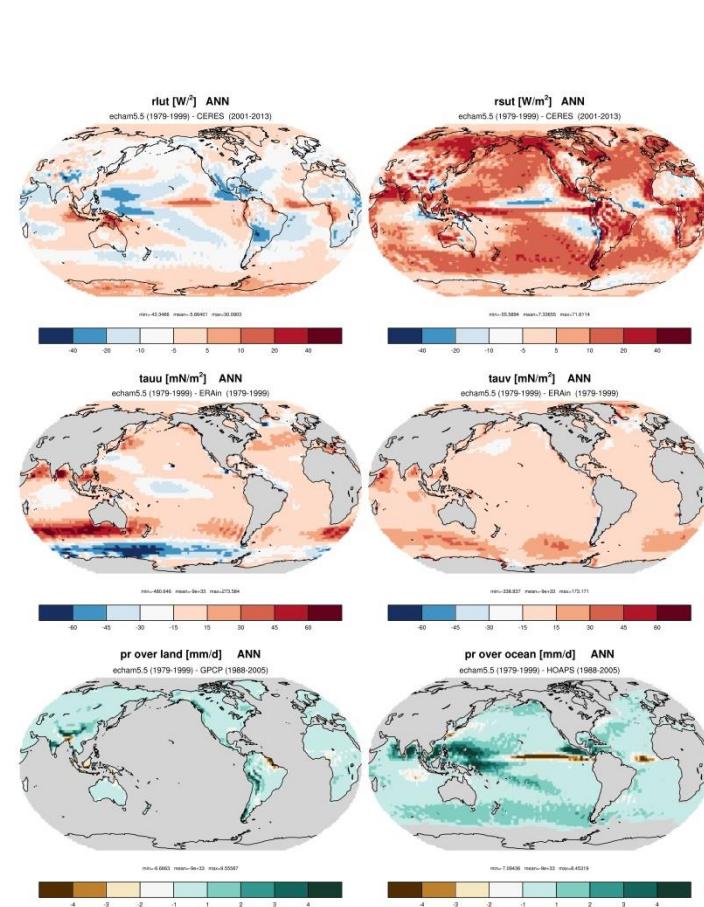


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

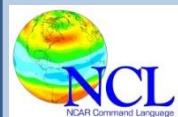
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Panel plot

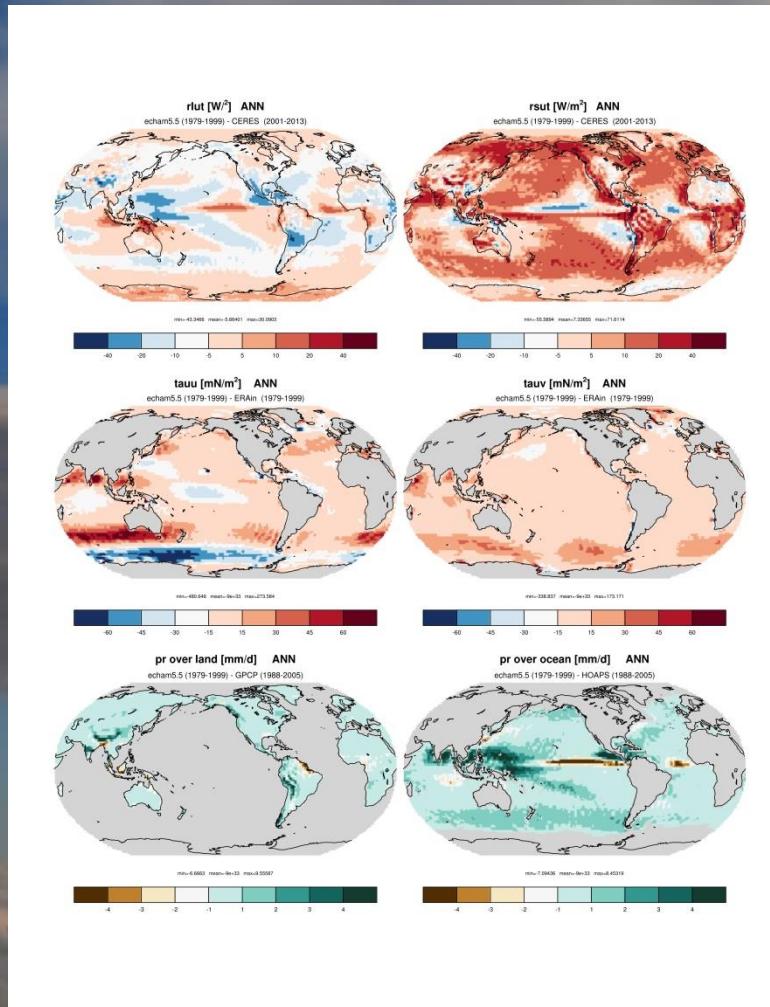


NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

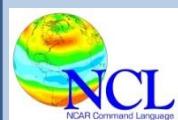


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



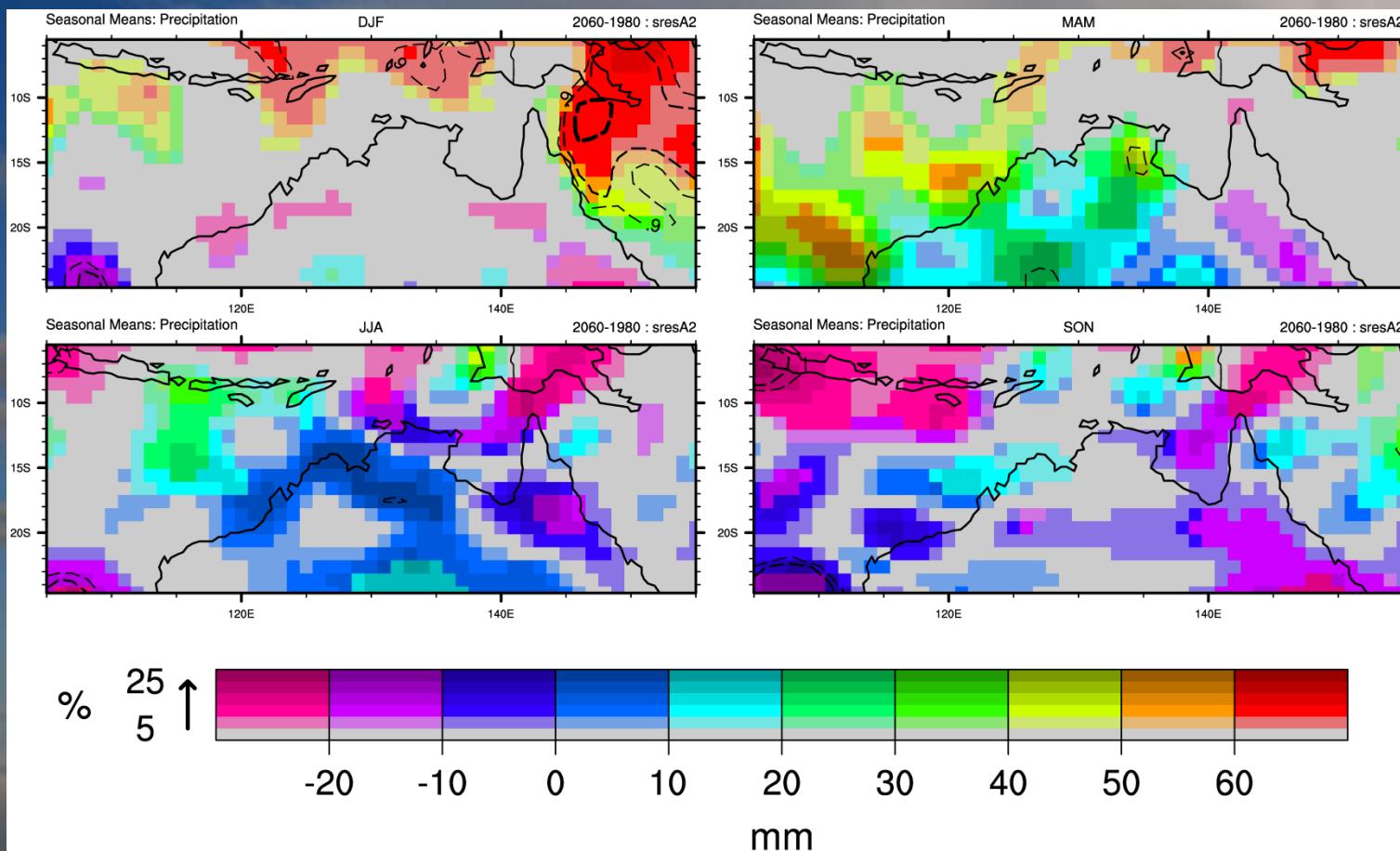
NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



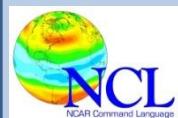
Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Evans plot



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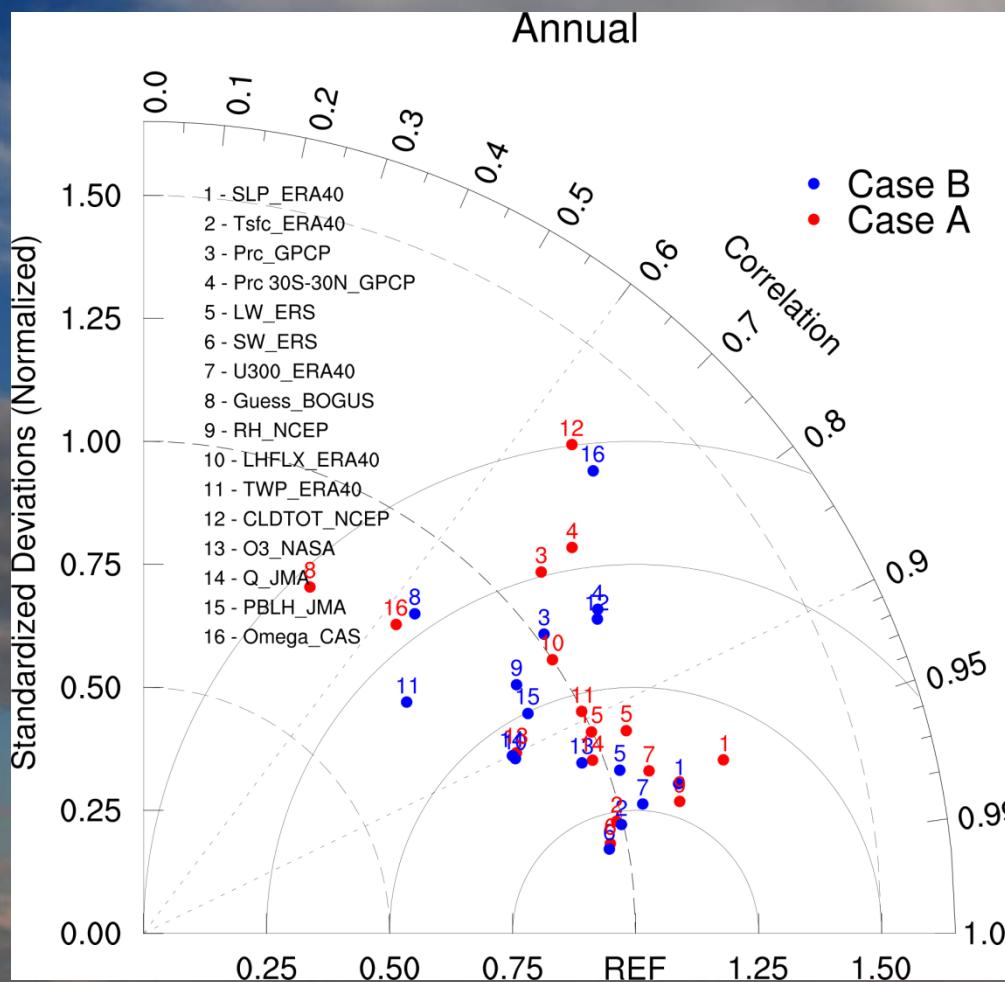


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

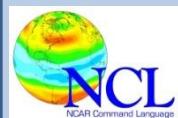
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Taylor diagram



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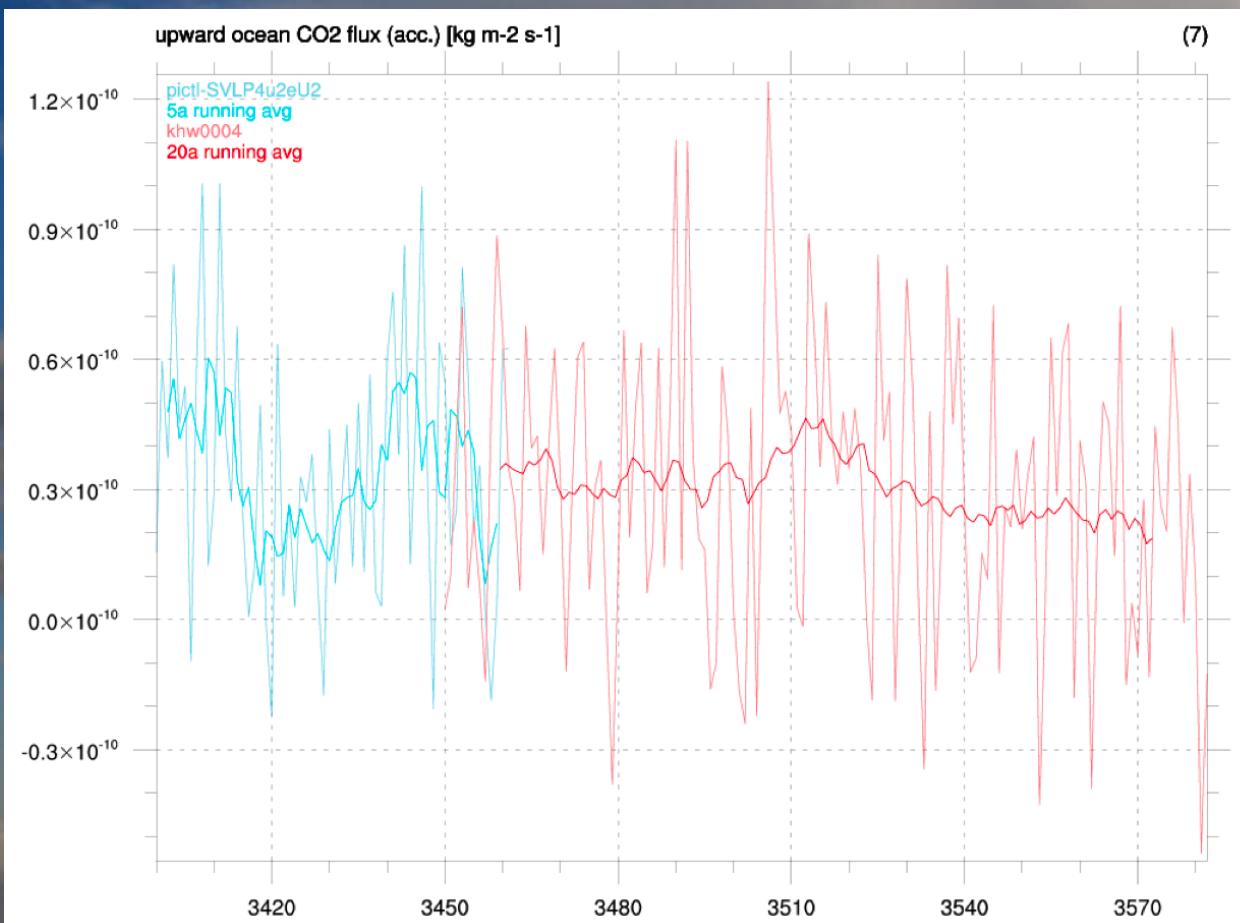


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

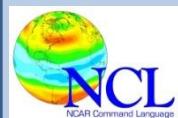
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Monitoring for ECHAM6 – upward ocean CO₂ flux (acc.)



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

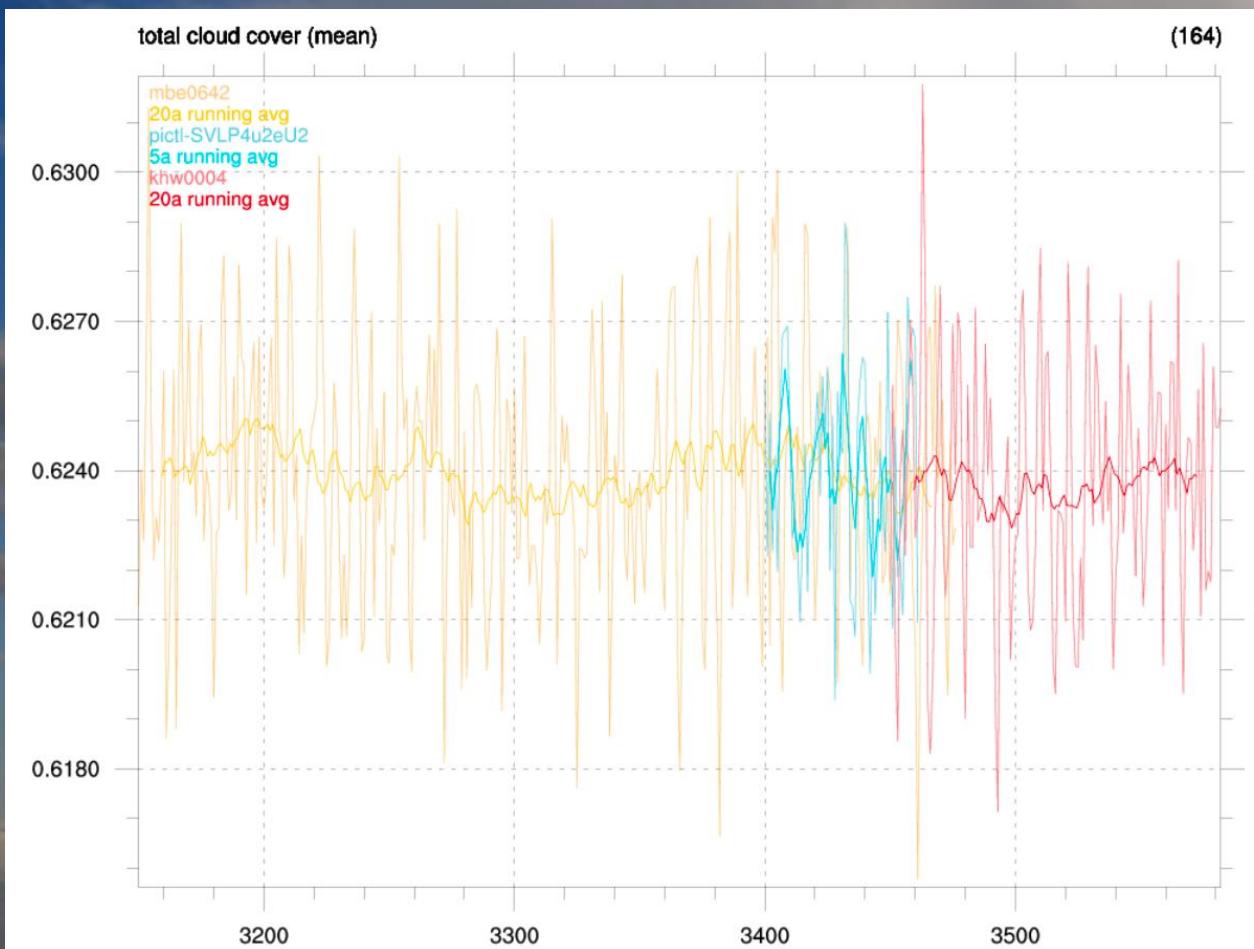


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

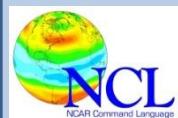
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Monitoring for ECHAM6 – total cloud cover (mean)



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

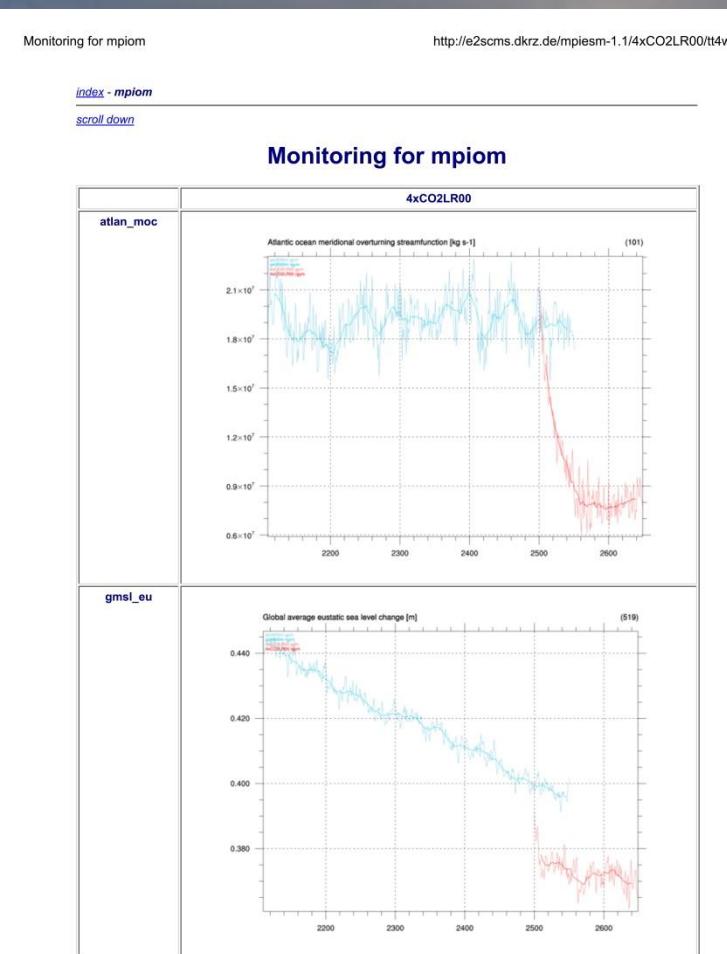


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

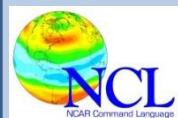
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Monitoring for MPIOM



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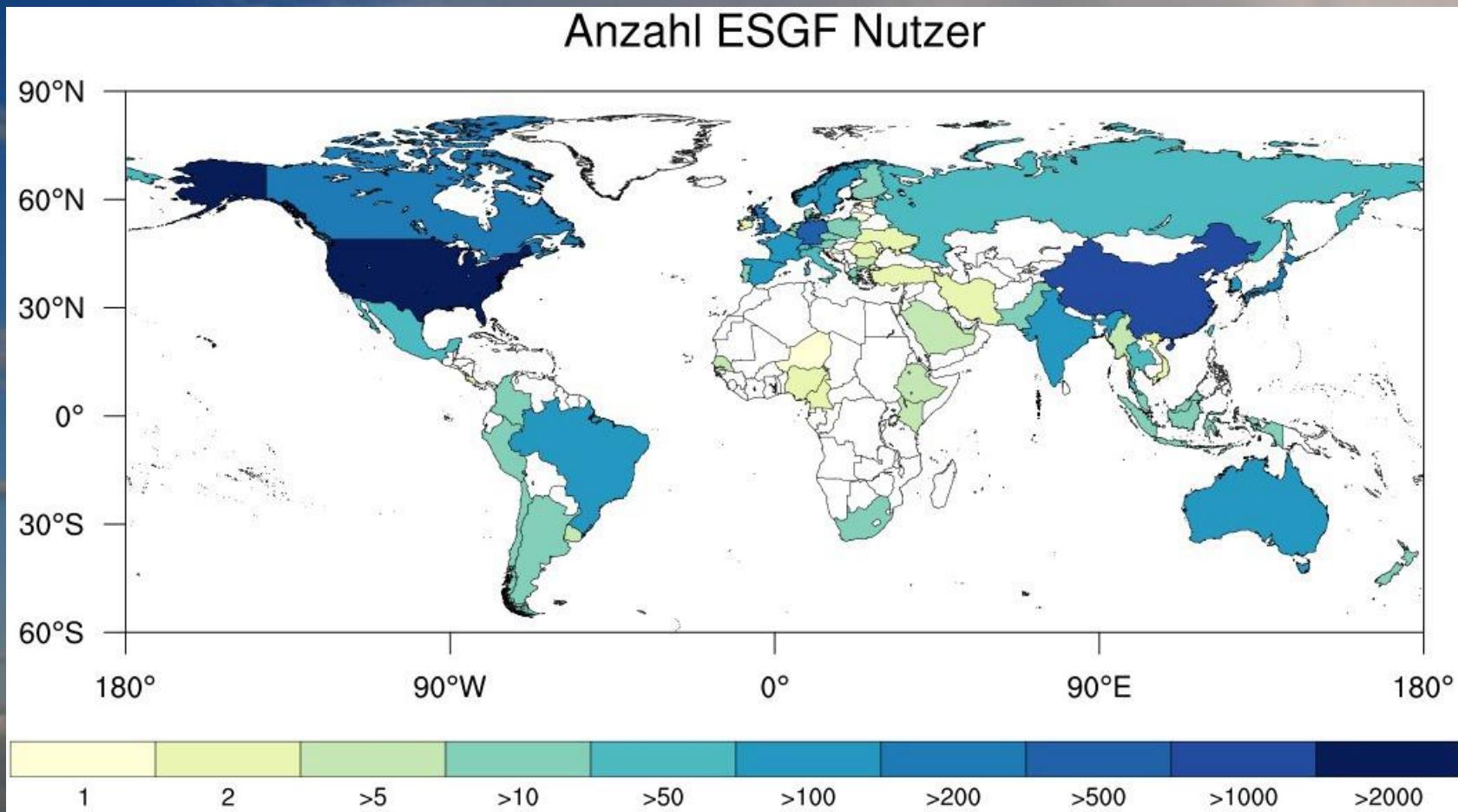


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

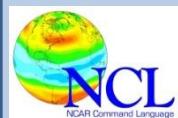
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



User distribution of DKRZ's ESGF portal



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

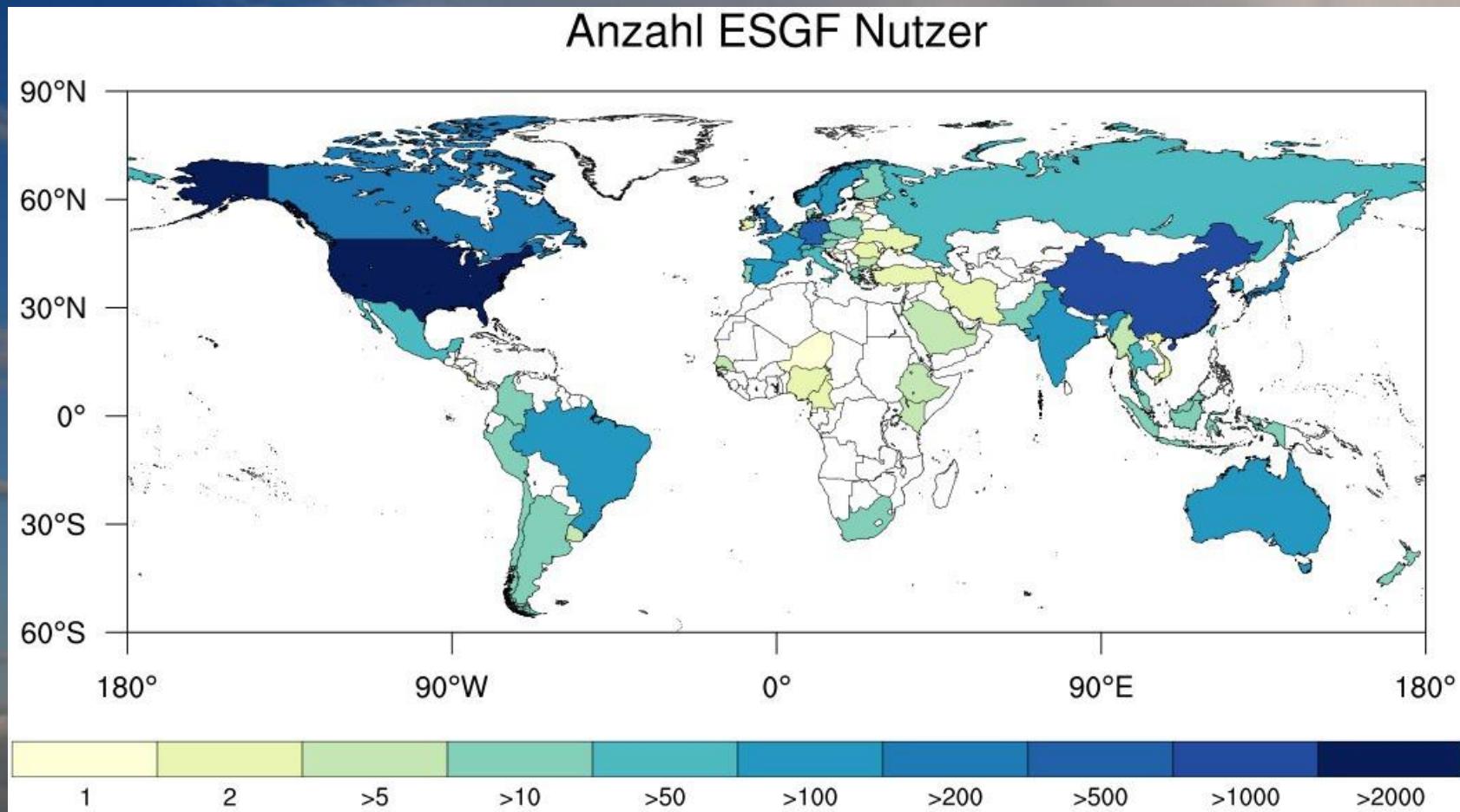


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

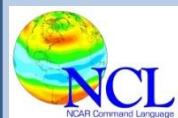
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



User distribution of DKRZ's ESGF portal



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



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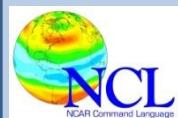


Monitoring web page for MPI-ESM

Start of the experiment	Initial year	Final year	Current year	Experiment	Last update
piControl-LR					
2013-11-13 11:50:00	18500101	20991231	20761231	pictl000b	2013-12-03 12:01:01
2013-11-22 01:14:55	19250101	19741231	19741231	pictl000c	2013-11-28 06:24:42
2013-12-02 18:40:01	19290101	19791231	19401231	pictl000d	2013-12-03 14:36:59
2013-12-05 11:05:58	18500101	21491231	21491231	pictl000e	2014-01-27 10:39:39
2014-01-29 17:11:56	18500101	20491231	20371231	pictl000h	2014-02-23 12:08:17
2014-02-18 15:48:00	20000101	20491231	20281231	pictl000k	2014-02-23 11:22:07
2014-02-25 02:21:24	20100101	21491231	21491231	pictl000l	2014-03-11 04:54:23
2014-02-25 02:21:24	21100101	26091231	25711231	pictl000m	2014-04-18 01:50:31
2014-04-17 16:33:25	25000101	26491231	26491231	1plR000	2014-05-01 22:57:19
2014-04-17 18:42:58	25000101	26491231	26491231	4xC02LR00	2014-05-02 02:01:31
2014-03-21 16:49:24	22800101	22891231	22891231	pictl000n	2014-03-22 07:06:26
2014-03-29 01:18:43	23750101	24341231	24191231	pictl003m	2014-04-02 09:37:09
2014-04-16 20:01:46	25000101	28991231	28991231	pictl000o	2014-06-14 07:08:19
2014-06-24 02:42:40	25000101	25991231	25991231	pictl000p	2014-07-04 10:51:51
2014-07-10 00:33:52	25000101	28991231	27591231	pictl000q	2014-08-01 09:00:39
2014-06-17 16:16:29	29000101	29991231	29991231	mbe0595	2014-06-29 17:12:33
2014-07-02 11:04:46	25000101	30551231	30551231	mbe0606	2014-08-12 13:45:37
2014-08-07 16:02:04	29000101	35001231	33641231	mbe0624	2014-09-18 14:24:36
2014-08-29 13:44:27	31500101	34761231	34761231	mbe0642	2014-09-22 14:57:34
2014-10-07 17:40:16	34500101	40001231	34901231	vga0166	2014-10-15 10:44:46
2014-10-10 20:01:03	34500101	35791231	35791231	vga0168	2014-10-20 20:53:00
2014-10-17 20:51:57	35290101	39991231	36851231	vga0169	2014-10-30 09:35:26
2014-10-21 17:48:08	35300101	39991231	36061231	vga0170	2014-10-27 15:47:21
2014-10-28 18:50:35	35790101	39991231	36051231	vga0171	2014-10-30 08:47:20
2014-10-30 12:48:40	33000101	34991231	34221231	vga0172	2014-11-05 05:06:57
2014-11-06 00:08:06	18500101	22491231	21991231	vga0173	2014-12-05 03:21:25
2014-11-17 16:15:45	18500101	20051231	20051231	vga0174	2014-11-28 18:50:51
2014-10-08 23:52:45	34500101	35821231	35821231	khw0004	2014-10-22 17:43:03
piControl-CR					
2013-12-21 23:36:23	18500101	21991231	21991231	pictl002	2014-01-11 12:02:29
2014-01-15 20:13:40	21900101	21991231	21991231	pictl002a	2014-01-16 00:15:51
2014-01-20 12:32:38	21900101	21991231	21991231	pictl002b	2014-01-21 04:21:42
2014-01-20 12:41:45	21900101	21991231	21991231	pictl002c	2014-01-20 16:59:58
2014-01-20 16:45:40	21900101	21991231	21991231	pictl002d	2014-01-23 12:08:39
2014-01-24 09:11:06	21000101	21991231	21991231	pictl002e	2014-01-27 16:08:20
2014-01-28 21:33:12	18500101	28491231	28491231	pictl002h	2014-02-22 13:37:51
2014-01-30 12:43:39	19000101	21991231	19101231	pictl002i	2014-01-30 17:10:19
2014-02-23 02:26:01	28000101	33991231	33991231	pictl002j	2014-03-10 19:50:36



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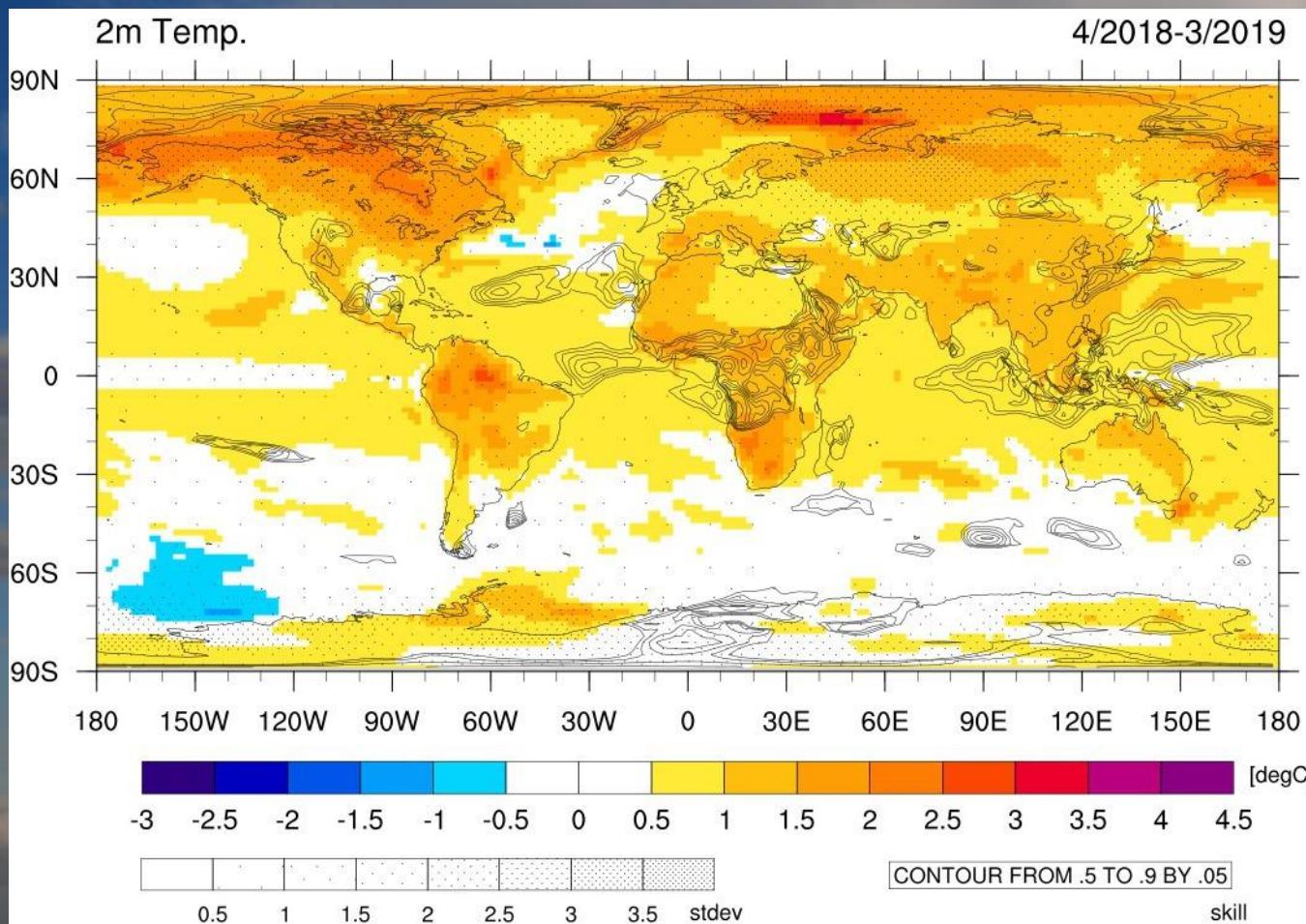


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

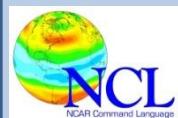
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



“Visualization of 2D uncertainty in decadal climate predictions” Böttinger et al.



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

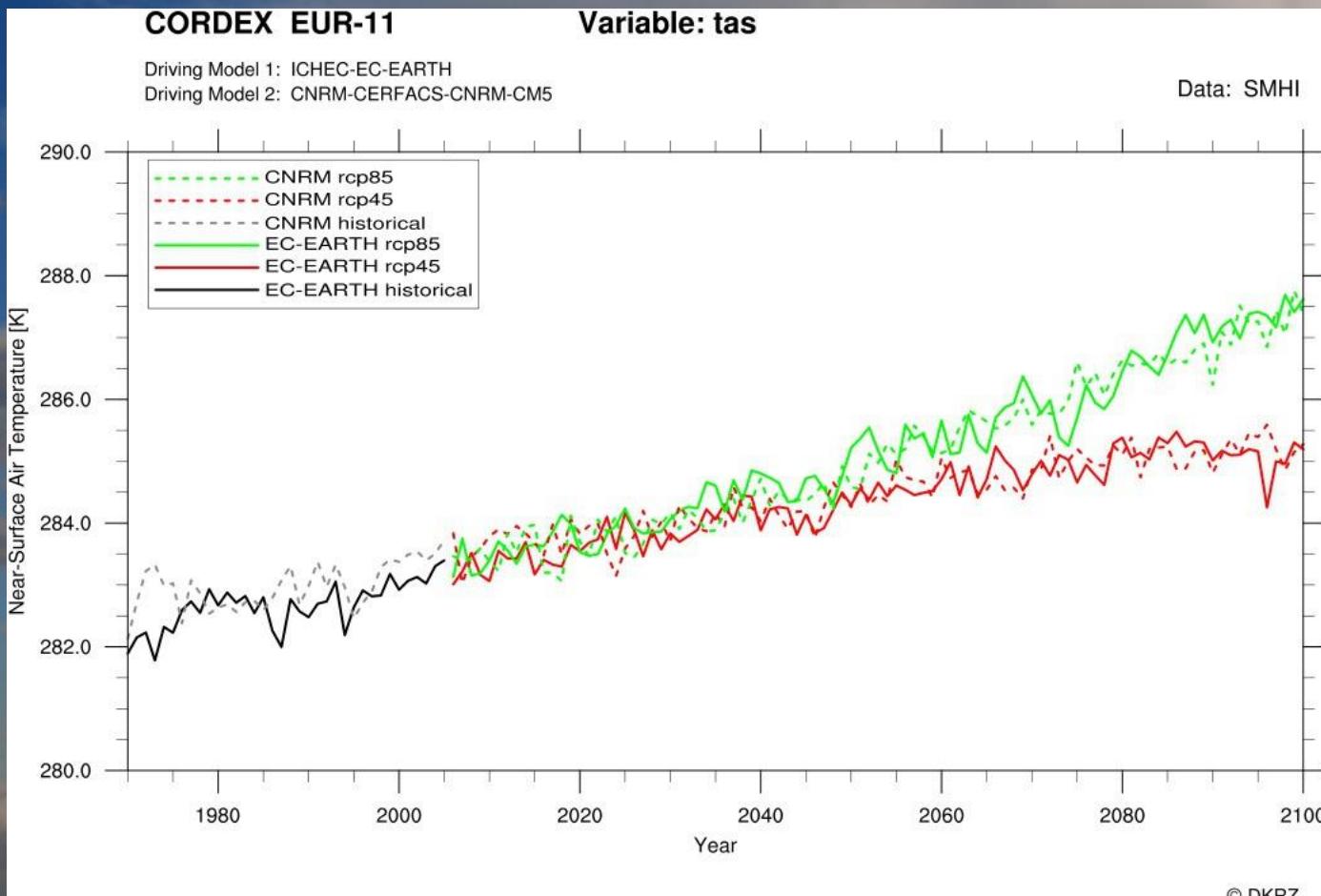


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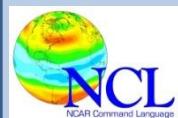
Comparison of CORDEX models



© DKRZ



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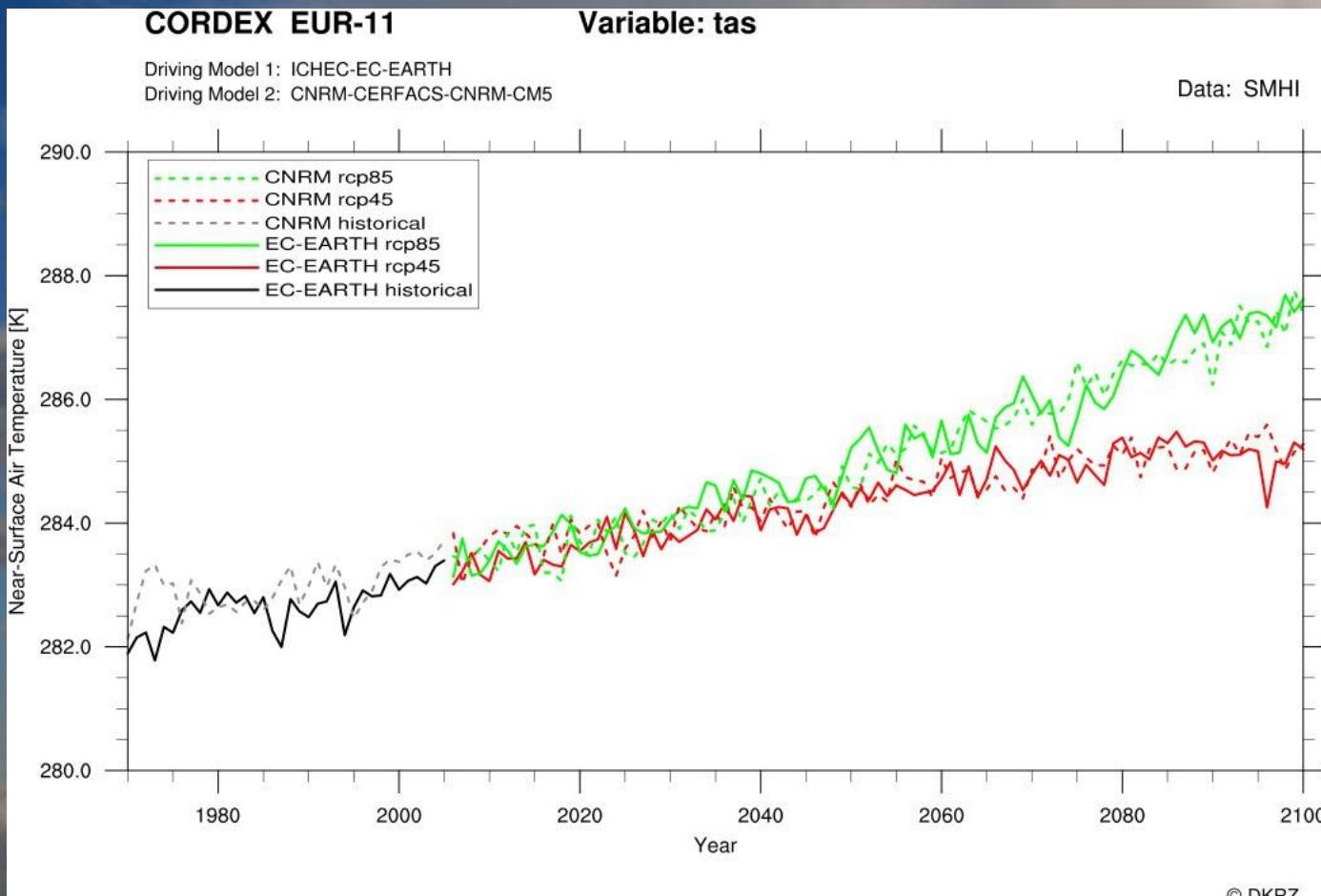


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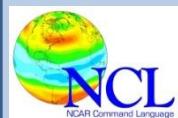
Comparison of CORDEX models



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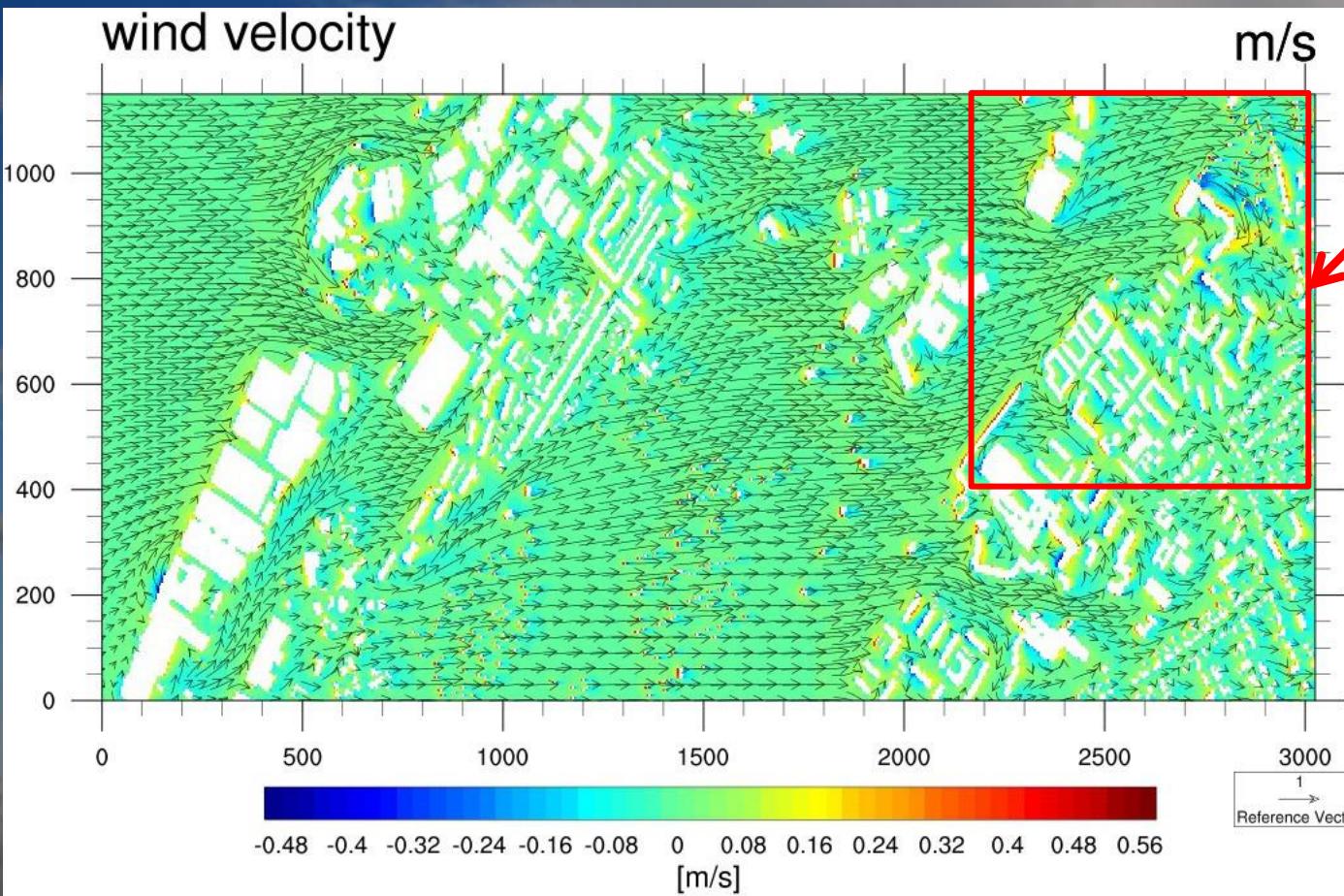


Monitoring web page for MPI-ESM

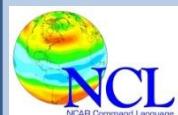
wind velocity

m/s

Zoom in



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research

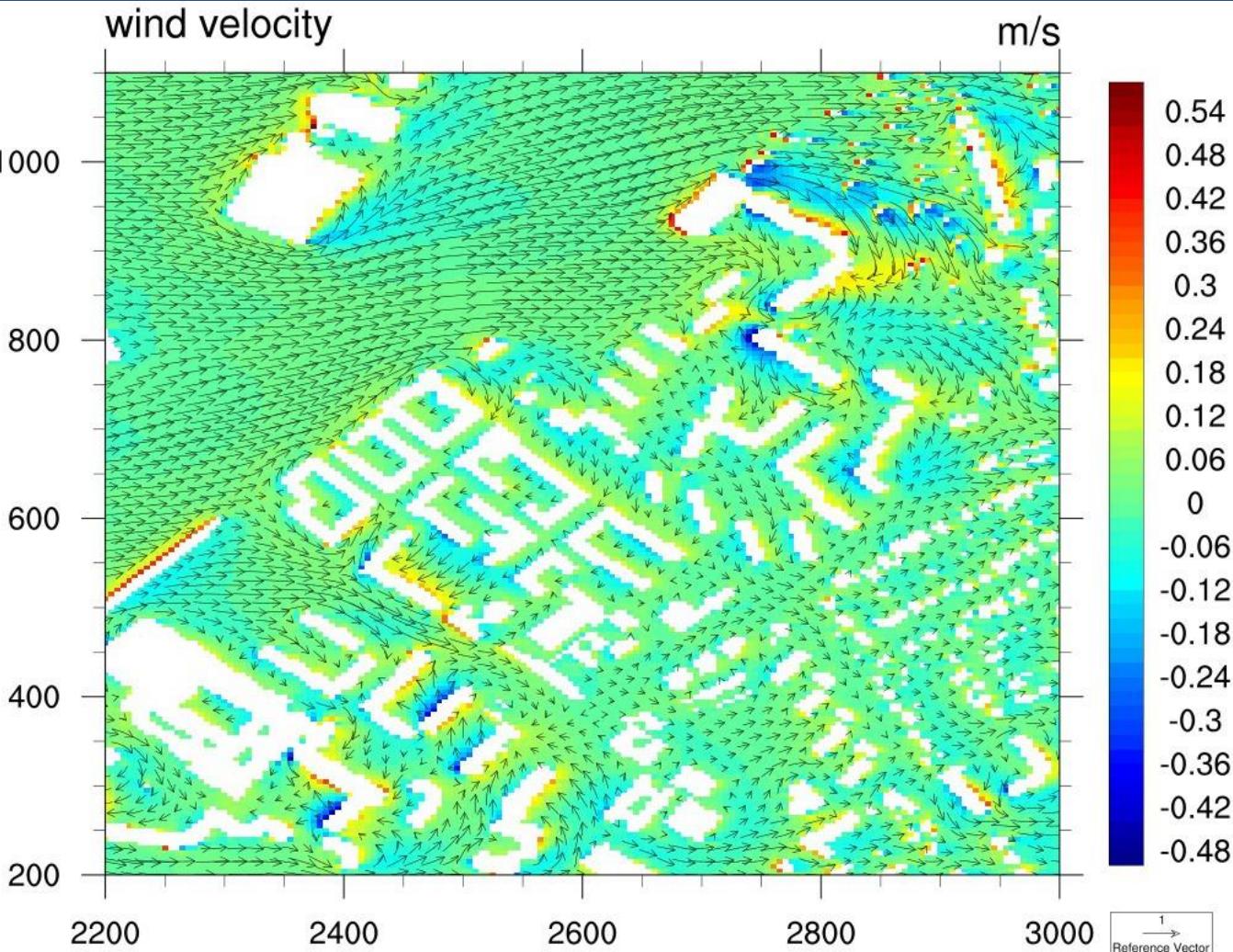
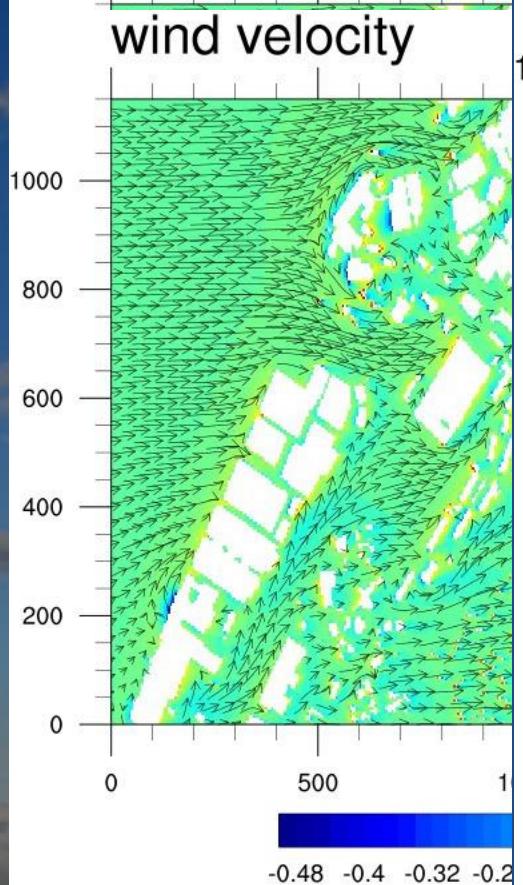


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

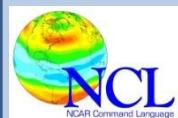
(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA



Monitoring web page



NCL - a workhorse for data analysis and visualization in climate research



Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

(1) Deutsches Klimarechenzentrum (DKRZ), Hamburg, Germany, (2) NCAR/CISL, Boulder (CO), USA

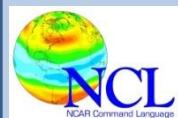


User Guide developed at DKRZ is still in progress (actual 238 pages)

Tutorial developed at DKRZ



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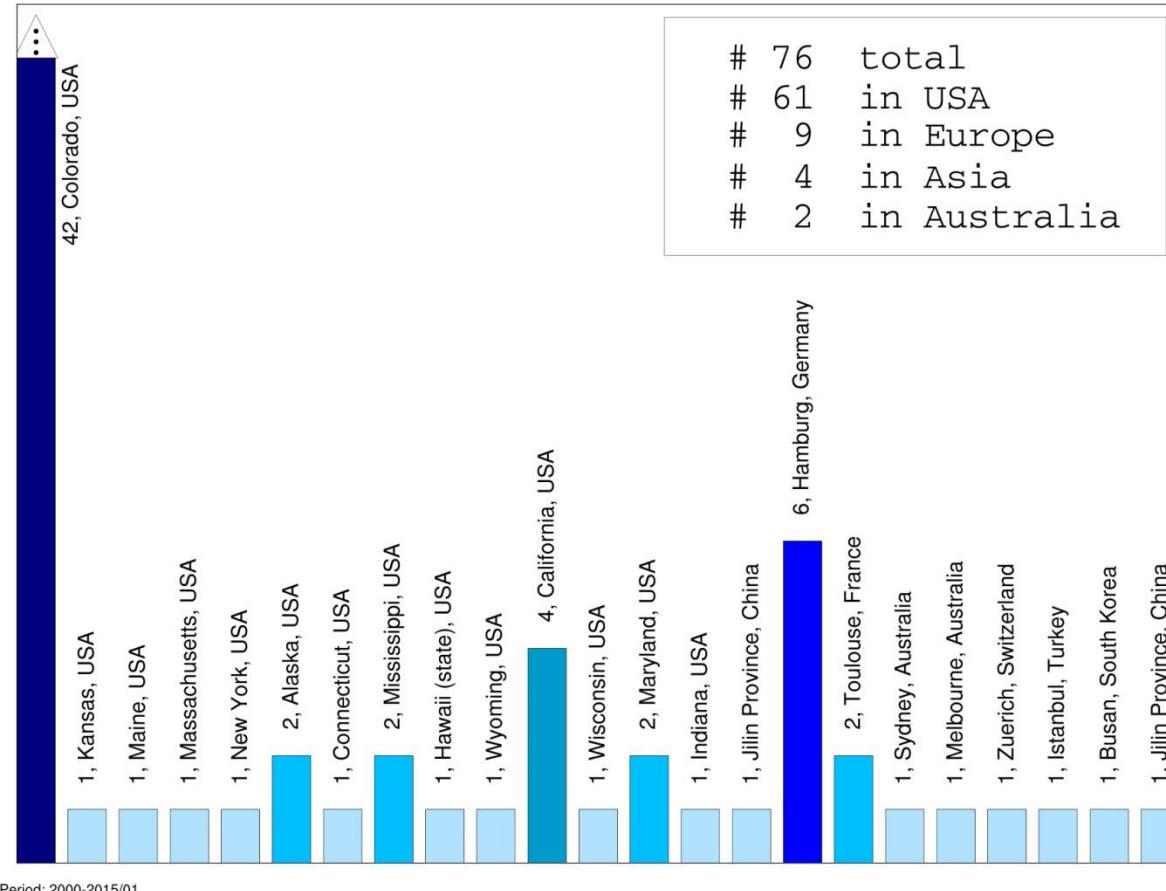
Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

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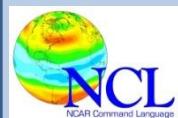


List of NCL workshops at NCAR, universities, and research sites world-wide

NCL Workshops Worldwide



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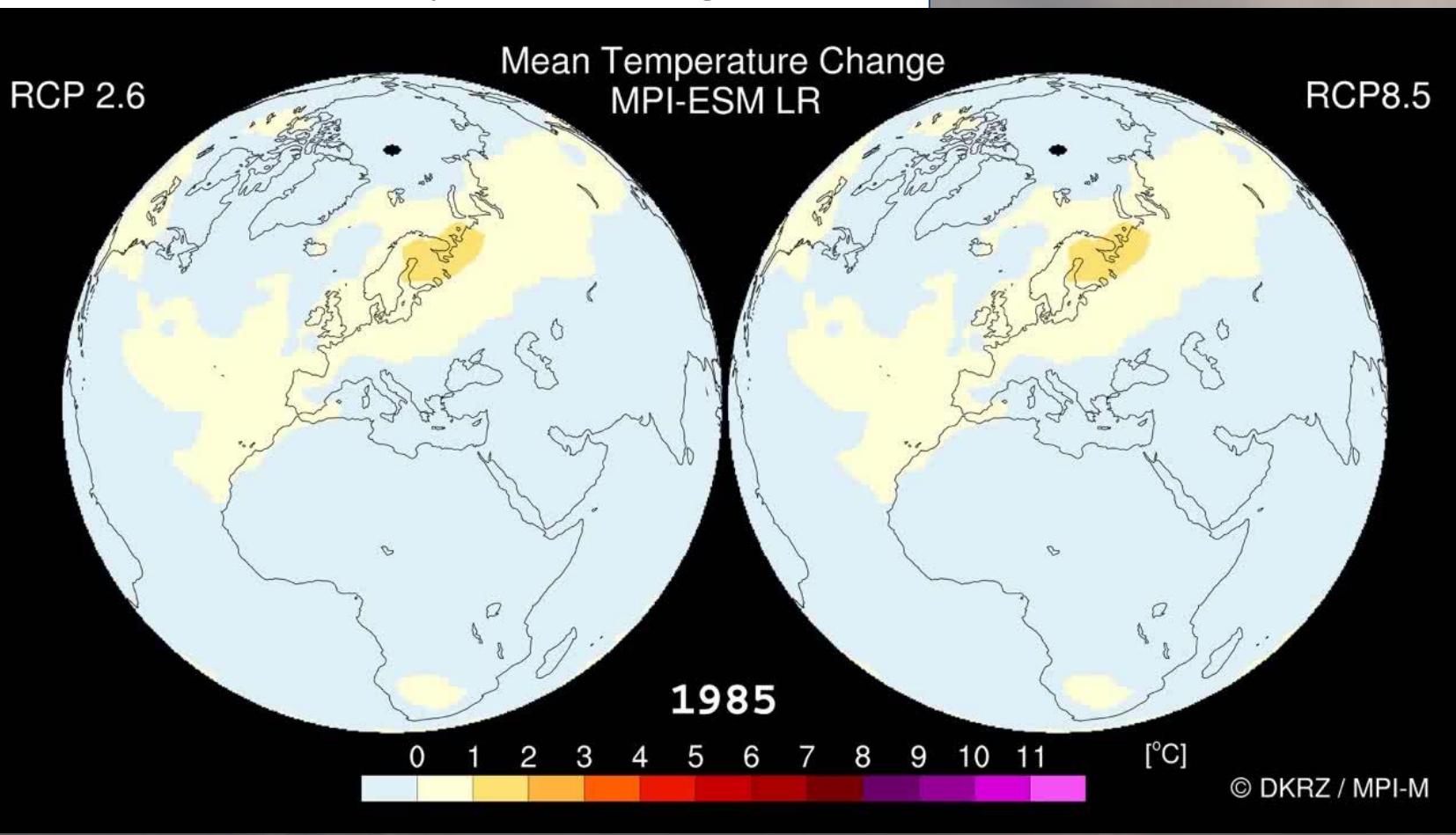


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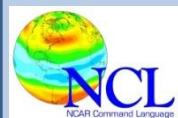
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Animation: Mean temperature change (CMIP5)



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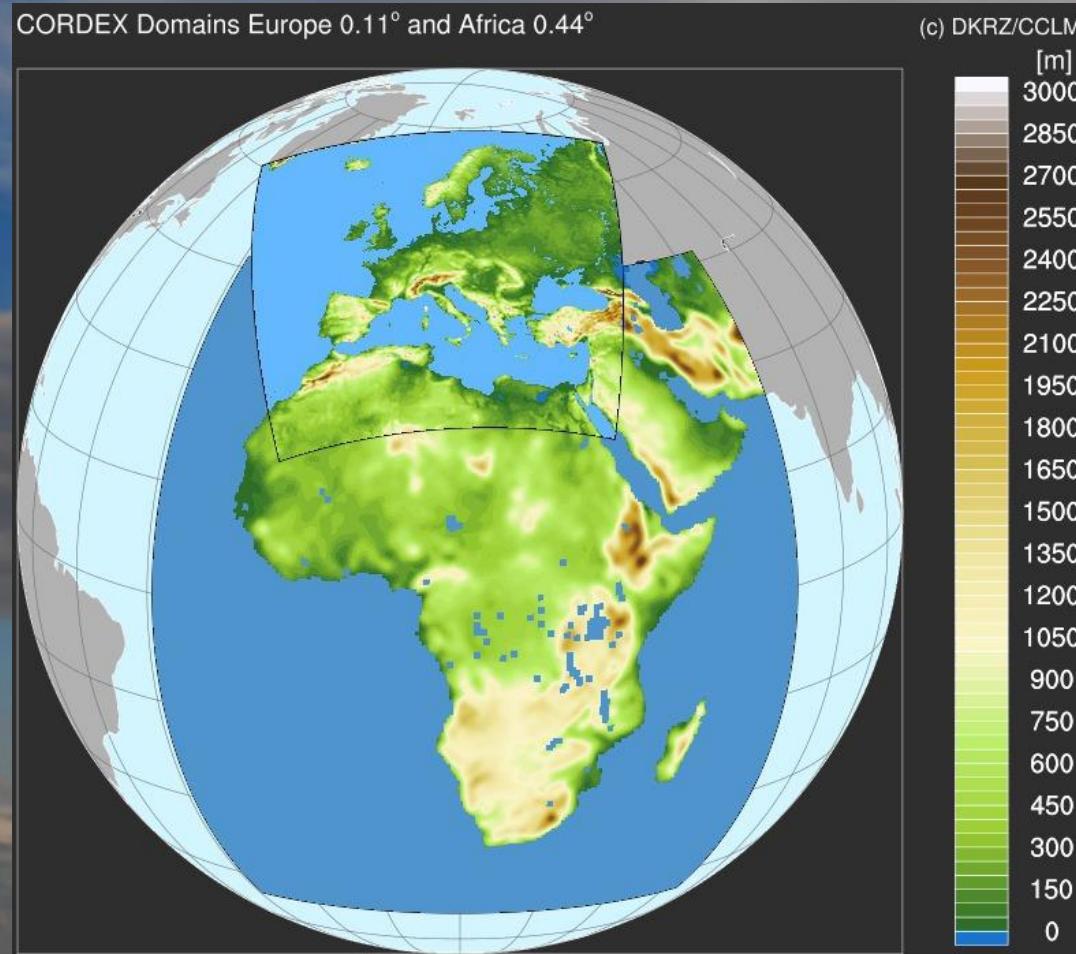


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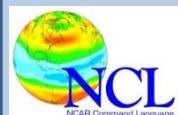
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Display different domains and resolutions on Earth globe



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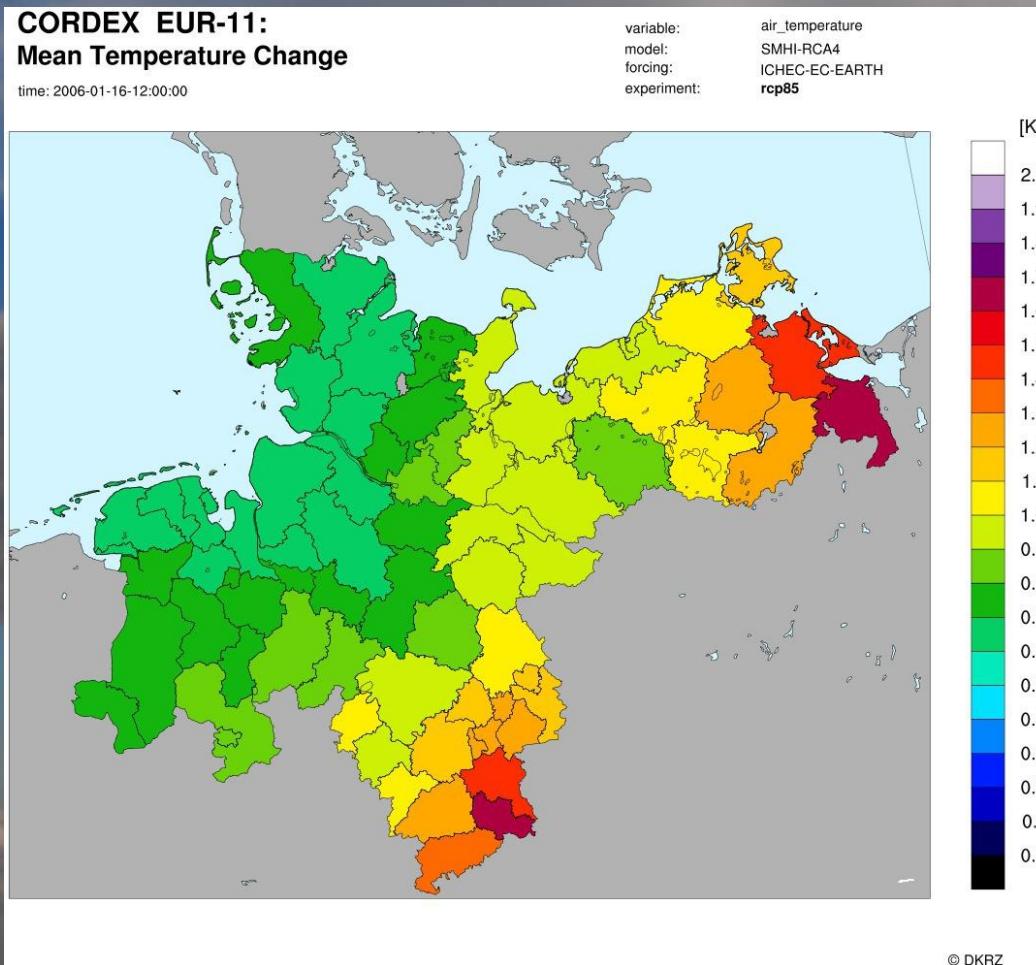


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

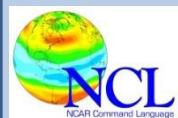
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Use of Shapefiles



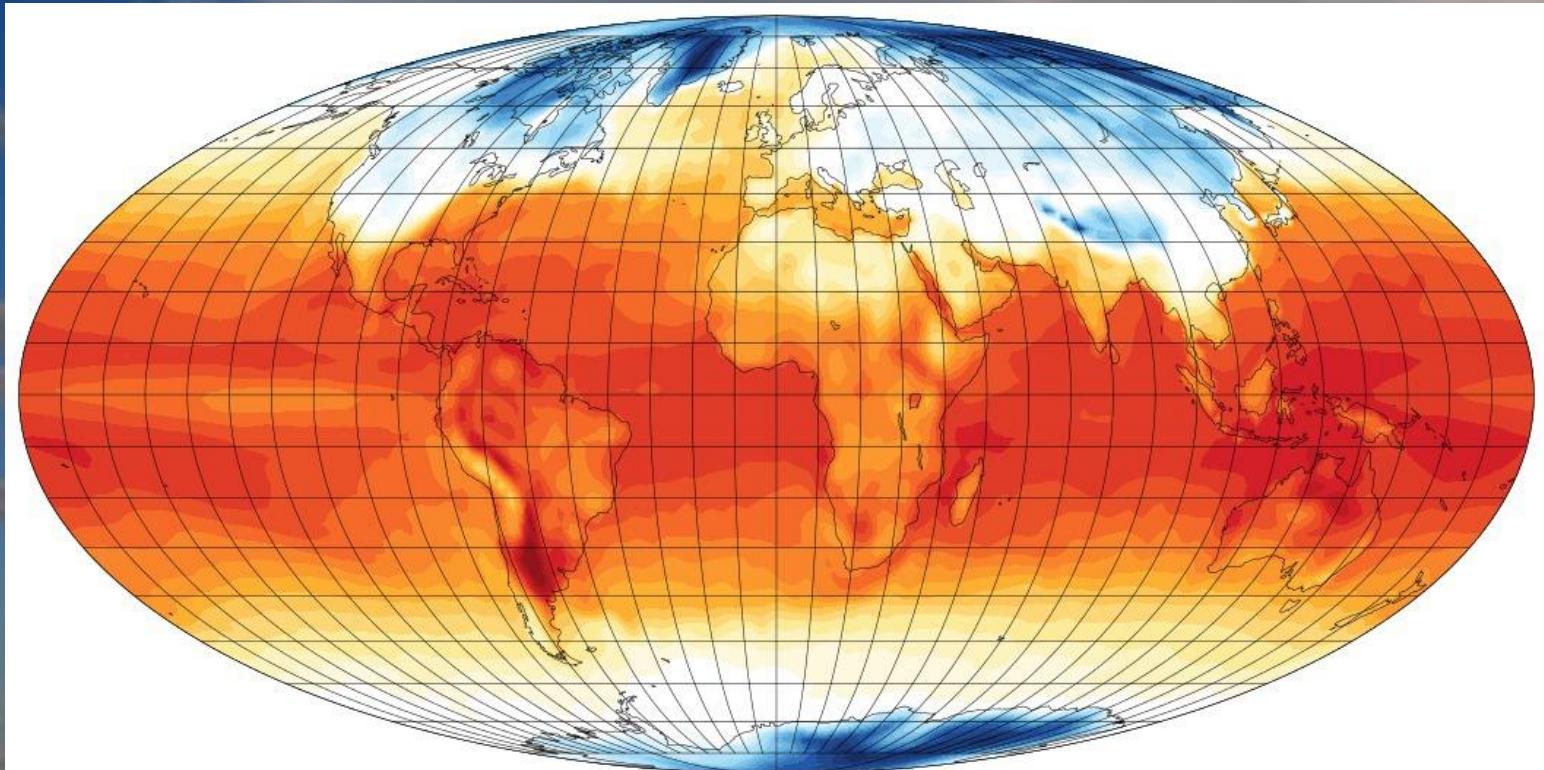
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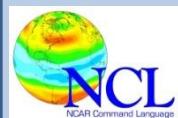
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Mollweide projection and filled contours



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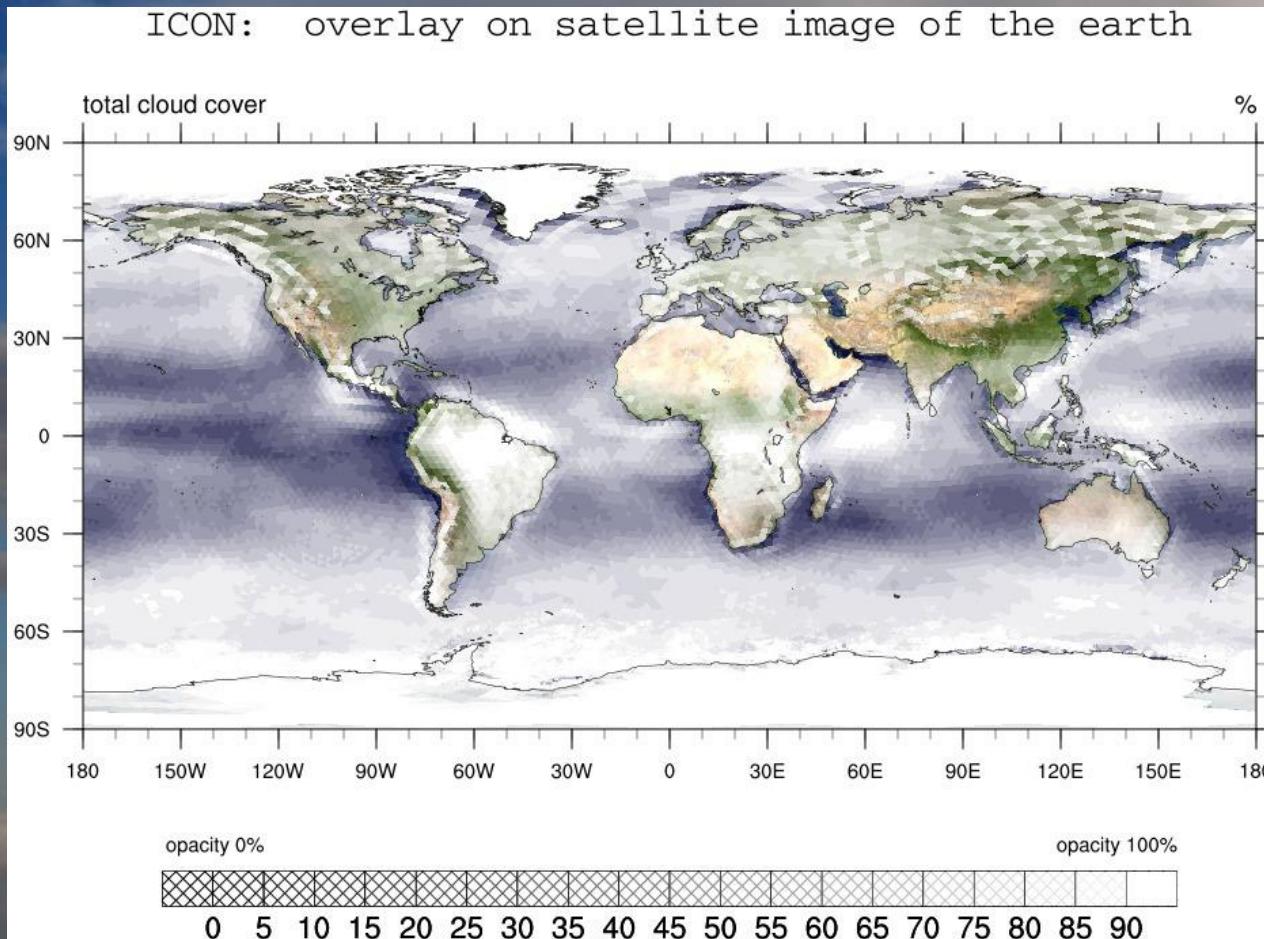


Karin Meier-Fleischer (1), Michael Böttinger (1), and Mary Haley (2)

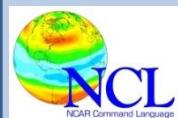
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Use transparency to overlay on Earth topography (JPEG file)



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```
;-- load pre-defined functions and procedures
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_csm.ncl"

begin
  f = addfile("$NCL_TUT/data/ECHAM5_OM_A1B_2001_0101-1001_2D.nc","r")
  u = f->u10(0,:,:)
  v = f->v10(0,:,:)
  t = f->tsurf(0,:,:)

;-- define the workstation (graphic will be written to a file)
  wks_type = "png"          ;-- plot output type
  if(wks_type .eq. "pdf" .or. wks_type .eq."ps") then
    wks_type@wkOrientation = "landscape" ;-- orientation
  else if (wks_type .eq. "png")
    wks_type@wkWidth      = 1920
    wks_type@wkHeight     = 1920
  end if
  end if
  wks = gsn_open_wks(wks_type,"plot_vector_overlay")

;-- set plot resources
  cnres           = True
  cnres@gsnDraw   = False       ; don't draw
  cnres@gsnFrame  = False       ; don't advance frame
  cnres@cnFillOn  = True        ; turn on color
  cnres@cnLinesOn = False       ; no contour lines
  cnres@mpFillOn  = False       ; no map fill
  cnres@cnMinLevelValF = 230.0
  cnres@cnMaxLevelValF = 310.0
  cnres@cnLevelSpacingF = 2.5

  cnres@lbBoxMinorExtentF = 0.3
  cnres@pmLabelBarWidthF = 0.8
```

```
cnres@gnsLeftString      = "surface temperature" ; change left string
cnres@gnsRightString     = t@units                 ; assign right string
cnres@tiMainString       = ""

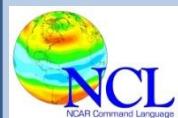
cnres@mpMinLonF          = -120
cnres@mpMaxLonF          = 30
cnres@mpMinLatF          = 0
cnres@mpMaxLatF          = 90

vcres                     = True                  ; vector only resources
vcres@gsnDraw             = False                 ; don't draw
vcres@gsnFrame            = False                 ; don't advance frame
vcres@vcGlyphStyle        = "CurlyVector"        ; curly vectors
vcres@vcRefMagnitudeF    = 20                   ; define vector ref mag
vcres@vcRefLengthF       = 0.045                ; define length of vec ref
vcres@vcRefAnnoOrthogonalPosF = -.535           ; move ref vector into plot
vcres@gnsRightString      = " "                  ; turn off right string
vcres@gnsLeftString       = " "                  ; turn off left string
vcres@tiXAxisString       = " "                  ; turn off axis label

cplot = gsn_csm_contour_map_ce(wks,t,cnres)
vplot = gsn_csm_vector(wks,u,v,vcres)
overlay(cplot,vplot)

draw(cplot)
frame(wks)
end
```

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```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_csm.ncl"

begin
;-- read the data and define
file1 = addfile("$NCL_TUT/data/ECHAM5_OM_A1B_2001_0101-1001_2D.nc","r")
var   = file1->tsurf(0,:,:)

;-- define the workstation (plot type and name)
wks_type = "png"                                ;-- plot output type
if(wks_type .eq. "pdf" .or. wks_type .eq."ps") then
    wks_type@wkOrientation = "landscape"        ;-- orientation
else if (wks_type .eq. "png")
    wks_type@wkWidth      = 1920
    wks_type@wkHeight     = 1920
end if
end if
wks = gsn_open_wks(wks_type,"TUT_contour_filled_map")

;-- set resources
res                  = True
res@gsnSpreadColors = True
res@gsnMaximize     = True

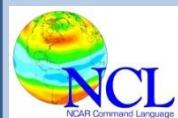
res@cnFillOn         = True          ;-- turn on contour fill
res@cnLinesOn        = False         ;-- turn off contour lines
res@cnLineLabelsOn   = False         ;-- turn off line labels
res@cnLevelSelectionMode = "ManualLevels"           ;-- set contour levels manually
res@cnMinLevelValF  = 250.          ;-- minimum contour level
res@cnMaxLevelValF  = 310.          ;-- maximum contour level
res@cnLevelSpacingF = 1              ;-- contour level spacing

res@lbLabelStride    = 4
res@lbBoxMinorExtentF = 0.15        ;-- decrease the height of the labelbar
```

```
res@tiMainString  = ""          ;-- NO title string
; res@tiMainString = "DKRZ NCL Tutorial Example: filled contour map" ;-- title string
res@tiMainFontHeightF = 0.02
;-- draw the contour map
plot = gsn_csm_contour_map(wks, var, res)

end
```

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```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclex/gsun/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclex/gsun/gsn_csm.ncl"

begin
  diri = "./"
  fili = "$HOME/NCL/DKRZ_workshop/data/ECHAM5_OM_A1B_2001_0101-1001_2D.nc"

  file1 = addfile(diri+fili,"r")
  var   = file1->tsurf(0,:,:)
  units = var@units

  ;-- open a workstation
  wks_type = "png"                      ;-- plot output type
  if(wks_type .eq. "pdf" .or. wks_type .eq."ps") then
    wks_type@wkOrientation = "landscape" ;-- orientation
  else if (wks_type .eq. "png")
    wks_type@wkWidth      = 1920
    wks_type@wkHeight     = 1080
  end if
  end if
  wks = gsn_open_wks(wks_type,"plot_mollweide_projection")

  ;-- set resources
  res           = True
  res@gsnMaximize = True
  res@gsnRightString = ""
  res@gsnLeftString = ""

  res@cnLevelSelectionMode = "ManualLevels"
  res@cnMinLevelValF     = 230.0
  res@cnMaxLevelValF     = 310.0
  res@cnLevelSpacingF    = 2.5

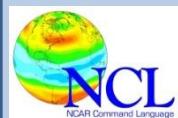
  res@cnFillOn          = True
  res@cnLinesOn          = False

  res@cnLineLabelsOn     = False
  res@lbLabelBarOn       = False
;  res@lbBoxLinesOn      = False
;  res@lbLabelAutoStride = True
  res@mpProjection       = "Mollweide"
  res@mpPerimOn          = False ;-- don't draw the box around the plot
  res@mpGridAndLimbOn    = True
  res@mpGridLatSpacingF  = 10.
  res@mpGridLonSpacingF  = 10.
;  res@mpCenterLatF      = -180.
;  res@mpCenterLonF      = 180.
;  res@tiMainString       = "NCL: Mollweide Projection (tsurf)"

  plot = gsn_csm_contour_map(wks,var,res)

end
```

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```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_csm.ncl"

begin
;-- read the data and define
diri = "$NCL_TUT/data/"
filii = "tos_Omon_MPI-ESM-LR_rcp45_r1i1p1_20060101.nc"

f = addfile(diri+filii,"r")
tos      = f->tos
tos@lat2d = f->lat
tos@lon2d = f->lon
var      = tos(0,:,:,:)           ;-- select first time step

;-- define the workstation (plot type and name)
wks_type = "png"                  ;-- plot output type
if(wks_type .eq. "pdf" .or. wks_type .eq."ps") then
  wks_type@wkOrientation = "landscape" ;-- orientation
else if (wks_type .eq. "png")
  wks_type@wkWidth       = 1920
  wks_type@wkHeight      = 1080
end if
end if
wks = gsn_open_wks(wks_type,"plot_bipolar_grid_MPI-ESM_global")

;-- set resources
res          = True
res@gsnMaximize = True
res@gsnAddCyclic = True
res@gsnLeftString = ""
res@gsnRightString = ""

res@cnFillOn      = True           ;-- turn on contour fill
res@cnFillMode    = "CellFill"
res@cnMonoFillColor = True
```

```
res@cnFillColor      = "yellow"
res@cnFillOpacityF   = 0.5
res@cnLinesOn        = False      ;-- turn lines off
res@cnLineLabelsOn   = False      ;-- turn labels off
res@cnCellFillEdgeColor = 1
res@cnCellFillMissingValEdgeColor = "black"

res@mpProjection     = "Orthographic"
res@mpDataBaseVersion = "MediumRes"
res@mpFillOn          = True
res@mpCenterLonF      = 0
res@mpPerimOn         = False      ;-- don't draw the box around the plot
res@lbLabelBarOn      = False

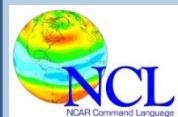
res@tiMainString      = "MPI-ESM grid"

;-- draw the grids
res@mpCenterLatF     = 40
plot = gsn_csm_contour_map(wks,var,res)

res@mpCenterLatF     = -40
plot = gsn_csm_contour_map(wks,var,res)

end
```

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```
begin
-- input file
gridinfofile = "$HOME/data/ICON/grids/r2b4_amip.nc" ;-- grid info file
GridInfoFile = addfile( gridinfofile, "r" ) ;-- add grid file
                                ;-- (not contained in data file!!!!)

-- define the cell polygon points
rad2deg = 45./atan(1.) ;-- radians to degrees
vlon = GridInfoFile->clon_vertices * rad2deg ;-- cell lon vertices
vlon = where(vlon.lt.0, vlon + 360, vlon) ;-- longitude: 0-360
vlat = GridInfoFile->clat_vertices * rad2deg ;-- cell lat vertices
nv = dimsizes(vlon(0,:)) ;-- number of points in polygon

-- open workstation
wks_type = "png" ;-- plot output type
wks_type@wkWidth = 1920 ;-- set workstation width in pixel
wks_type@wkHeight = 1080 ;-- set workstation height in pixel
wks = gsn_open_wks(wks_type,"plot_ICON_edges") ;-- open a workstation

-- set resources
mres = True
mres@gsnDraw = False ;-- don't draw the plot
mres@gsnFrame = False ;-- don't advance the frame
mres@tiMainString = "ICON grid"
mres@vpWidthF = 0.9 ;-- viewport width
mres@vpHeightF = 0.85 ;-- viewport height
mres@vpXF = 0.08 ;-- start x-position
mres@vpYF = 0.9 ;-- start y-position
mres@mpFillOn = True ;-- fill map grey
mres@mpOutlineOn = True ;-- outline map
mres@mpGridLineColor = "grey60" ;-- grid line color
mres@mpGridAndLimOn = False ;-- draw grid lines
mres@mpGeophysicalLineColor = "black" ;-- outline color
mres@mpGeophysicalLineThicknessF = 1.5 ;-- thickness of continental outlines
mres@mpPerimOn = False ;-- don't draw the box around the plot
```

```
mres@mpDataBaseVersion = "MediumRes" ;-- map resolution
mres@mpGreatCircleLinesOn = False ;-- important: v6.2.0 False
mres@mpProjection = "Orthographic" ;-- projection
mres@mpCenterLonF = 38 ;-- center at lon
mres@mpCenterLatF = 40 ;-- center at lat

map = gsn_csm_map(wks,mres) ;-- create the map

-- set polygon resources
pres = True
pres@gsEdgesOn = True ;-- draw polygon edges
pres@gsEdgeColor = "grey20" ;-- polygon outline color
pres@gsFillColor = "yellow" ;-- polygon fill color
pres@gsFillOpacityF = 0.5 ;-- polygon opacity
pres@gsSegments = ispan(0,dimsizes(vlon(:,0)) * 3,3)

gsid = gsn_add_polygon(wks,map,ndtooned(vlon),ndtooned(vlat),pres)

-- create the plot
draw(map)
frame(wks) ;-- draw the map
            ;-- advance the frame

end
```